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Sattat, Saksham aur Sampann Moradabad OR Economically Robust, Progressive and Smart Moradabad

Overview

Moradabad was established in 1600 by Murad, the son of the Mughal Emperor Shahjahan. Moradabad is situated at a distance of 167 km (104 miles) from the national capital, New Delhi, on the bank of River Ram Ganga (a tributary to the great Ganges). Moradabad district lies between 28° 20' and 29° 15' North Latitude and 71° 4' and 71° 6' East Longitude in a rectangular shape. It is bounded by tarai region of district Udham Singh Nagar and district Bijnor in the north, district Budaun in south, district Jyotiba Phule Nagar in west and district Rampur in the east. The average height of the district is 284 mt above sea level. The city is famous for its huge export of brass handicrafts to North America and Europe, thus, it's called 'Brass City' or Peetal Nagri.

The district is administratively divided into 4 tehsils, Moradabad, Kanth, Bilari and Thakurdwara. For implementation of development scheme the district is divided into 8 development blocks, Moradabad, Mundapandey, Bhagatpur Tanda, Bilari, Kundarki, Dilari, Chajlet and Thakurdwara. Total area of the district is 3718 Sq. Km. The rural area covers 3569.7 Sq. Km. and urban recorded 148.3 Sq. Km (http://censusindia.gov.in/2011census/dchb/0904_PART_B_DCHB_MORADABAD.pdf). There are 1017 Gram Panchayats and 1166 revenue villages with 965 inhabited villages and 201 uninhabited villages in the district. In urban area there are 10 statutory towns. Statutory Towns comprise of 02 Nagar Palika Parishad and 04 Nagar Panchayats. The population density is 1284 person per Sq. Km.

Moradabad is a major industrial city and export hub. Its handicrafts industry accounts for more than 40% of total handicraft exports from India.

Physiography

On the basis of geology, soils, topography, climate and natural vegetation, the district is divided into the following Sub-micro regions.

Moradabad Terai: This region is situated on the northern part of the district covering small portions of Thakurdwara and Moradabad tehsils. Its extent is from west-east and slopes towards south. There are numerous streams, which originate from Nainital hills and drain in this tract. These streams are torrential and have wide beds.

Upper Ramganga Plain: The region is situated in the north-eastern part of the district covering mainly Thakurdwara and Moradabad tehsils and partly Bilari tehsil. Physical characteristics of this belt are similar to that of terai. There are numerous streams flowing in this belt these streams originate from the nearby district of Nainital. Some streams originate in this region itself. Most of the tributaries are non-perennial but during rainy season they swell in enormous proportion. Besides Ramganga, other streams are Jabdi, Lapkana, Gangan, Kurka, Dhela etc. The slope is comparatively steep. 200-metre contour passes through this belt. Along the Ramganga river, patches of sand dunes of Bhur are noticed.

Sambhal Plain: This plain is delimited from Amroha plain by 200-metre contour and lies in Bilari tahsils. It has a very gentle slope towards south-east. River Sot is the main source of water in this area. There are a few tributaries in this region, which are the insignificant. A patch of sand dunes may also be seen on the left corner along the district boundary of Budaun. It is a fertile plain. Geologically the region belongs to Alluvium, Dun gravels.

Drainage: The district is drained by two prominent rivers, the Ganga and the Ramganga and their tributaries. There are also some small rivers like Ban, Gangan, Kosi, Dhela etc. and rainy nullah in the district.

Climate: Being in the proximity of Himalayas and Terai swamps the climate of the district is very hot in summer and severe cold in winter. The hot season starts from the beginning of the February and lasts till the middle of June, followed by the rainy season continues till October. From October to middle of November, a brief period of post monsoon prevails in the district. From mid-November to middle of February is the period of winter season. The maximum and minimum temperature recorded 40-45^o C and 35^o C respectively. Thus all the four seasons are well marked of.

Ecological Resources

Forests: Although there is no dense vegetation in any part of the district, Khadar of Ramganga is mostly covered with Palash. In other region, mainly Shisham, Jamun, Semal, Mango and Siras trees are found. In tahsil Sambhal, Kaas (a kind of grass) is found in abundance, which is mainly used for making ban, ropes, mats and stools. Under social forestry scheme, trees are being planted for fuel, wood and other forest produce. No large carnivores are found in the district as forests have thinned by human encroachment. At times, leopard, spotted deer, wild pigs and sambhar can be seen in the northern fringe of the district that enter into this territory probably from the adjoining districts.

Minerals and Mining: From minerals and mining point of view the district has nothing to offer. Kankar (small pieces of stone) is found in some part of Bilari tahsils, which is used for building and road construction work.

Soil: Soil generally found in the district is clay loamy, balui and sandy. In the southern part of district, the soil is fertile and loamy. The North central part of the district is Bhur region where hilly tract of sand is found along with some fertile land in between and the soil is loamy.

Land and Land use pattern: The land level is plain and fertile land. The total net sown area is 1863.93 sq kms (63% of the total geographical area.) Of total area available for cultivation, most of the area is used as double cropped area. Mostly, the land holdings are generally small in size. 99.5 percent of total cultivable area is irrigated.

Agriculture and Crop Pattern: The economy of the district is predominantly based on agriculture, as majority of the population resides in rural areas and their main occupation is agriculture. Kharif and Rabi are the two principal harvests grown in the district. Wheat occupies the predominant place in terms of area and production. Sugarcane is the most important commercial crop in the district. Potato, tobacco, rice and barley are other main crops of the district. There are godowns in the district that are managed by different agencies. The district also houses cold storages for potatoes and fruits. The district also has seed godowns, fertilizer depots, insecticide depots and seed farms.

Irrigation: Irrigation is an important factor for improved agricultural production. Tube wells and canals are the major source of irrigation in the district. The area is irrigated through canals, government tube wells, private tube wells, ponds, well and by other sources.

Animal Husbandry: After agriculture, animal husbandry is the main occupation in rural areas of the district. The district has a total livestock population of 980227. There are various animals in the district like cows, poultry, buffaloes, sheep, goats, horses, ponies, and pigs. The district also has artificial insemination centres, sub-centres veterinary hospitals, animal welfare centres and pig development centres for the improvement in the breed of cattle and poultry, for the prevention and treatment of animal deceases and the control of epidemics. There is also a factory for producing infant milk food in Dalpatpur, Mundha Pandey block of the district. To improve breed of animals and making white revolution a success, many development programmes are being run in the district.

Fishery: Fish are found in the rivers, ohils, ponds and artificial reservoirs of the district. The common being rohu, karonds, khursa, nain, catla, rewa, sol, girai, patra, tengra, parhin and singhi. Ponds are given on lease to fishermen by the district authorities. Fishery department also has a pond which is used for pisciculture.

Economic Resources

Industry: The district has been industrially backward yet the industrial development has caught on with the expansion of traditional handicrafts and small-scale industries, the products are not only sold countrywide but are also exported abroad. The brass art objects, utility articles and utensils are exported to the USA, West Germany, Canada, Iran, Iraq, Egypt, UK and other European and southeast countries. The manufacturing of brass articles occupies the foremost position in the manufacturing activities of the district and is concentrated in Moradabad town, which has earned the nickname of 'Pital Nagri' for itself. The production of western type combs, toys and beautiful show pieces are the latest addition to the array of products of this industry. To provide ample opportunities for the expansion of these industries in the district, the state Government had established a UP State Brass Ware Corporation in 1972. This institution has not only been helping these industries in procurement of raw material but also in marketing of their products at remunerative rates in India and abroad. The infrastructure built up by the development of brass industry includes the development of other small-scale industries. The manufacture of stainless steel and aluminium utensils is catching up hastily and numerous such units have come up. There are factories that are registered under Factory Act of 1948.

Export: Countries like Britain, the US, Middle East Asia, Germany and Canada import brassware from Moradabad. In Moradabad there are about 600 export units and 9000 industries in the district. Moradabad exports goods worth INR 4500 crore yearly. Many other products for example, iron sheet, metal wares, aluminum, artworks and glassware are also exported as per the needs of foreign buyers. Mint export worth several crores is taking place from Moradabad. These products are quite famous in overseas markets and are being exported in thousands of crores yearly. Due to upsurge of exports and popularity overseas particularly in America, Europe, Italy and other countries, a large No. of exporters are launching their units and started their export. Moradabad is one of the seven industrial corridors declared by the State Government in Industrial Policy 1999-2002.

Special Economic Zone: Moradabad Special Economic Zone (SEZ) the only Uttar Pradesh Government Developed SEZ in northern India, headed by the Development Commissioner, Noida SEZ and locally governed by the Assistant Development Commissioner, was set up in 2003 at Pakbara – Dingarpur Road in Moradabad on a 421.56 acres plot of land. Government of UP through UPSIDC has so far invested a sum of INR 1100 million on the development of the SEZ project. Moradabad SEZ provides excellent infrastructure, supportive services and sector specific facilities for the Handicraft Trade. Proximity to Delhi/NCR and availability of skilled and dedicated manpower makes it ideal for setting up various industries in Handicrafts & its allied fields. Moradabad SEZ was operationalized in April 2007 when it started with only one unit, however, till today in spite of global slowdown in the handicraft trade in the past four years; this zone has now 22 operational Units. Moradabad SEZ has 465 developed plots of varying sizes. Future expansion of this has been strategically planned and soon it will be available for few more export sectors.

Infrastructure supportive services and trade related facilities have been substantially upgraded in the last few years. Moradabad SEZ offers access to global telecommunication network, uninterrupted power supply and efficient local transport system. An ultra-modern RSU Telephone Exchange has been installed in the Zone, besides the availability of all the mobile frequencies in and around the zone through various mobile communication towers. Since an independent feeder line has been provided for uninterrupted power supply, the reliability and quality of power supply has improved with the pre-commissioned 32 / 11 KVA / 5.0 MVA Power Sub-station within Moradabad SEZ. Proximity to Delhi/ NCR provides easy access to financial and commercial infrastructure of the capital. Customs Wing ensures prompt and on the spot clearances of export/import consignments through web based system called "Sez online".

Transport: The district is connected by rail network. There is double railway line between Moradabad and Rampur. There are number of railway stations in the district. The district is also well connected by road transport as major national highway and state highways pass through the district. Means of road transport available in the district are State Road Transport Corporation buses and private buses, taxi, jeeps, trucks etc. The district has a total road network of 2063 km.

Electricity and Power. All the 10 towns of the district are electrified, 952 villages (98.6 percent), out of 965 inhabited villages are electrified by central electricity authorities. The consumption of electricity is in the fields of domestic light sector, commercial sector, industrial sector, public light sector, agriculture sector and public water supply and sewerage system etc. The government and private tube wells and pump sets have been electrified.

Purpose of the Exercise: To develop an SDG integrated district plan for the district of Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh.

Broad Methodology

- 1) Meeting with State Planning Department to identify Moradabad as a district to develop a model plan.
- 2) Meetings with District Magistrate and Chief Development Officer in Moradabad to initiate discussions on SDGs and way ahead for developing the model plan.
- 3) Identification of nodal departments by the DM for initiating this work. Thirty-one nodal departments were selected. (List attached in annexure 1)
- 4) Awareness cum sensitization workshop on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and India Vision 2022 organized for the department officials of Moradabad district on 17th March 2018 in the Collectorate office, Moradabad. The workshop was chaired by the CDO, by Ms. C. Indumati. This workshop was the first step towards informing the departments about the 2030 agenda and what steps are needed for developing an integrated plan. The workshop was attended by sixteen departments out of the twenty-three departments that were invited.

Some of the takeaways from the workshop were-

- Schemes should follow a demand based approach instead of a supply based approach.
- The disaggregated data and data that is relevant needs to be collected from the field.
- E data needs to be collected from all departments.
- Spatial mapping of scheme benefits across all blocks/HH needs to be done to see if the distribution of benefits is spread evenly



5) Mapping of goals and targets that are relevant to district

There are a total of 17 Sustainable Development goals of which only Two SDGs i.e. Goal 14 – Life Below Water and Goal 17- Partnerships the district.

6) There are also 169 targets for all the 17 Goals. Of these, a total of 80 district level as they are either global targets or thematic targets the national or state level. (List attached in annexure 2.)



15 are relevant to the district.
for the Goals are not applicable to

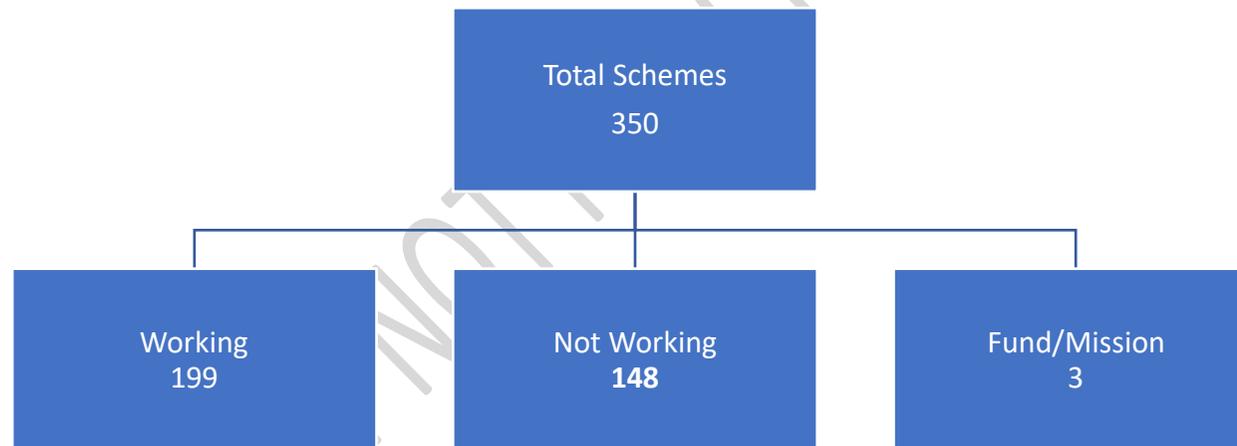
targets are not applicable at the
which can need to be covered at

APPLICABLE GOAL AND TARGET NUMBERS

15 out of
17 goals

89 out of
169 targets

- 7) WWF India collected information related to number of schemes listed department wise in UP. A total of 350 schemes were listed as per Government websites and documents. These schemes were then mapped department wise. There are a total of 78 departments in the state as per the UP Government website. Of these there are 47 departments which do not function at the district level or have no bearing on the development and planning process of the district. (List attached in annexure 8). Data has been collected from 31 departments.
- 8) We also checked to see the total number of working schemes in Moradabad. Till date we have information that 199 schemes are working in the district in 2017-18. The rest are currently not functioning in the district.



The classification of schemes has been listed below:

| Name of the department | Schemes Classification | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---|---|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Total no. of Schemes | Schemes that are similar therefore have been clubbed ** | Total Schemes after schemes have been Clubbed | Schemes Working | Schemes Not Working | Fund Allocation Scheme/ Mission |
| Women and Child Department | 19 | | 19 | 12 | 7 | |
| Agriculture/Horticulture | 34 | | 34 | 19 | 15 | - |
| Animal Husbandry/ Dairy | 35 | - | 35 | 29 | 6 | - |
| Handicraft Department | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| Cane Development & Sugar * | 21 | - | 21 | 9 | 12 | - |
| Higher Education | 13 | - | 13 | - | 13 | - |
| Energy (+Additional Energy) | 11 | - | 11 | 5 | 6 | - |
| Fisheries Department | 12 | - | 12 | 6 | 6 | - |
| Food and Civil Supplies* | 6 | - | 6 | 6 | - | - |
| Forest Department | 21 | - | 21 | 3 | 18 | - |
| Ground Water/ Minor Irrigation | 19 | | 19 | 12 | 7 | |
| Infrastructure & Industrial Development | 7 | - | 7 | 5 | 2 | - |
| Irrigation and Water Resources | 6 | - | 6 | 1 | 5 | - |
| Labour | 21 | - | 21 | 17 | 4 | - |
| Medical Health and Family | 10 | - | 10 | 9 | 1 | - |
| Panchayati Raj* | 16 | | 16 | 5 | 9 | 2 |

| Name of the department | Schemes Classification | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|---|---|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Total no. of Schemes | Schemes that are similar therefore have been clubbed ** | Total Schemes after schemes have been Clubbed | Schemes Working | Schemes Not Working | Fund Allocation Scheme/ Mission |
| Rural Development | 10 | - | 10 | 8 | 1 | 1 |
| Basic /Secondary Education | 7 | - | 7 | 4 | 3 | - |
| Social Welfare | 16 | - | 16 | 9 | 7 | - |
| Training and Employment | 7 | - | 7 | 4 | 3 | - |
| Town and Country Planning | 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - |
| Moradabad Development Authority | 6 | - | 6 | 3 | 3 | - |
| Disability | 19 | - | 19 | 12 | 7 | - |
| Minority Welfare | 6 | - | 6 | 5 | 1 | - |
| Public Work Department | 7 | - | 7 | 7 | 0 | - |
| Small Scale Industries | 11 | - | 11 | 6 | 5 | - |
| Khadi | 6 | - | 6 | 2 | 4 | - |
| Total | 350 | 0 | 350 | 199 | 148 | 3 |

*Schemes which have sub schemes and are listed separately

9) Mapping of working schemes vis a vis relevant SDG targets

All the department wise schemes were mapped with the SDG targets. Data was also taken from documents like the NITI Aayog SDG Mapping Document and UP SDG Mapping Document. The document with Schemes mapped against SDG Targets has been attached in Annexure 3.

10) Listing of SDG targets that are not being covered by any schemes

During the mapping it was seen that some of the targets are not being covered by any schemes. The list has been attached as annexure 5.

11) Listing of schemes that are not contributing to any targets

There are about 19 schemes that do not contribute to any target. List attached in annexure 6.

12) Data Collection

Multiple rounds of data collection from 31 departments have been done. Two types of data sheets circulated in the departments i.e. infrastructure/ amenities related and beneficiary related. (see annexure 7)

13) Data of 84 schemes have been collected for the 2017-18. Data for the remaining working schemes have not been made available despite repeated requests. Of the 84 schemes for which data has been made available, there is village level beneficiary data for 34 schemes, block level data for 8 schemes and district level data for 36 schemes. A table given below indicates the data availability and type of data provided. A detailed list for schemes for which data has been collected is attached separately in annexure 9

| Name of the department | Total no. of Schemes | Schemes Working | Schemes for which data is available | | | | | No. of schemes for which data is not available |
|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | | Total Schemes | District Wise Data | Block Wise Data | Panchayat Wise Data | Revenue Village Wise Data | |
| Women and Child Department | 19 | 12 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 10 |
| Agriculture/Horticulture | 34 | 19 | 10 | 2 | - | - | 8 | 9 |

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| Name of the department | Total no. of Schemes | Schemes Working | Schemes for which data is available | | | | | No. of schemes for which data is not available |
|---|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | | Total Schemes | District Wise Data | Block Wise Data | Panchayat Wise Data | Revenue Village Wise Data | |
| Animal Husbandry/ Dairy | 35 | 29 | 7 | 2 | 2 | - | 3 | 22 |
| Handicraft Department | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 0 |
| Cane Development & Sugar * | 21 | 9 | 9 | 9 | - | - | - | 0 |
| Higher Education | 13 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| Energy (+Additional Energy) | 11 | 5 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | 1 |
| Fisheries Department | 12 | 6 | 5 | - | - | - | 5 | 1 |
| Food and Civil Supplies* | 6 | 6 | 6 | - | - | 6 | - | 0 |
| Forest Department | 21 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | 0 |
| Ground Water/ Minor Irrigation | 19 | 12 | 5 | - | - | - | 5 | 7 |
| Infrastructure & Industrial Development | 7 | 5 | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 3 |
| Irrigation and Water Resources | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 0 |
| Labour | 21 | 17 | 8 | - | - | - | 8 | 9 |
| Medical Health and Family | 10 | 9 | 3 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 6 |
| Panchayati Raj* | 16 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | 0 | 2 |
| Rural Development | 10 | 8 | 1 | 0 | 1 | - | - | 7 |
| Basic/Secondary Education | 7 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 1 | - | - | 0 |

| Name of the department | Total no. of Schemes | Schemes Working | Schemes for which data is available | | | | | No. of schemes for which data is not available |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | | Total Schemes | District Wise Data | Block Wise Data | Panchayat Wise Data | Revenue Village Wise Data | |
| Social Welfare | 16 | 9 | 7 | 4 | - | - | 3 | 2 |
| Training and Employment | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | 1 |
| Town and Country Planning | 3 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | NA |
| Moradabad Development Authority | 6 | 3 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| Disability | 19 | 12 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 12 |
| Minority Welfare | 6 | 5 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Public Work Department | 7 | 7 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| Small Scale Industries | 11 | 6 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| Khadi | 6 | 2 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Total | 350 | 199 | 84 | | 8 | 6 | 34 | 115 |

Challenges in Data collection

- No uniformity in scheme wise data availability- Beneficiary / Panchayat Level/ Block level/ District Data
- E Data is not available
- Data available online on the National Centre for Geo Informatics Website needs to manually entered which is quite time consuming

14) GIS Mapping of scheme wise Beneficiaries

The following GIS Map layers for the district have been sourced.

- Land use and Land cover
- Watershed
- Road Network
- District/Block/Village Boundaries

Schemes for which beneficiary data is available is being mapped on block level maps for the district.

Additionally, we have also shown the decadal change of land use in Pilibhit district

15) SDG targets have been segregation as per their intent-

- Access to Essential Services
- Equity and Fairness
- Conservation, Environment and Sustainability
- Economic and Social Wellbeing

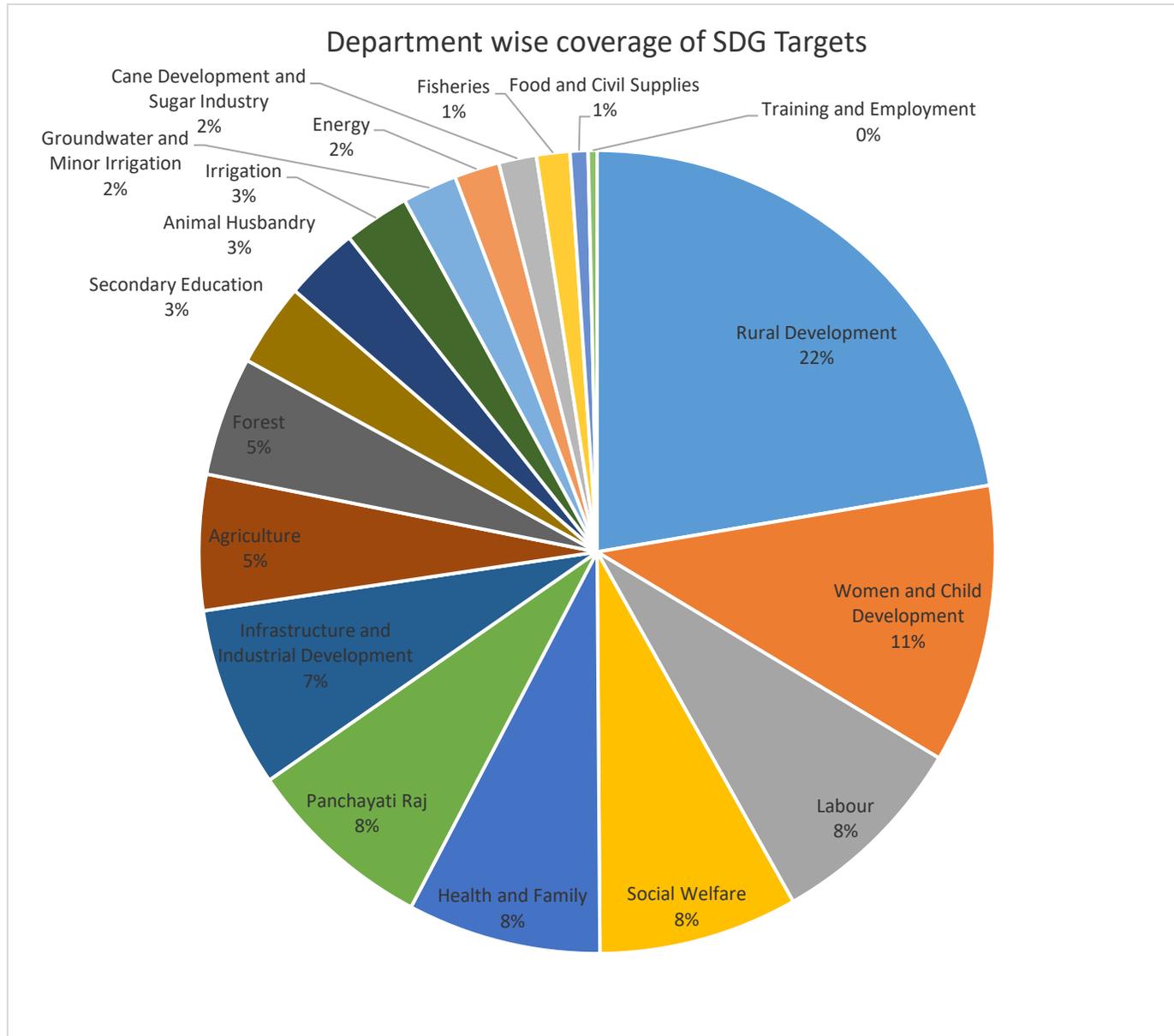
Mapping of schemes against these four heads has also been done

SOME FINDINGS

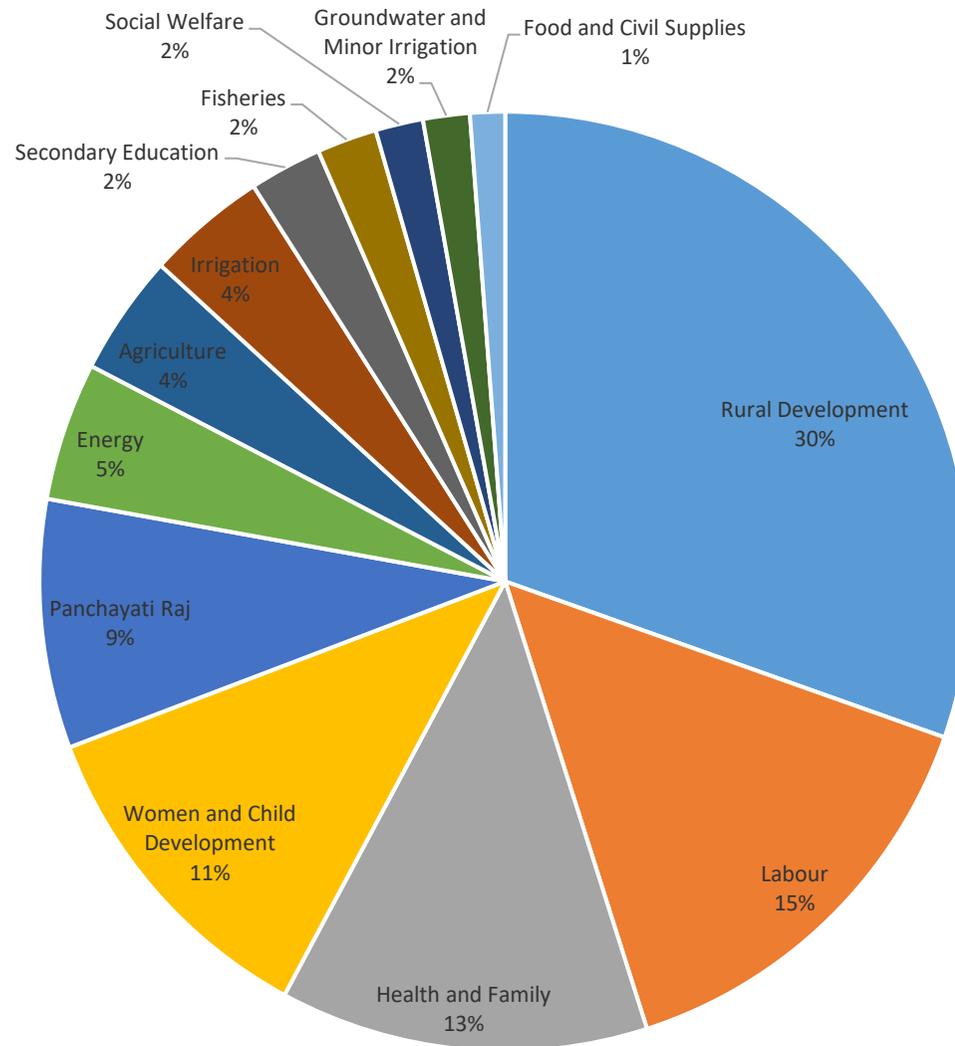
SDG targets were also segregated into four heads as mentioned earlier in point 15. The analysis also shows that

1. Department of rural development, women and child and labour contribute most to SDG targets

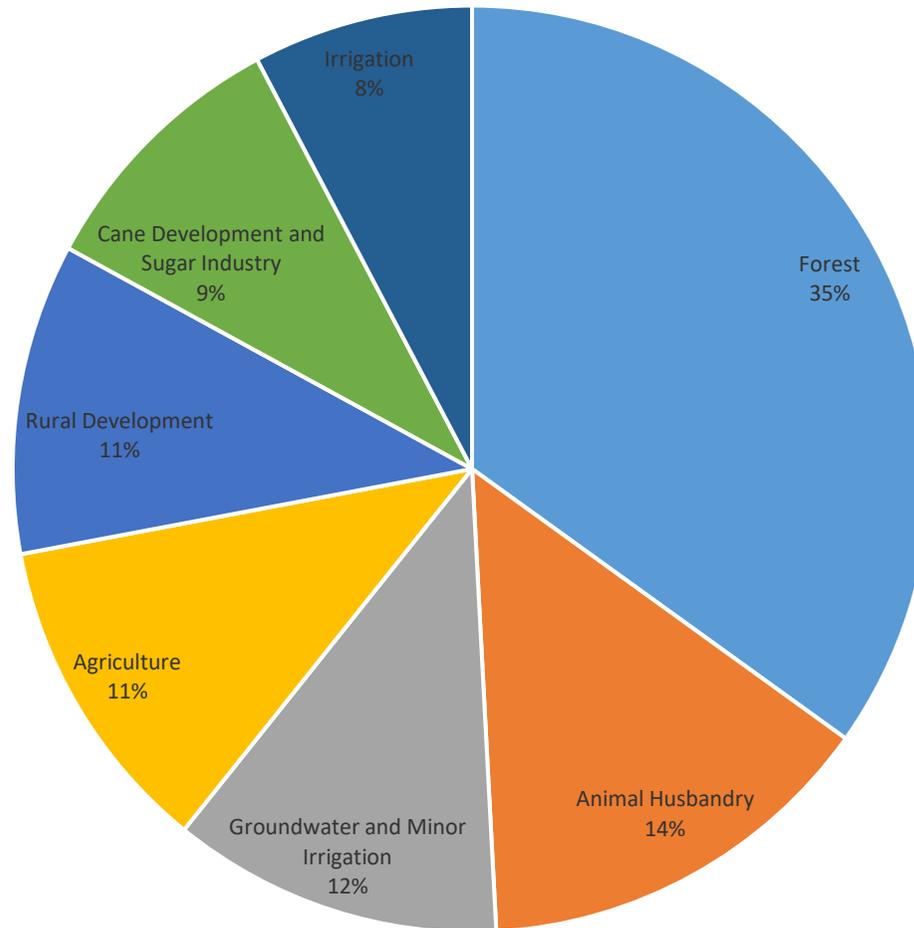
See the pie charts given in separate pages



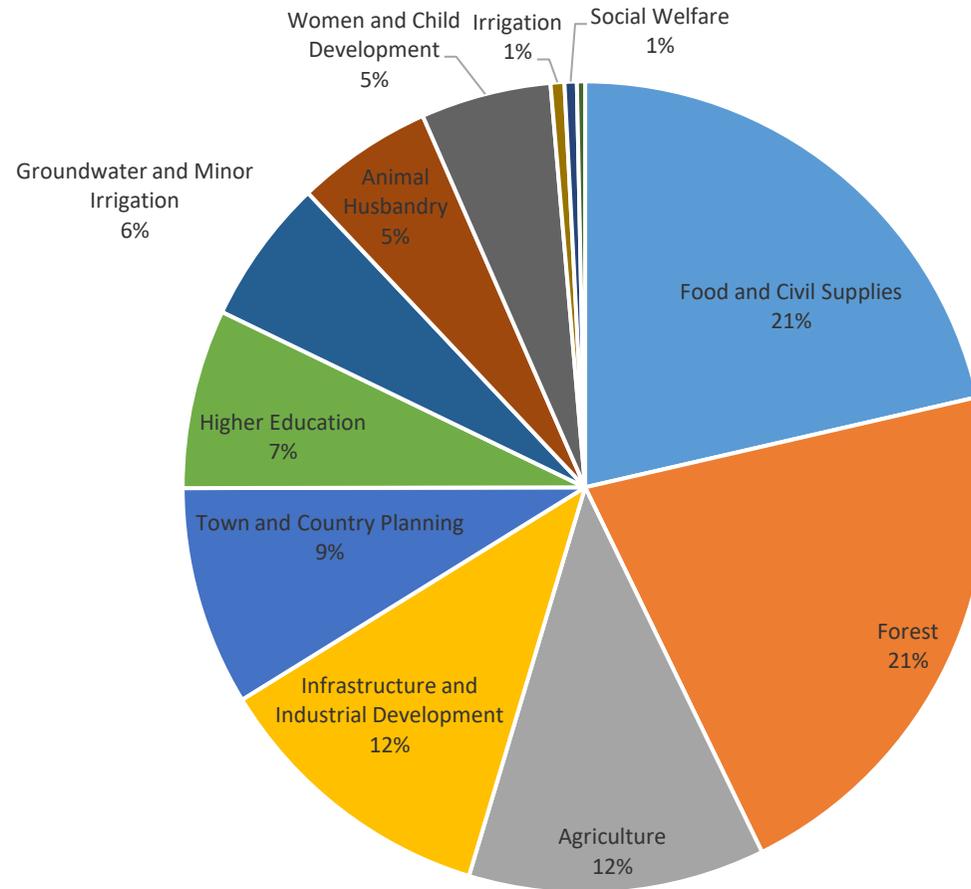
Department wise coverage of targets contributing to creating Access to Essential Services



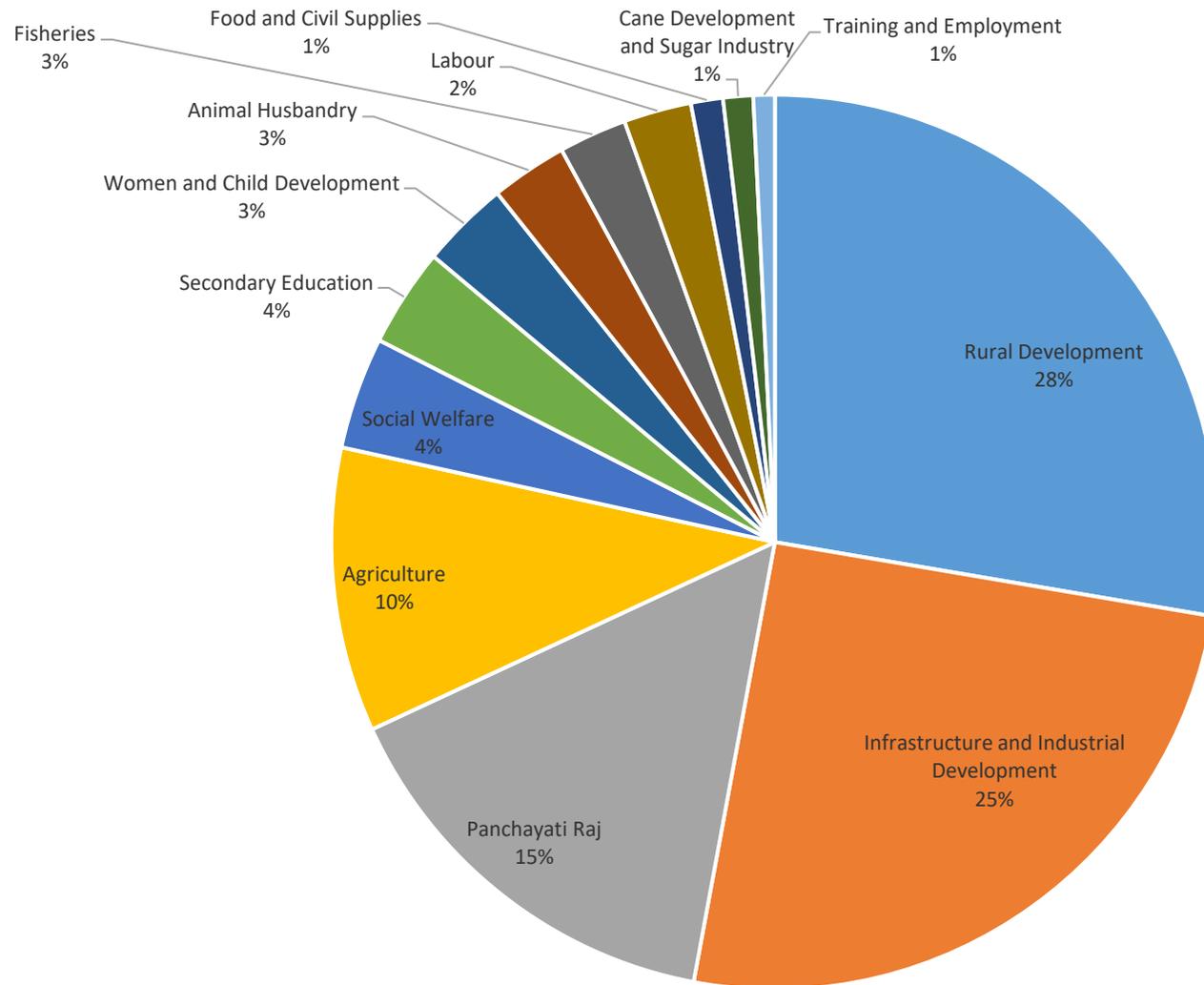
Department wise coverage of targets contributing to Conservation, Environment & Sustianability



Department wise coverage of targets contributing to creating Equity & Fairness

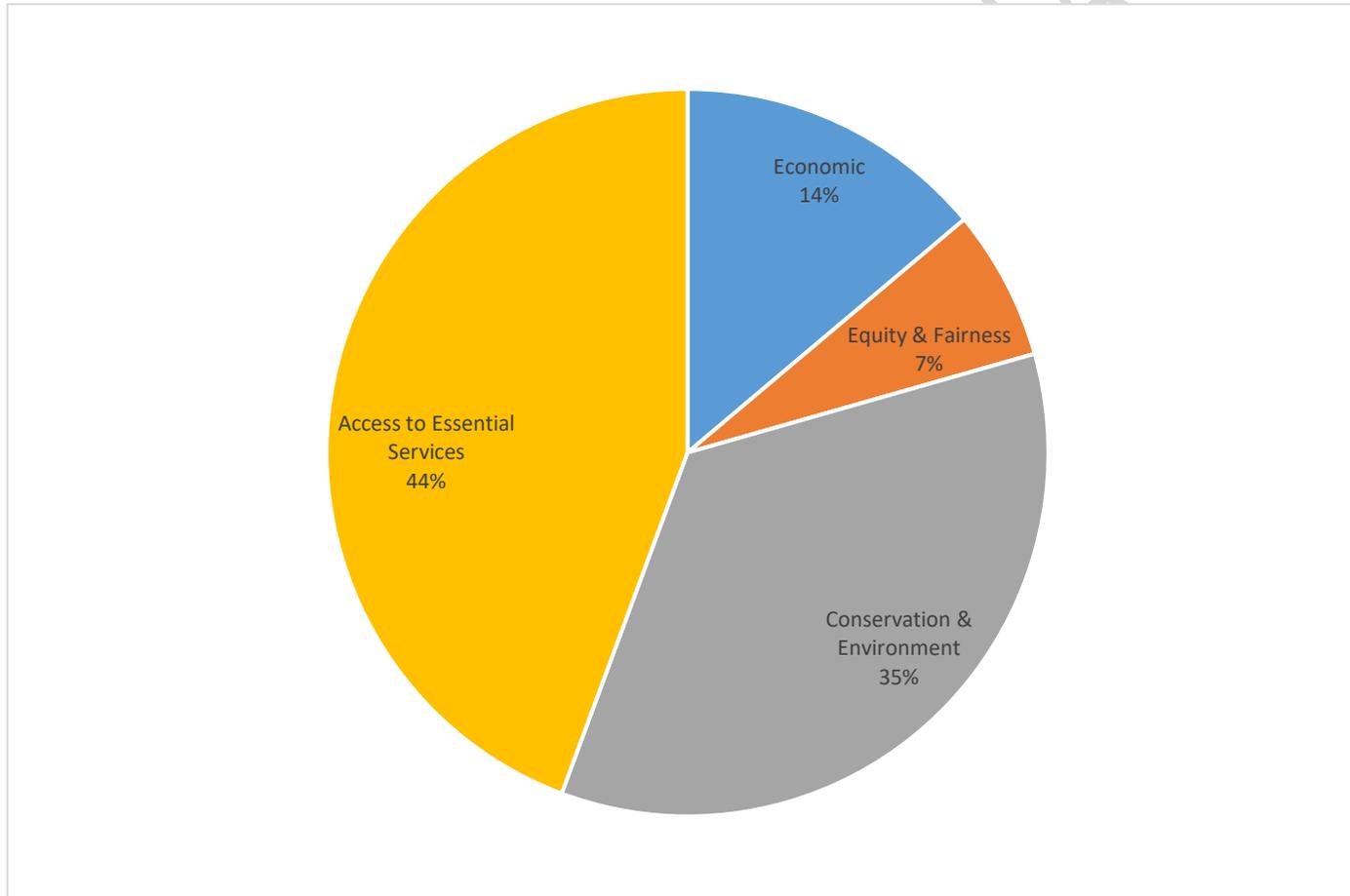


Department wise coverage of targets contributing to Economic & Social Wellbeing



A survey was conducted in the district to assess the people's opinion on how they want their district to develop and what should be the priority of the district.

The people in the district want access to essential services and a better environment as well as policies that can conserve the environment.



Coverage Analysis of Beneficiary Level Schemes for 2017-18

A coverage analysis of beneficiary level schemes for 2017-18 for one block. Some of the findings of the analysis are

Munda PandeBlock, Moradabad District–

Total Villages -- 118

- 1) For village has 13 schemes working in that village
- 2) Majority of villages have 8 schemes working in the villages
- 3) 6 villages have only one scheme working in them
- 4) 4 villages have no schemes working
- 5) 12 villages are un-inhabited villages

Mordabad City

Moradabad has a Moradabad Development authority and Nagar Nigam. It has also been proposed as a smart city under the smart city mission. Some of the SDG Targets are also being covered under the schemes of these departments and under the smart city plan.

Some of the components of the smart city plan are-

| Description of Components | Targets |
|--|------------|
| Brass Research & Skill Development Centre with brass industry at MHSC | 9.b |
| Career Mitra for Employment in Brass Industry at Peeli Kothi | 8.3 |
| Brass Wastewater Treatment Plan from brass waste water network development | 6.3, 9.4 |
| Brass Particle Remover Plant from brass waste and disposal from Brass waste | 9.4 |
| E waste Treatment Plant | 12.5, 11.6 |
| Metal Recovery Plant from E waste | 9.4 |
| CSIR-CECRI approved furnace to brass industries for improved health of artisans and economic benefit | 9.4 |

| | |
|--|----------|
| Pedestrian Infrastructure & Street Furniture for providing safe movement | 11.2 |
| Development of Smart Road with efficient NMT services & smart features on Budh Bazaar Road | 9.1 |
| Beautification and Development of Bank of River Ramganga with recreational facilities and cultural calendar | 11.7 |
| Streetscaping, Street Furniture, Urban Nodes, Open space development | 9.1,11.7 |
| Redevelopment & Beautification of Parks to increase green cover with year round cultural calendar and activity chart | 11.7 |
| Solar Roof Top On Government Buildings | 7.2 |
| Solar High Mast Light at junctions and public places | 7.2 |
| Solar Lantern for street vendors | 7.2 |
| Piped Gas Distribution Network in city to provide green energy for industrial, commercial and personal use with CNG Gas stations | 7.1 |
| LED based smart Street Light | 7.1 |
| Solar based Water ATMs in city | 7.2 |
| Distribution Network of treated water from CETP & STP | 6.3 |
| Rain water Harvesting | 6.a |
| Solar Based Smart Toilets with Zero Disposal | 7.2 |
| On street Parking using containers at the height of 6m above roads | 7.2 |
| Off street Parking using containers on roadside | 7.2 |
| Underground Parking at Company Bagh | |
| Junction Improvement, Signal provisions, Safety Provisions, Road Maintenance and Road Infrastructure Improvement | 11.2 |
| PAN CITY | |
| Intelligent Traffic Management System to provide safe, reliable and fast movement | 11.2 |
| Corridors and Route Development with feeder services of last mile connectivity for existing transport system | 9.1 |
| Traffic Signal & Accessories for traffic management | 11.2 |
| Junction Re-engineering & improvements | 11.2 |
| Surveillance System with Edge devices & sensors at Mid Block and Traffic Analytics Simulation and Modelling- TIA software | 11.2 |
| Capacity Building for Traffic Management | 11.2 |
| Area Traffic Control System with Traffic Violations Detection System (TVDS) E Challan | 11.2 |
| Variable Message Signs For Road Safety improvement | 11.2 |
| Decentralised Solid Waste Management (Door to Door) with GPS & RFID based Bins and awareness program | 12.5 |

| | |
|---|------|
| Air & Water Quality Monitoring Stations at Harthala, Delhi Rod, Peetal Nagri, Duptyganj and Transport Nagar | 11.6 |
|---|------|

Analysis of Priority Schemes

The analysis of schemes versus SDG targets was done. Schemes contributing to three or more targets were listed out. The targets have been categorized wise scheme mapping has been taken from

- NITI Aayog August 2018 Mapping documents – Green Font
- Mapping done by WWF India – Yellow Font
- Targets mentioned in the UP SDG Mapping document but not applicable as per WWF India– Red font

| List of Priority Schemes | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|---|
| Scheme | Department | Targets | Goals |
| ICDS | Women & Child Development | 9 (2.1, 2.2, 3.1,3.2, 3.7, 3.8, 4.2, 5.1,5.6) | 4 (Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health & Well Being, Goal 4: Quality Education, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | Rural Development | 8(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.a, 8.3,8.5,8.6, 10.1) | 3 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth,Goal 10 : Reduce Inequality) |
| Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS) | Rural Development | 5(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4, 11.1) | 2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities) |
| Widow Pension (SSS) | Women & Child Development | 5 (1.1,1.3,5.1, ,5.a) | 2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) | Rural Development | 5(6.1,6.3,6.4,6.5,6.6) | 1 (Goal 6: Clean Water & Sanitation) |
| Project Tiger (CSS) | Forest Department | 4(15.1,15.2,15.5,15.7) | 1(Goal 15: Life on Land) |

| | | | |
|---|---|------------------------|--|
| Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats (CSS) | Forest Department | 4(15.1,15.2,15.5,15.7) | 1(Goal 15: Life on Land) |
| National Family Benefit Scheme(JSS) | Social Welfare | 4(1.1,1.2,1.3, 5.4) | 2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, | Secondary Education | 4(1.a,4.1,4.4, 4.a) | 2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 4: Quality Education) |
| Government Girls Hostel Scheme | Secondary Education | 4(1.a,4.1,4.5, 4.a) | 2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 4: Quality Education) |
| Sarva Shiska Abhiyan | Basic Education | 4(1.a,4.1,4.5, 4.a) | 2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 4: Quality Education) |
| PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] | Infrastructure & Industrial Development | 4(1.1,8.3,8.5,8.6) | 3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS) | Rural Development | 4(1.4,9.1,9.4,10.3) | 3(Goal 1: No poverty, Goal 9: Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure, Goal 10 : Reduce Inequality) |
| Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Labour | 4(2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2) | 3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 4: Quality Education) |
| Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(Workshop) | Medical Health & Family Welfare | 4(2.1,2.2,3.1, 5.1) | 3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| National Food Security Mission (CSS) | Food & Civil Supplies | 3(1.3,2.1,2.2) | 2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 2: Zero Hunger) |
| Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Labour | 3 (2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2) | 2(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being,) |
| State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) | Medical Health & Family Welfare | 3(3.1,3.7,5.6) | 2(Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |

| | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---|
| Swachh Bharat Mission | Panchayati Raj | 3(3.3,6.2, 6.b, 11.3) | 3 (Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation, Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities) |
| Sanitary Napkin | Panchayati Raj | 3(4.4,6.2,8.6) | 2(Goal 4: Quality Education, Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation, Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth) |

Out of these schemes it has been shown that that 8 working schemes contribute to many targets and thus these schemes need more allocation of funds so that their coverage can be enhanced. This will ensure that the contribution to SDGs and overall inclusive and sustainable development of the district can be achieved.

1. ICDS
2. MNREGS
3. PMEGP
4. Child benefit scheme
5. SIFPSA
6. Swach Bharat
7. Sanitary Napkin
8. PM Maitritva Vandana

Mapping of State Indicators with the Priority Schemes

We have also mapped the state indicators with these priority schemes

| List of Priority Schemes | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|---|---|
| Scheme | Department | UP State Indicators | Targets | Goals |
| ICDS | Women & Child Development | 1) Percentage of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services 2) Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition 3) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 4) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated 5) Percentage of children in grade 3 malnutrition | 9 (2.1, 2.2, 3.1,3.2, 3.7, 3.8, 4.2, 5.1,5.6) | 4 (Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health & Well Being, Goal 4: Quality Education, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | Rural Development | 1) Percentage of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGA 2) Percentage of SC/ST/women getting wage employment | 8(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4, 8.3,8.5,8.6, 10.1) 1.a has been deleted by WWF however is in the Mapping done by Niti Aayog | 3 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth, Goal 10 : Reduce Inequality) |
| Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS) | Rural Development | 1) Percentage of HH covered in rural areas | 5(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4, 11.1) | 2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities) |
| Widow Pension (SSS) | Women & Child Development | 1) Percentage of widows covered | 4 (1.1,1.3,5.1,5.a) | 2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) | Rural Development | Prop. of rural habitations fully covered with drinking water supply | 5(6.1,6.3,6.4,6.5,6.6) | 1 (Goal 6: Clean Water & Sanitation) |

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| | | | | |
|---|---|---|------------------------|---|
| Project Tiger (CSS) | Forest Department | Area covered under protected habitats | 4(15.1,15.2,15.5,15.7) | 1(Goal 15: Life on Land) |
| Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats (CSS) | Forest Department | Area covered under protected habitats | 4(15.1,15.2,15.5,15.7) | 1(Goal 15: Life on Land) |
| National Family Benefit Scheme(JSS) | Social Welfare | Percentage of BPL households covered | 4(1.1,1.2,1.3, 5.4) | 2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] | Infrastructure & Industrial Development | 1) No. of MSME unit set up 2) No. of Employment generated | 4(1.1,8.3,8.5,8.6) | 3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Labour | 1) Percentage of labourer children covered | 4(2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2) | 3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 4: Quality Education) |
| Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana | Medical Health & Family Welfare | 1) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 2) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated | 4(2.1,2.2,3.1, 5.1) | 3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| National Food Security Mission (CSS) | Food & Civil Supplies | 1) Percentage increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses 2) Percentage of BPL HH covered under TPDS | 3(1.3,2.1,2.2) | 2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 2: Zero Hunger) |
| Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Labour | 1) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition | 3 (2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2) | 2(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being,) |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------|---|------------------------|---|
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated 3) Percentage of pregnant labourers supported | | |
| Swachh Bharat Mission | Panchayati Raj | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Percentage of households covered by IHHL (rural) 2) Percentage workforce in manual scavenging 3) Proportion of vilages with village water and sanitation committee | 4 (3.3,6.2, 6.b, 11.3) | 3 (Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation, Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities) |

It can be seen that a few schemes and indicators can cover a large number of goals and therefore should be given priority. The list of these schemes is given below

| Scheme | Department | UP State Indicators | Targets | Goals |
|---------------|---------------------------|--|--|---|
| ICDS | Women & Child Development | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Percentage of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services 2) Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementry nutrition 3) Percentage of preganant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 4) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated 5) Percentage of children in grade 3 malnutrition | 9 (2.1, 2.2, 3.1,3.2, 3.7, 3.8, 4.2, 5.1,5.6) | 4 (Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health & Well Being, Goal 4: Quality Education, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |

| | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|---|
| Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Labour | 1) Percentage of labourer children covered | 4(2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2) | 3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 4: Quality Education) |
| Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana | Medical Health & Family Welfare | 1) Percentage of preganant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 2) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated | 4(2.1,2.2,3.1, 5.1) | 3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality) |
| Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Labour | 1) Percentage of preganant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 2) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated 3) Percentage of pregnant labourers supported | 4 (2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2) | 2(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being,) |

Scheme wise Coverage of Targets

We have also analysed the scheme wise coverage of targets. The target was divided into various sections to assess the coverage. Annexure 1 shows these targets coverage assessment. The text in red is when no scheme covers it, yellow depicts partial coverage and green means full coverage.

Annexure 1

| | | |
|--|---------------------------|---|
| 1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day | eradicate extreme poverty | people living on less than \$1.25 a day |
| National Rural Livelihood Mission | | |
| Old Age Pension (SSS) | | |
| National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) | | |
| Widow Pension (SSS) | | |

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| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | | |
| Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shipakaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana | | |

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| 1.2 : By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions | reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions |
| Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako ko Sahayta (SSS) | |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | |
| National Rural Livelihood Mission | |
| Vriddhavastha/Kissan Pension Yojana (SSS) | |
| National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) | |

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| 1.3 : Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable | Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all | by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable |
| Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana/Punargathit Mausam Aadharit Fasal Bima Yojana (CSS) | | |
| Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako ko Sahayta (SSS) | | |
| Macchua Durghatna Bima (CSS) | | |
| Construction Worker Unitary Assistance Scheme (SSS) | | |
| Pension Scheme (SSS) | | |
| Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS) | | |
| Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) | | |
| Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS) | | |
| Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) | | |
| Vriddhavastha/Kissan Pension Yojana (SSS) | | |
| National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) | | |
| Atyaachaar Nivaaran Adhinyam ke Antargat Aarthik Sahaayata(SSS) | | |
| Vriddha Evam Ashakt Graho Ka Sanchalan (SSS) | | |

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|---|--|--|
| Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Se Vivah Karne Per Dampatti Ko Puruskar (SSS) | | |
| Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shipakaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana | | |
| Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System | | |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Gaurantee Scheme (CSS) | | |

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|---|--|--------------------------|--|----------------------------|--|
| 1.4-By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance | have equal rights to economic resources, | access to basic services | ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, | appropriate new technology | financial services, including microfinance |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | | | | | |

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| 2.1-By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round | end hunger | ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round |
| Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | | children |
| Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | | poor women |

| | | |
|--|--|------------|
| Mission Antodaya | | Poor HHs |
| National Food Security Mission (CSS) | | Poor HHs |
| ICDS (CSS) | | infants |
| Nourishment Grant (Pension) Scheme for PWDs. | | disability |
| Disability (due to) Leprosy Nutrition Grant Scheme | | disability |

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| 2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons | By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition | including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age | address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons |
| ICDS (CSS) | | | |
| National Food Security Mission (CSS) | | | |
| National Rural Health Mission (CSS) | | | |
| Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS) | | | |
| Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | | | |
| Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | | | |
| School Health Program (SSS) | | | |

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| <p>2.3-By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment</p> | <p>double the agricultural productivity</p> | <p>incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and</p> | <p>equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment</p> |
| <p>Pramanit Beejo Per Anudaan (SSS)</p> | | | |
| <p>Sankar Beejo Ke Upyog Ko Badhava Dene Ki Yojana (SSS)</p> | | | |
| <p>National Mission on Oil Seeds and Oilpalm</p> | | | |
| <p>Agri Junction</p> | | | |
| <p>Integrated Scheme on Agriculture Census, Economics and Statistics (CSS)</p> | | | |
| <p>Agri Mechanisation</p> | | | |
| <p>1- National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture (CSS)</p> | | | |
| <p>1a- Rashtriya Khadya Suraksha Mission</p> | | | |
| <p>Farmers support to enhance oil seed production. (SSC)</p> | | | |
| <p>Akatrit Baagvani Vikas Mission</p> | | | |
| <p>Rashtriya Ayush Mission</p> | | | |
| <p>Rashtriya khadya Pransakaran Mission (CSS)</p> | | | |
| <p>Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation</p> | | | |

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| Anusuchit Jati/Janjaati Krishako hetu Audyaanik Vikas Karyakram (Rajya sector) | | | |
| Gaay/Bhaison Mein Kritrim Garbhaadhaan Evam Praakritik Garbhaadhaan Dwaara Pashu Prajanan ki Suvidhaon ka Sudhaar Evam Vistaar Karaane ki Yojana (Jila Yojana) (DSS) | | | |
| National Livestock Mission Antargat Rural Backyars Poultry Development Programme (CSS) | | | |
| Pashu/Bhaison Mein Anurvarata Baanjhapan Nivaaran (Rajya Yojana) (SSS) | | | |
| Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyi Ki Yojana (SSS) | | | |
| Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS) | | | |
| Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS) | | | |
| Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS) | | | |
| (National Livestock Mission Under NLM following) Pashu Chikitsa Sevaayein Tatha Pashu Swastha Ke Antargat Sanchaalit Yojnayein | | | |
| Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran) | | | |
| Pashu Chikitsa Evam Swastha Tatha Rog Nidaan Sevaon Ka Sudhar Evam Vistaaran | | | |
| Dugdhd Utpadan Vriddhi hetu Dugdhd Utpadako Ko Takneeki Nivesh Yojana (Zila Yojana) | | | |

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| Krishak Prashikshan Karyakram (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS) | | | |
| 1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karyakram) | | | |
| 1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karyakram) | | | |
| 1.f-Ratoon Management Program (Paudi Prabandh Karyakram) | | | |
| 1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program | | | |
| Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS) | | | |
| Jalplavit Kshetra Mein Matsya Vikas (SSS) | | | |
| Taalaabo Ki Matsya Utpadan Kshamta Ka Vikas (sss) | | | |
| Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries- Government of India (CSS) | | | |

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| 2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality | ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems | strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality |
| (National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS) | | |
| Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS) | | |
| Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation | | |
| Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS) | | |
| Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS) | | |
| Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS) | | |
| Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS) | | |
| Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran) | | |

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| Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, (Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karyakram) | | |
| Primary nursery seed distribution Program (Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karyakram)) | | |
| Ratoon Management Program (Pedi Prabandh Karyakram) | | |
| Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program | | |

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|--|--|--|
| 2.5: By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed | maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels | promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed |
| Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana | | |
| Anusuchit Jaati/Janjaati Krishko Hetu Audyaanik Vikas Karyakram (Rajya Sector) (SSS) | Partially | |
| Ratoon Management Program (Pedi Prabandh Karyakram) | | |
| National Mission on Agriculture Extention and Technology (CSS) | | |

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| 3.1 : By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births | reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births |
| Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | |
| Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS) | |
| National Rural Health Mission (CSS) | |
| State Innovations in Planning Services Project Family Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) | |

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| Janani Suraksha Yojana (CSS) | |
| Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS) | |

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| 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births | end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age | aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births | under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births |
| Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | | Partially | Partially |
| ICDS (CSS) | | Partially | Partially |

| | | | | |
|--|------|--------------|--|--|
| 3.3-By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases | AIDS | tuberculosis | neglected tropical diseases combat hepatitis | water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases |
| National AIDS Control Program (CSS) | | | | |
| UP AIDS (SSS) | | | | |
| RI Vaccination (SSS) | | | | |

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| 3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes | ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education | integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes |
| National Rural Health Mission (CSS) | | |
| UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS) | | |
| State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) | | |

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| 3.8-Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all | universal health coverage | access to quality essential health-care services | access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all |
| Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | | | |
| National Rural Health Mission (CSS) | | | |
| District Disability Rehabilitation Centre (D.D.R.C) | | | |
| Artificial Limbs/Assistive Equipment Scheme | | | |
| Corrective Surgery treatment grant for PWDs | | | |
| Medical Facility Scheme | | | |
| Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS) | | | |
| Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) | | | |
| UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS) | | | |

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| 4.1 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes | ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes |
| Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) | |
| Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS) | |
| Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) | |
| Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) | |
| Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, | |
| Model School | |

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme | |
| Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan | |

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| 4.2 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education | ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education |
| Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | |
| ICDS | |

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| 4.3 : By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university | ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university |
| Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) | |
| Girl Help Scheme | |
| Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS) | |
| Residential School Plan (SSS) | |
| Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) | |
| Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) | |
| Model School | |
| Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme | |
| Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP | |
| Pre-matric Scheme for Minority Community | |

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| 4.4: By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship | substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship |
| Udaymita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram/Udayamita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram (S.C.P. Yojana) | |
| Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS) | |

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|--|--|
| Kukkut Palan li 30000 Layers ki Yojana (SSS) | |
| Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS) | |
| Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS) | |
| Krishik Prashikshan Karyaakraam (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS) | |
| Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Antargat Dugdhshalaon Ka Sudhikaran (CSS) | |
| PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] | |
| Svat: Rojgar Apnane hetu Berojgaar Abhiyarthiyo ko Protsahit Karna (SSS) | |
| Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgarparakta Tatha Kaushal Mein Vridhi Karna (SSS) | |
| Neeji Kshetr ke Niyojakon ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryaalay Mein Rojagaar Melon ka Aayojan Karaana. (SSS) | |
| Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP | |
| Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community | |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 4.5-By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations | eliminate gender disparities in education | equal access to all levels of education | vocational training | disabilities | indigenous peoples | children in vulnerable situations |
| Girl Help Scheme (SSS) | | | | | | |
| Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) | | | | | | |
| Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS) | | | | | | |
| Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan | | | | | | |
| Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) | | | | | | |

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|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS) | | | | | |
| Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme | | | | | |
| Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP | | | | | |
| Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community | | | | | |

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|---|---|
| 4.6 : By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) | ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy |
|---|---|

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| 4.a : Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) | Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive | provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all |
| Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, Model School | | |
| Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme | | |

| | |
|--|--|
| 5.1 : End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Pension Yojana (SSS) | end all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere |
| Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS) | |
| 181 Mahila Help-line (CSS) | |
| Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Samman Kosh Ki Sthapna SSS) | |

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|---|---|-----------------|--|
| 5.2-Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation | Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres | trafficking and | sexual and other types of exploitation |
| Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Sammaan Kosh ki Sthaapana | | | |
| Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS) | | | |
| 181 Mahila Help-line (CSS) | | | |

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|---|---|
| 5.3 : Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation | eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation |
| 181 Mahila Help-line (CSS) | |

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|---|---|--|
| 5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate | Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies | promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate |
| Rashtirya Paarivarik Laabh Yojana (JSS) | Partially | |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences | Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights | accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development | Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences |
| State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) | | | |

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|---|--|
| 6.1 : By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all | achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all |
| National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) | |
| Swajal Scheme | |

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|---|---|---------------------|---|
| 6.2-By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations | achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all | end open defecation | paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations |
| Swachh Bharat Mission | | | |
| Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.) | | | |
| Sanitary Napkin | | | |
| Swachh Gram | | | |

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| 6.4 : By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity | substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors | ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity | substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity |
| Bhujal Aankalan Ka Vikas Evam Bhujal Sarvekshan Ka Sudhdhikaran (SSS) | | | |
| Bhujal Stroto Ka Maanchitrikaran (Aquifer Mapping) Evam Bhujal Stroto Ka Parameter Test (SSS) | | | |
| Bhujal Sansadhano Ki Gunvatta Ka Anusharavan Evam Mapping (SSS) | | | |
| Bhujal Jan Jaagrukta Evam Prachar- Prasaar (SSS) | | | |
| Nishulk Boring Yojana (SSS) | | | |
| Madhyam Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | | | |
| Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | | | |
| Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Saamuhik Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | | | |
| Kshetriya Bhujal Hub Ki Sthapna (SSS) | | | |
| National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) | | | |

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|--|--|-----------|-----------|----------|-----------|------------------|
| 6.6: By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes | protect and restore water-related ecosystems | Mountains | Forests | Wetlands | Rivers | Aquifers & Lakes |
| Varsha Jal Sanchayan/ Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirmaan Yojana (SSS) | | | Partially | | Partially | |

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| 6.b : Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management | Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management |
| Swachh Bharat Mission | |

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|---|--|
| 7.1 : By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services | ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services |
|---|--|

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|--|--|
| Saur Oorja Sahaayata Yojana (SSS) | |
| Solar Energy Program | |
| Energy Conservation Program | |
| Village Electrification Program | |
| Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020 | |

| | |
|--|---|
| 7.2 : By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix | increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix |
| Saur Oorja Sahaayata Yojana (SSS) | Partially |
| Solar Energy Program | |
| Energy Conservation Program | Partially |
| Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020 | Partially |

| | | | |
|---|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| 8.2: Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour intensive sectors | Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation | focus on high-value added | labour intensive sectors |
| Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS) | | | |
| Technology Up gradation Scheme for Uttar Pradesh Small & Medium Scale Industries | | | |

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|---|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| 8.3-Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services | policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, | creativity and innovation | encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, | including through access to financial services |
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|---|--|--|--|--|
| PMEGP SCHEME(Prime Minister’s Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] | | | | |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Employment Guarantee Act (CSS) | | | | |
| One District- One Product (SSS) | | | | |
| National Rural Livelihood Mission | | | | |
| Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS) | | | | |
| Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna | | | | |
| PM Employment Generation Program Rural | | | | |

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|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| 8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value | achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men | including for young people and persons with disabilities | equal pay for work of equal value |
| Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS) | | | |
| PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister’s Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] | | | |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | | | |
| National Rural Livelihood Mission | | | |
| Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.) | | | |
| Shop Construction/Shop-Operation Scheme | | | |

| 8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training | substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment | education | training |
|--|--|-----------|----------|
| PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] | | | |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | | | |
| National Rural Livelihood Mission | | | |
| Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.) | | | |
| Sanitary Napkin | | | |
| Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saarvajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Riktiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna (SSS) | | | |
| Svata: Rojgaar Apnane hetu Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Protsahit Karna (SSS) | | | |
| Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana(SSS) | | | |
| Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna (SSS) | | | |
| Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna | | | |
| PM Employment Generation Program Rural | | | |

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|---|---------|----------|-------------|----------|----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---|
| 9.1-Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all | quality | reliable | sustainable | regional | transborder infrastructure | economic development | Human well-being, | with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all |
| Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS) | | | | | | | | |
| Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Kendriya Sadak Nidhi ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | | | | | | | | |
| Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3054 ke Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | | | | | | | | |
| Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3034 ke Antargat Vishesh Marammat Sweekrit Kaaryon ka Vivaran | | | | | | | | |
| Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3054 ke Antargat Nivetan ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | | | | | | | | |
| Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag ke Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | | | | | | | | |
| Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | | | | | | | | |
| Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag Mein Nadi Setu Ke Chaaloo Kaaryo/Sweekrit Kaaryo Par | | | | | | | | |

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| Aavantit Dhanrashi Ka Lok Sabhaavaar Vivaran | | | | | | | | |
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| 9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets | Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit | integration into value chains and markets |
| Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS) | | |
| Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna | | |
| PM Employment Generation Program Rural | | |
| Hastashilpiyo Ke Kaushal Vikas Ki Prashikshan Yojana | | |
| Niryaat Bazaar hetu Design Workshop | | |

| | | | |
|---|---|--|---|
| 9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities | upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable | with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes | with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities |
| Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS) | Partially | | |

| | | |
|--|---|----------------------------------|
| 10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average | progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population | higher than the national average |
| Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | | |

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|--|--|----------------|---------------|
| 11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums | ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing | basic services | upgrade slums |
| Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme | | | |
| Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS) | | | |
| Rajkiya Unnayan Bastiyo Ka Rakh-Rakhav (SSS) | | | |
| State Urban Housing & Habitat Policy (2013) (SSS) | | | |
| Naya Moradabad- (1-16+ Other) | | | |

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|---|------------------------|------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 11.2-By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons | provide access to safe | affordable | accessible | sustainable transport systems | improving road safety | notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons |
| Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS) | | | | | | |
| Free bus transportation for PWDs by Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation (UPSRTC) | | | | | | |

| | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| 11.3 : By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries | enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization | capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement | planning and management in all countries |
| Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) | | | |

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| Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (CSS) | | | |
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|--|------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---|
| 11.7 : By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities | Safe | Inclusive and Accessible | Green and Public Spaces | For Women and Children | Older Persons and persons with disabilities |
| Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY) | | | | | |

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|--|--|--------------------|--------------------------|---|
| 15.2-By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally | promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests | halt deforestation | restore degraded forests | substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally |
| Social Forestry (SSS) | | | | |
| Social forestry in urban areas (SSS) | | | | |
| Green belt development scheme (SSS) | | | | |

| | | | |
|--|------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| 15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, | combat desertification | restore degraded land and soil, including land | strive to achieve a land |
|--|------------------------|--|--------------------------|

| | | | |
|--|--|---|---------------------------|
| drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world | | affected by desertification, drought and floods | degradation-neutral world |
| Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS) | | | |
| Seed/Soil treatment Program (chh ,oa Hkwfe mipkj dk;Zdze) | | | |

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|---|---|--|--|
| 15.8 : By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species | introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species | | |
| Social Forestry (SSS) | PARTIALLY | | |
| Social forestry in urban areas (SSS) | PARTIALLY | | |
| Green belt development scheme (SSS) | PARTIALLY | | |

| | | |
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| 16.2 : End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children | end abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children | |
| Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS) | | |

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| 16.9 : By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration | provide legal identity for all | including birth registration |
| Birth & Death Control Program (SSS) | | |

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| 16.b : Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development | Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies | for sustainable development |
| Atyachaar Nivaran Adhinyam Ke Antargat Aarthik Sahayata (SSS) | | |

SDG 12 is dependent on achievement of following goals-



Following goals are dependent on SDG 12 for its achievement-



Example of Contradictions: Target 2.3 Agr Productivity

Schemes --National mission on oil palm and seeds/Khadya Suraksha



13.1, 13.3

- Strengthen resilience
- Climate adaptation



6.3, 6.4, 6.6

- Reducing water pollution
- Sustainable water use (withdrawal and efficiency)
- Protect water ecosystems



15.1, 15.3, 15.5

- Cons and sustainable use
- Restore degraded land and soil
- Reduce degradation and loss of biodiversity

Annexure 2: Indicative List of Departments for Designation of Nodal Persons for SDG Integrated District Vision cum Plan

| S.No | Name of Department |
|-------------|---|
| 1. | Department of Agriculture |
| 2. | Department of Medical Health & Family Welfare |
| 3. | Animal Husbandry Department |
| 4. | Department of Dairy Development |
| 5. | Department of Women & Child Development |
| 6. | Department of Energy |
| 7. | Food & Civil Supplies Department |
| 8. | Department of Fisheries |
| 9. | Ground Water Department |
| 10. | Forest Department |
| 11. | Horticulture Department |
| 12. | Department of Infrastructure & Industrial Development |
| 13. | Department of Secondary Education |
| 14. | Department of Higher Education |
| 15. | Irrigation & Water Resources Department |
| 16. | Labour Department |
| 17. | Minor Irrigation Department |
| 18. | Department of Rural Development |
| 19. | Department of Social Welfare |
| 20. | Town & Country Planning Department |
| 21. | Department of Panchayati Raj |
| 22. | Directorate of Training & Employment |
| 23. | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Cane Industry |
| 24. | Moradabad Development Authority |
| 25. | Disability |
| 26. | Minority Welfare Department |
| 27. | Public Work Department |
| 28. | Small Scale Industries & Exports Promotion |
| 29. | Khadi Village Industries |

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| 30 | Basic Education Department |
| 31 | Handicrafts Department |

DRAFT NOT FOR CIRCULATION

Annexure 3: SDG Targets not applicable to Moradabad district

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| 1. | 1.a-Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions |
| 2. | 1.b-Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions |
| 3. | 2.a-Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries |
| 4. | 2.b-Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round |
| 5. | 2.c-Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility. |
| 6. | 3.a-Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate |
| 7. | 3.b-Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and noncommunicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all |
| 8. | 3.c-Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States |
| 9. | 3.d-Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks |
| 10. | 4.b-By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries |
| 11. | 4.c-By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing states |
| 12. | 5.c-Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels |

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| 13. | 6.a-By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies |
| 14. | 7.3-By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency |
| 15. | 7.a-By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology |
| 16. | 8.1- Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries. |
| 17. | 8.4- Improve global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation |
| 18. | 8.9- Devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products. |
| 19. | 8.10- Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all. |
| 20. | 8.a-Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries |
| 21. | 8.b-By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization |
| 22. | 9.2-Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances and double its share in least developed countries |
| 23. | 9.5- Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors. |
| 24. | 9.a-Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States 18 |
| 25. | 9.b-Support domestic technology development, research and innovation |
| 26. | 10.3- -Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard |
| 27. | 10.4-Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality |
| 28. | 10.5-Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations |
| 29. | 10.6-Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions |
| 30. | 10.7-Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies |

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|-----|---|
| 31. | 10.a-Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements |
| 32. | 10.b-Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes |
| 33. | 10.c-By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent |
| 34. | 11.4-Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage |
| 35. | 11.b-By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels |
| 36. | 11.c-Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials |
| 37. | 12.1- Implement the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries |
| 38. | 12.3-By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses |
| 39. | 12.6-Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle |
| 40. | 12.7- Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities |
| 41. | 12.a-Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production |
| 42. | 12.b – Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promote local culture and products |
| 43. | 12.c-Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities |
| 44. | 13.2- Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning |

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| 45. | 13.a-Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible |
| 46. | 13.b- Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management. |
| 47. | 14.1-By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution |
| 48. | 14.2-By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans |
| 49. | 14.3-Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels |
| 50. | 14.4-By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics |
| 51. | 14.5-By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information |
| 52. | 14.6-By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation |
| 53. | 14.7-By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism |
| 54. | 14.a-Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries |
| 55. | 14.b-Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets |
| 56. | 14.c-Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in UNCLOS, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of The Future We Want |
| 57. | 15.4- Ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development |
| 58. | 15.c- Combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities. |
| 59. | 16.3- Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all. |
| 60. | 16.8-Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance |

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| 61. | 16.a-Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime |
| 62. | 17.1-Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection |
| 63. | 17.2-Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries |
| 64. | 17.3-Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources |
| 65. | 17.4-Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress |
| 66. | 17.5-Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries |
| 67. | 17.6-Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism |
| 68. | 17.7-Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed |
| 69. | 17.8-Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology |
| 70. | 17.9-Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation |
| 71. | 17.10-Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda |
| 72. | 17.11-Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020 |
| 73. | 17.12-Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access |
| 74. | 17.13-Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence |
| 75. | 17.14-Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development |
| 76. | 17.15-Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development |

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| 77. | 17.16-Enhance the global partnership for sustainable development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the sustainable development goals in all countries, in particular developing countries |
| 78. | 17.17-Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships |
| 79. | 17.18-By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts |
| 80. | 17.19-By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries |

Annexure 4: List of Government Schemes covering SDG Targets in Moradabad District

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -1.1 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DRD | National Rural Livelihood Mission |
| 2. | Moradabad | DSW | Old Age Pension (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | DSW | National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | WCD | Widow Pension (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | DRD | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | SSI & EP | Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shipakaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -1.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako ko Sahayta (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | DRD | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | DRD | National Rural Livelihood Mission |
| 4. | Moradabad | DSW | Vridhdhastha/Kissan Pension Yojana (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | DSW | National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) |

| S No. | District | Department | SDG Target -1.3 |
|-------|-----------|------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana/Punargathit Mausam Aadharit Fasal Bima Yojana (CSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako ko Sahayta (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | Fish | Macchua Durghatna Bima (CSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | Labour | Construction Worker Unitary Assistance Scheme (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | Labour | Pension Scheme (SSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | Labour | Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS) |

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| 7. | Moradabad | Labour | Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) |
| 8. | Moradabad | Labour | Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS) |
| 9. | Moradabad | DSW | Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) |
| 10. | Moradabad | DSW | Vridhdhavastha/Kissan Pension Yojana (SSS) |
| 11. | Moradabad | DSW | National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) |
| 12. | Moradabad | DSW | Atyaachaar Nivaaran Adhiniyam ke Antargat Aarthik Sahaayata (SSS) |
| 13. | Moradabad | DSW | Vridhdha Evam Ashakt Graho Ka Sanchalan (SSS) |
| 14. | Moradabad | WCD | Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Se Vivah Karne Per Dampatti Ko Puruskar (SSS) |
| 15. | Moradabad | SSI & EP | Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shipakaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana |
| 16. | Moradabad | Minority Welfare | Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System |
| 17. | Moradabad | DRD | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Gaurantee Scheme (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -1.4 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DRD | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -2.1 |
|------|-----------|------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Labour | Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | Food & CS | National Food Security Mission (CSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | DRD | Mission Antodaya |
| 5. | Moradabad | WCD | ICDS (CSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | Disability | Nourishment Grant (Pension) Scheme for PWDs. |
| 7. | Moradabad | Disability | Disability (due to) Leprosy Nutrition Grant Scheme |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -2.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | Moradabad | WCD | ICDS (CSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | FOOD & CS | National Food Security Mission (CSS) |

| | | | |
|----|-----------|--------|---|
| 3. | Moradabad | HFW | National Rural Health Mission (CSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | HFW | Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | Labour | Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | Labour | Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) |
| 7. | Moradabad | HFW | School Health Program (SSS) |

| S No. | District | Department | SDG Target -2.3 |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Pramanit Beejo Per Anudaan (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Sankar (Hybrid)Beejo ke Upyog ko Badhava Dene ki Yojana (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | 1- National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture .(National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture) (CSS) 1a- Rashtriya Khaadya Suraksha Mission |
| 4. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | National Mission on Oil Seeds and Oil Palm (National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Agri Junction |
| 6. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Integrated Scheme on Agriculture Census, Economics and Statistics (CSS) |
| 7. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Agri Mechanisation |
| 8. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Akatrit Baagvani Vikas Mission (MIDH)- Rashtriya Baagvani Mission |
| 9. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | /National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology (CSS) |
| 10. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | National Ayush Mission |
| 11. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Rashtriya Khadya Pranskan Mission (CSS) |
| 12. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation |
| 13. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Gaay/Bhaison Mein kritrim Garbhaadhaan Evam Praakritik Garbhaadhaan Dwaara Pashu Prajanan ki Suvidhaon Ka Sudhaar Evam Vistaar Karaane ki Yojana (Zila yojana) (DSS) |
| 14. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | National Livestock Mission Ke Antargat Rural Backyard Poultry Development Programme (CSS) |
| 15. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Pashu/Bhaison Mein Anurvarata Baanjhapan Nivaaran (Rajya Yojana (SSS) |
| 16. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS) |
| 17. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS) |
| 18. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS) |
| 19. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS) |

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| 20. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | (National Livestock Mission Under NLM following) Pashu Chikitsa Sevaayein Tatha Pashu Swastha Ke Antargat Sanchaalit Yojnayein |
| 21. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran) } |
| 22. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Pashu Chikitsa Evam Swastha Tatha Rog Nidaan Sevaaon Ka Sudhar Evam Vistaaran |
| 23. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Dugdh Utpadan Vriddhi hetu Dugdh Utpadako Ko Takneeki Nivesh Yojana (Zila Yojana) |
| 24. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Krishak Prashikshan Karyakram (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS) |
| 25. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, (mUur'khy xUuk cht mRiknu/forj.k dk;Zdze) |
| 26. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program (mUur'khy xUuk cht Riknu@forj.k dk;Zdze) |
| 27. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.f-Ratoon Management Program (iSM+h izcU/k dk;Zdze) |
| 28. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program |
| 29. | Moradabad | Fish | Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS) |
| 30. | Moradabad | Fish | Jalplavit Kshetra Mein Matsya Vikas (SSS) |
| 31. | Moradabad | Fish | Taalaabo Ki Matsya Utpadan Kshamta Ka Vikas (sss) |
| 32. | Moradabad | Fish | Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries- Government of India (CSS) |

| S No. | District | Department | SDG Target -2.4 |
|-------|-----------|-------------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | (National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | Agriculture+Horti | Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation |
| 4. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS) |
| 7. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS) |
| 8. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran) |
| 9. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, (mUur'khy xUuk cht mRiknu/forj.k dk;Zdze) |
| 10. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program (mUur'khy xUuk cht Riknu@forj.k dk;Zdze) |
| 11. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.f-Ratoon Management Program (iSM+h izcU/k dk;Zdze) |
| 12. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -2.5 |
|------|-----------|------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana |
| 2. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Anusuchit Jaati/Janjaati Krishko Hetu Audyaanik Vikas Karyakram (Rajya Sector) (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.f-Ratoon Management Program (iSM+h izcU/k dk;Zdze) |
| 4. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | /National Mission on Agriculture Extention and Technology (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -3.1 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | WCD | Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | HFW | National Rural Health Mission (CSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | HFW | State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | HFW | Janani Suraksha Yojana (CSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | HFW | Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -3.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | WCD | ICDS (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -3.3 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | HFW | National AIDS Control Program (CSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | HFW | UP AIDS |
| 3. | Pilibhit | HFW | RI Vaccination (SSS) |
| 4. | | | TB Programme, Vactor Coordination & Malaria |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -3.7 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | HFW | National Rural Health Mission (CSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | HFW | UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | HFW | State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -3.8 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Labour | Medical Facility Scheme |
| 3. | Moradabad | Labour | Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | Labour | Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | HFW | National Rural Health Mission (CSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | HFW | UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS) |
| 7. | Moradabad | Disability | District Disability Rehabilitation Centre (D.D.R.C) |
| 8. | Moradabad | Disability | Artificial Limbs/Assistive Equipment Scheme |
| 9. | Moradabad | Disability | Corrective Surgery treatment grant for PWDs |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -4.1 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Labour | Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | DSW | Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | DSW | Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | DSE | Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, |
| 6. | Moradabad | DSE | Model School |
| 7. | Moradabad | DSE | Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme |
| 8. | Moradabad | DBE | Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -4.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | WCD | ICDS |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -4.3 |
|------|-----------|------------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Labour | Girl Help Scheme |
| 3. | Moradabad | Labour | Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | Labour | Residential School Plan (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | DSW | Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | DSW | Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) |
| 7. | Moradabad | DSE | Model School |
| 8. | Moradabad | DSE | Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme |
| 9. | Moradabad | Minority Welfare | Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP |
| 10. | Moradabad | Minority Welfare | Pre-matric Scheme for Minority Community |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -4.4 |
|------|-----------|---------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Udaymita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram/Udayamita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram (S.C.P. Yojana) |
| 2. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Kukkut Palan li 30000 Layers ki Yojana (SSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Krishik Prashikshan Karyaakraam (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS) |
| 7. | Moradabad | AHD+Dairy Dev | Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Antargat Dugdshalaon Ka Sudhikaran |
| 8. | Moradabad | IID | PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] |
| 9. | Moradabad | DTE | Svat: Rojgar Apnane hetu Berojh=gaar Abhiyarthiyo ko Protsahit Karna (SSS) |

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| 10. | Moradabad | DTE | Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgarparakta Tatha Kaushal Mein Vridhi Karna (SSS) |
| 11. | Moradabad | DTE | Neeji Kshetr ke Niyojakon ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryaalay Mein Rojagaar Melon ka Aayojan Karaana. (SSS) |
| 12. | Moradabad | Minority Welfare | Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP |
| 13. | Moradabad | Minority Welfare | Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -4.5 |
|------|-----------|------------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Labour | Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | DSW | Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | DSW | Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | DPR | Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | DSE | Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme |
| 7. | Moradabad | Minority Welfare | Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP |
| 8. | Moradabad | Minority Welfare | Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -4.6 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DSW | Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -4.a |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DSW | Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | DSE | Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, |
| 3. | Moradabad | DSE | Model School |
| 4. | Moradabad | DSE | Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -5.1 |
|------|-----------|------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | WCD | Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Pension Yojana (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | WCD | Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | WCD | 181 Mahila Help-line (CSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | WCD | Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Samman Kosh Ki Sthapna SSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -5.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | WCD | Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | WCD | 181 Mahila Help-line (CSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | WCD | Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Samman Kosh Ki Sthapna -(SSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -5.3 |
|------|-----------|------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | Moradabad | WCD | 181 Mahila Help-line (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -5.4 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DSW | Rashtirya Paarivarik Laabh Yojana (JSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -5.6 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | HFW | State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -6.1 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DRD | National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) |
| 2. | | | Swajal |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -6.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|-----------------|
| 1. | Moradabad | DRD | Swachh Gram |

| | | | |
|----|-----------|-----|--|
| 2. | Moradabad | DPR | Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin) |
| 3. | Moradabad | DPR | Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.) |
| 4. | Moradabad | DPR | Sanitary Napkin |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -6.4 |
|------|-----------|------------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Bhujal Aankalan Ka Vikas Evam Bhujal Sarvekshan Ka Sudhdhikaran (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Bhujal Stroto Ka Maanchitrikaran (Aquifer Mapping) Evam Bhujal Stroto Ka Parameter Test (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Bhujal Sansadhano Ki Gunvatta Ka Anusharavan Evam Mapping (SSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Bhujal Jan Jaagrukta Evam Prachar- Prasaar (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Nishulk Boring Yojana (SSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Madhyam Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) |
| 7. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) |
| 8. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Saamuhik Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) |
| 9. | Moradabad | Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr | Kshetriya Bhujal Hub Ki Sthapna (SSS) |
| 10. | Moradabad | DRD | National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -6.6 |
|------|-----------|----------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Gr Wtr+Mnr Irr | Varsha Jal Sanchayan/ Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirmaan Yojana (SSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target-6.b |
|------|-----------|------------|-----------------------|
| 1. | Moradabad | DPR | Swachh Bharat Mission |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -7.1 |
|------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Saur Oorja Sahaayata Yojana (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Enr+Addl Energy | Solar Energy Program |
| 3. | Moradabad | Enr+Addl Energy | Energy Conservation Program |
| 4. | Moradabad | Enr+Addl Energy | Village Electrification Program |
| 5. | Moradabad | Enr+Addl Energy | Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020 |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -7.2 |
|------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Saur Oorja Sahaayata Yojana (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Enr+Addl Energy | Solar Energy Program |
| 3. | Moradabad | Enr+Addl Energy | Energy Conservation Program |
| 4. | Moradabad | Enr+Addl Energy | Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020 |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -8.2 |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | IID | Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | IID | Technology Up gradation Scheme for Uttar Pradesh Small & Medium Scale Industries |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -8.3 |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | IID | PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] |
| 2. | Moradabad | DRD | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | DRD | National Rural Livelihood Mission |
| 4. | Moradabad | IID | One District- One Product (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | DPR | Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS) |
| 6. | Moradabad | Khadi & Village | Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna |
| 7. | Moradabad | Khadi & Village | PM Employment Generation Program Rural |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -8.5 |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Fish | Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | IID | PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] |
| 3. | Moradabad | DRD | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | DRD | National Rural Livelihood Mission |
| 5. | Moradabad | DPR | Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.) |
| 6. | Moradabad | Disability | Shop Construction/Shop-Operation Scheme |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -8.6 |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | IID | PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] |
| 2. | Moradabad | DRD | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) |

| | | | |
|-----|-----------|-----------------|---|
| 3. | Moradabad | DRD | National Rural Livelihood Mission |
| 4. | Moradabad | DPR | Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.) |
| 5. | Moradabad | DPR | Sanitary Napkin |
| 6. | Moradabad | DTE | Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saavajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdha Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Rikhtiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna (SSS) |
| 7. | Moradabad | DTE | Svata: Rojgaar Apnane hetu Berojagaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Protsahit Karna (SSS) |
| 8. | Moradabad | DTE | Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna (SSS) |
| 9. | Moradabad | DTE | Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana (SSS) |
| 10. | Moradabad | Khadi & Village | Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna |
| 11. | Moradabad | Khadi & Village | PM Employment Generation Program Rural |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -9.1 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.h-Antar Gramin Sadko Ka Nirman |
| 2. | Moradabad | DRD | Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | PWD | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Kendriya Sadak Nidhi ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran |
| 4. | Moradabad | PWD | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3054 ke Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran |
| 5. | Moradabad | PWD | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3034 ke Antargat Vishesh Marammat Sweekrit Kaaryon ka Vivaran |
| 6. | Moradabad | PWD | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Nivartan ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran |
| 7. | Moradabad | PWD | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag mein Nirvartan Ke Antargat Navinikaran Ke Karyo Ka Vivaran |
| 8. | Moradabad | PWD | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran |
| 9. | Moradabad | PWD | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag Mein Nadi Setu Ke Chaaloo Kaaryo/Sweekrit Kaaryo Par Aavantit Dhanrashi Ka Lok Sabhaavaar Vivaran |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -9.3 |
|------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | IID | Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Khadi & Village | Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna |
| 3. | Moradabad | Khadi & Village | PM Employment Generation Program Rural |
| 4. | Moradabad | SSI & EP | Hastashilpiyo Ke Kaushal Vikas Ki Prashikshan Yojana |
| 5. | Moradabad | SSI & EP | Niryaat Bazaar hetu Design Workshop |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -9.4 |
|------|-----------|------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | IID | Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target-10.1 |
|------|----------|------------|---|
| | Pilibhit | DRD | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -10.2 |
|------|-----------|------------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Pension Scheme (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Labour | Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | Minority Welfare | Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System |
| 4. | Moradabad | Disability | U.D.I.D Scheme |
| 5. | Moradabad | Disability | S.I.P.D.A Scheme |

| | | | |
|----|-----------|------------|---|
| 6. | Moradabad | Disability | Accessible India (Sugamya Bharat) |
| 7. | Moradabad | Disability | State Level Awards for Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -11.1 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Labour | Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme |
| 2. | Moradabad | DRD | Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | DSW | Rajkiya Unnyan Bastiyo Ka Rakh-Rakhav (SSS) |
| 4. | Moradabad | MDA | State Urban Housing & Habitat Policy (2013) (SSS) |
| 5. | Moradabad | MDA | Naya Moradabad- (1-16+ Other) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -11.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DRD | Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Disability | Free bus transportation for PWDs by Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation (UPSRTC) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -11.3 |
|------|-----------|------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | DPR | Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -11.7 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DRD | Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -15.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | Moradabad | Forest | 1. Social Forestry (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Forest | Social forestry in urban areas (SSS) |

| | | | |
|----|-----------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| 3. | Moradabad | Forest | Green belt development scheme (SSS) |
|----|-----------|--------|-------------------------------------|

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -15.3 |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | Agri+Horti | Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Cane Dev | 1.e-Seed/Soil treatment Program (cht ,oa Hkwfe mipkj dk;Zdze) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -15.8 |
|------|-----------|------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | Moradabad | Forest | 1. Social Forestry (SSS) |
| 2. | Moradabad | Forest | Social forestry in urban areas (SSS) |
| 3. | Moradabad | Forest | Green belt development scheme (SSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -16.2 |
|------|-----------|------------|--|
| 1. | Moradabad | WCD | Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target-16.9 |
|------|----------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. | Pilibhit | HFW | Birth & Death Control Program (SSS) |

| S No | District | Department | SDG Target -16.b |
|------|-----------|------------|---|
| 1. | Moradabad | DSW | Atyachaar Nivaran Adhinyam Ke Antargat Aarthik Sahayata (SSS) |

Annexure 5: List of Targets not covered in Moradabad by Schemes

| Targets without any Schemes | | Targets covered under relevant acts | Targets will be covered if the following schemes are working | Targets not being covered by any Scheme, Act or Policy |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | 1.5 - Build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters | National Disaster Management Act,2005 (Partially) | | |
| 2. | 3.4- By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being | | | √ |
| 3. | 3.5 - 3.5-Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 • The Prevention Of Illicit Traffic In Narcotic Drugs And Psychotropic Substances Act, 1988 | | |

| | | | | |
|----|--|---|--|---|
| 4. | 3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents | | | √ |
| 5. | 3.9- Substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989 • The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 • The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977 • Bio-Medical Waste Management and Handling Rules, 2016 | | |
| 6. | 4.7- Ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global | | | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|---|
| | citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development | | | |
| 7. | 5.5-Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life | | | √ |
| 8. | 5.a - Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 • Married Women's Property Act, 1874 • Hindu Succession Act, 1956 | | |
| 9. | 5.b- Promote the empowerment of women through Technology. | | | √ |
| 10. | 5.c-Adopt and strengthen sound | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976 | | |

| | | | | |
|-----|--|---|---|---|
| | policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Married Women’s Property Act, 1874 • Pre-Conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (PCPNDT) Act, 1994 • Hindu Succession Act, 1956 | | |
| 11. | 6.3- Improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally | | National River Conservation Plan | √ |
| 12. | 6.5- Implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Water Mission (National Action Plan on Climate Change) • River Basin Management Scheme | | |
| 13. | 7.b- Expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy | | Decentralized Distribution Generation (DDG) | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--|--|
| | services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support | | | |
| 14. | 8.7-Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Child Labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act, 1986 • Bonded Labour System Abolition Act, 1976 | | |
| 15. | 8.8- Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum Wages Act, 1948 • Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 • Factories Act, 1948 • Contract Labour (Regulation & Abolition) Act, 1970 | | |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|---|--|---|
| 16. | 9.c- Increase access to information and communications technology. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Right to Information Act, 2005 • Digital India Programme | | |
| 17. | 11.5- Reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters. | | | √ |
| 18. | 11.6- Reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Partially) • Environment Protection Act, 1986 | | |
| 19. | 11.a Support positive economic , social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas | | | √ |
| 20. | 12.2- Achieve the sustainable management and | National Mission for Green India | | |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|---|--|--|
| | efficient use of natural resources | | | |
| 21. | 12.4- Environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008. (Partially) • Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989 • Bio-Medical Waste Management and Handling Rules,2016 • The Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016 • The E- Waste Management Rules, 2011 • The Batteries Management Rules, 2001 | | |
| 22. | 12.5- Reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008. (Partially) • Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989 • Bio-Medical Waste Management and Handling Rules,2016 | | |

| | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--|---|
| | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016 • The E- Waste Management Rules, 2011 • The Batteries Management Rules, 2001 | | |
| 23. | 12.8-ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature | | | √ |
| 24. | 13.1- Resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters. | <p>National Mission for Green India</p> <p>National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture</p> | | |
| 25. | 13.3- Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning | National Mission on Strategic Knowledge for climate Change | | |
| 26. | 15.1- Ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of | | | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| | terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements | | | |
| 27. | 15.5-Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species | | | √ |
| 28. | 15.6- Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources. | ABS Guidelines under the BD ACT 2002 | | |
| 29. | 15.7-Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand | | | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|--|--|---|
| | and supply of illegal wildlife products | | | |
| 30. | 15.9-By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts | | | √ |
| 31. | 15.a- Increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems. | | | √ |
| 32. | 15.b- Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries. | | | √ |
| 33. | 16.1- Reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere. | The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (Partially) | | |
| 34. | 16.4- Reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of | | | √ |

| | | | | |
|-----|---|---|--|--|
| | stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime. | | | |
| 35. | 16.5- Reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988 • The Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 • The Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 | | |
| 36. | 16.6- Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions. | Right to Information Act, 2005 | | |
| 37. | 16.7- Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels. | Panchayati Raj Act, PESA | | |
| 38. | 16.10 - Ensure Public access to information and protect fundamental freedom | Right to Information Act, 2005 | | |

Annexure 6 List of Government Schemes which do not apply to any SDG Target

| S.No | Department | Name of Scheme |
|------|---------------|---|
| 1. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Atihimeekrit Veerya Utpaadan Kendra (Rajya Yojana) (SSS) |
| 2. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Khurpaka Mahupaka Rog Niyantran Karyakram (F.M.D.- C.P.) 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (CSS) |
| 3. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Rinderpest irrigation Program – 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (CSS) |
| 4. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Pashu Rogo Ke Niyantran hetu Rajyo Ko Sahayta 75 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (JSS) |
| 5. | AHD+Dairy Dev | U.P. Veterinary Council Ki Sthapna 50 Pratshit Kendra Poshit (JSS) |
| 6. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Pashudhan Utpadan Tatha Prabandh Saankhyakeey Addhyan Tatha Shodh Karya (50 Pratishat Kendra Poshit) (JSS) |
| 7. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Sukar Prashikshan Kendra Evam Diagnostic Prayogshala Aligarh Sudhikaran (Rajya Yojana) |
| 8. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Dugdhan Vikas Karya hetu Gramin Awasthapana Suvidha (Automatic Milk Collection Unit Va Milk Cooler Ki Sthapna (SSS) |

| | | |
|-----|---------------|--|
| 9. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Dugdh Sandho /Samitiyon ke Sudrdheekaran, Purnagathan Evam Vistaar (Zila Yojana)) (DSS) |
| 10. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Mini Kamdhenu |
| 11. | AHD+Dairy Dev | Micro Kamdhenu |
| 12. | Animal Husba | Dairy Scheme |
| 13. | DSW | Mukhmantri Samuhik Vivah Yojan |
| 14. | DPR | Mukhya Mantri Panchayat Protsahan Puruskar Yojana |
| 15. | DPR | Panchayati Raj Prashikshan Sansthan Prit (PRIT) |
| 16. | WCD | Pati Ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Ki Putri Se Vivah hetu Anudaan Yojana (SSS) |
| 17. | WCD | Kamkaji Mahila Yojna |
| 18. | WCD | Child Helpline |
| 19. | WCD | Gharelu Hinsa se Mahilaon ka Sanrakshan |

Annexure 8: List of Departments that do not function at the District Level

- 1) Administrative Reforms
- 2) Appointment & Personnel
- 3) Backward Welfare
- 4) Civil Aviation
- 5) Commercial Tax
- 6) Cooperative
- 7) Coordination
- 8) Culture
- 9) Dharmarth
- 10) Election
- 11) Entertainment Tax
- 12) Excise
- 13) Estate
- 14) External Aided Project
- 15) Finance
- 16) General Administration
- 17) Handloom
- 18) Home Guards
- 19) Information & Public Relations
- 20) Information Technology & Electronics
- 21) Language
- 22) Law
- 23) Land Development & Water Resources
- 24) National Integration
- 25) Parliamentary Affairs
- 26) Planning
- 27) Political Pension
- 28) Prisons Administration & Reform Services

- 29) Program Implementation
- 30) Protocol
- 31) Public Enterprises
- 32) Revenue
- 33) Rural Engineering Department
- 34) Sanik Kalyan
- 35) Secretariat Administration
- 36) Sericulture
- 37) Samgra Gram Vikas Vibhag
- 38) Sports
- 39) Tourism
- 40) Transport
- 41) Urban Development
- 42) Urban Employment & Poverty Alleviation
- 43) Vidhai
- 44) Stamp and Registration
- 45) U.P. Reorganisation & Coordination
- 46) Vigilance
- 47) Youth Welfare

DRAFT NOT FOR CIRCULATION

Annexure 9: List of Scheme for which data is available

| Name of Scheme | Department Name | Type of Data |
|--|---|-------------------|
| 1-Ganna Vikas ki Yojna (District Plan) (SSS) | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| 1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, (Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karykram) | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| 1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program (Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karykram) | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| 1.c-Breeder Seed Transportation Program (Jav, Urvark,Varmi Compost Evam Ganna Beej Yatayat) | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| 1.d-Foundation seed transportation Program ((Jav, Urvark,Varmi Compost Evam Ganna Beej Yatayat) | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| 1.e-Seed/Soil treatment Program (Beej Evam Boomi Upchar Karyakram) | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| 1.f-Ratoon Management Program (Paudi Prabandh Karyakram) | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| 1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| 1.h-Antar Gramin Sadko Ka Nirman | Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | Districtwise |
| Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS) | Social Welfare | Beneficiary Level |
| Vriddhavastha/Kisan Pension Yojana (SSS) | Social Welfare | Beneficiary Level |

| | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Rashtriya Paarivarik Laabh Yojana (JSS) | Social Welfare | Districtwise(Online) |
| Atyachaar Nivaran Adhinyam Ke Antargat Aarthik Sahayata (SSS) | Social Welfare | Beneficiary Level |
| Rajkiya Aashram Paddhati Vidyalaya | Social Welfare | District Level |
| Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS) | Social Welfare | District Level |
| Vriddha Evam Ashakt Griho Ka Sanchalan (SSS) | Social Welfare | District Level |
| Nishulk Boring Yojana (SSS) | Ground Water and Minor Irrigation | Beneficiary wise |
| Madhyam Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | Ground Water and Minor Irrigation | Beneficiary wise |
| Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | Ground Water and Minor Irrigation | Beneficiary wise |
| Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Saamuhik Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | Ground Water and Minor Irrigation | Beneficiary wise |
| Varsha Jal Sanchayan/ Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirmaan Yojana [bundelakhand] (SSS) | Ground Water and Minor Irrigation | Beneficiary wise |
| Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saarvajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Riktiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna (SSS) | Training and Employment | districtwise |
| Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna (SSS) | Training and Employment | Districtwise |

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| Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana (SSS) | Training and Employment | Districtwise |
| Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Pension Yojana (SSS) | Women and Child Development | Beneficiary wise |
| Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS) | Women and Child Development | Blockwise |
| Anganwadi Centres | Women and Child Development | centrewise |
| Sarva Siksha Abhiyan | Basic Education | Blockwise |
| Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, | Secondary Education | Districtwise |
| Model School | Secondary Education | Districtwise |
| Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme | Secondary Education | Districtwise |
| Pramanit Neejo Per Anudaan (SSS) | Agriculture/Horticulture | Beneficiary Level |
| Sankar Beejo (Hybrid) ke Upyog Ko Badhava Dene Ki Yojana (SSS) | Agriculture/Horticulture | Beneficiary Level |
| Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako Ko Sahayta (SSS) | Agriculture/Horticulture | Beneficiary Level |
| (National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS) | Agriculture/Horticulture | Beneficiary Level |
| 1- .(National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture) (CSS)1a- Rashtriya Khaadya Suraksha Mission | Agriculture/Horticulture | Beneficiary Level |
| /National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology (CSS) | Agriculture/Horticulture | Beneficiary Level |
| Ekikrit bagwani vikas mission | Agriculture/ Horticulture | Beneficiaries wise |

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| Rashtriya Krishi Vikaas Yojana. [gautamabuddh nagar, baagapat, haapud, shamli, amaroha, bijanaur, sambhal, pilibhit, eta, shahjahanur, badaun, kaasaganj, aligarh, firozabaad, auraiya, kanpur dehaat, fatehpur, hardoi, lakheemapurkhiri, ambedakar nagar, amethi, gonda, balarampur, baharaich, shraavastee, chandauli, ajamgarh, maoo evam devariya, rampur] (CSS) | Agriculture/Horticulture | Beneficiaries wise |
| Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation (CSS) | Agriculture/ Horticulture | Beneficiaries wise |
| Rashtriya Ayush Misson | Agriculture/ Horticulture | Beneficiary Wise |
| Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers) | Beneficiary Level |
| Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers) | Beneficiary Level |
| Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) | Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers) | Beneficiary Level |
| Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme | Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers) | Beneficiary Level |
| Daughter Marriage Grant Scheme (SSS) | Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers) | Beneficiary Level |
| Saur Urja Sahayta Yojana (SSS) | Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers) | Beneficiary Level |
| Construction Worker Unitary Assistance Scheme (SSS) | Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers) | Beneficiary Level |
| Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS) | Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers) | Beneficiary Level |
| National Food Security Mission (CSS) | Food and Civil Supplies | Village Panchayat wise |

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| Identification of remaining priority households under NFSA. | Food and Civil Supplies | Village Panchayat wise |
| Supply Chain Management | Food and Civil Supplies | Village Panchayat wise |
| Door Step Delivery | Food and Civil Supplies | Village Panchayat wise |
| Aadhaar Card Seeding | Food and Civil Supplies | Village Panchayat wise |
| Capacity building for storage at Block and Tehsil level. | Food and Civil Supplies | Village Panchayat wise |
| Jalplavit Kshetra Mein Matsya Vikas (SSS) | Fisheries | Beneficiary Wise |
| Taalaabo Ki Matsya Utpadan Kshamta Ka Vikas (sss) | Fisheries | Beneficiary Wise |
| Macchua Durghatna Bima (CSS) | Fisheries | Beneficiary Wise |
| Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries- Government of India (CSS) | Fisheries | Beneficiary Wise |
| Fish seed production and its distribution to Fish Farmers from State Fish Farms. | Fisheries | Beneficiary Wise |
| Gaay/Bhaison Mein kritrim Garbhaadhaan Evam Praakritik Garbhaadhaan Dwaara Pashu Prajanaan ki Suvidhaon Ka Sudhaar Evam Vistaar Karaane ki Yojana (Zila yojana) (DSS) | Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | District Level |
| Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS) | Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | blockwise |
| Dugdh Utpadak Sadasyo Ko Sahkaaritaon Ke Antargat Protsahit Karna (Gokul Puruskar) (SSS) | Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | Beneficiary Wise |
| Dugdh Vikas Karya hetu Gramin Awasthapana Suvidha (Automatic Milk Collection Unit Va Milk Cooler Ki Sthapna) (SSS) | Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | Beneficiary level data not available as PARAG collects milk through channel of Milk Committees |
| Dugdh Sandho /Samitiyon ke Sudrdheekaran, Purnagathan Evam Vistaar (Zila Yojana) (DSS) | Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | Beneficiary Wise |

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| Dugdh Utpadan Vriddhi hetu Dugdh Utpadako Ko Takneeki Nivesh Yojana (Zila Yojana) | Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | Committeewise Details |
| Krishak Prashikshan Karyakram (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS) | Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | District Level |
| Birth & Death Control Program (SSS) | Medical and Family Welfare | Blockwise |
| School Health Program (SSS) | Medical and Family Welfare | District Level |
| State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) | Medical and Family Welfare | Blockwise |
| Energy Conservation Program | Energy | District Level |
| Village Electrification Program | Energy | District Level |
| Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020 | Energy | District Level |
| Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gramin Jyoti Youjna | Energy | District Level |
| CADA scheme under various irrigation Project | Irrigation and Water Resources | District Wise |
| Mission Antodaya | Rural Development | Blockwise |
| Social Forestry (SSS) | Forest Department | Districtwise |
| Social forestry in urban areas (SSS) | Forest Department | Districtwise |
| Green belt development scheme (SSS) | Forest Department | Districtwise |
| PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] | Industry | Beneficiary Wise |
| MYSY (Mukhyamantri Yojna Swa Rozgar Yojna) | Industry | Beneficiary Wise |
| Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS) | Panchayati Raaj | Districtwise |

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| Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin) | Panchayati Raaj | Blockwise |
| Mukhyamantri Panchayat Protsahan Puruskar Yojana | Panchayati Raaj | Districtwise |
| Block Level Cluster Scheme | Department of Handi Craft | Blockwise |

Annexure 10: SDG Targets with Demarcation

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| Access to Essential Services |
| Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture. |
| 2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round |
| 2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons |
| Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well being for all at all ages |
| 3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births |
| 3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births |
| 3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases |
| 3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being |
| 3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol |
| 3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents |
| 3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes |

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| 3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all |
| 3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination |
| Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all. |
| 4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and Goal-4 effective learning outcomes |
| 4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and preprimary education so that they are ready for primary education |
| 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university |
| Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all |
| 6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all |
| 6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations |
| 6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally |
| 6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity |
| 6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate |
| 6.b Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management |
| Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all. |
| 7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services |
| 7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix |
| 7.b By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support |
| Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation |
| 9.c Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020 |
| Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable. |
| 11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums |

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| 11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons |
| 11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries |
| 11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations |
| 11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities |

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| Conservation, Environment & Sustainability |
| Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture. |
| 2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality |
| 2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed |
| Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all |
| 6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes |
| Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable. |
| 11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management |
| 11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning |
| Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns |

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| 12.2-By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources |
| 12.4-By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment |
| 12.5-By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse |
| 12.8-By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature |
| Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts. |
| 13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries |
| 13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning |
| Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss. |
| 15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements |
| 15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally |
| 15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world |
| 15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species |
| 15.6 Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed |
| 15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products |
| 15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species |
| 15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts |

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| 15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems |
| 15.b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation |

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| Equity & Fairness |
| Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere. |
| 1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance |
| Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture. |
| 2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed |
| Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all. |
| 4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and Goal-4 effective learning outcomes |
| 4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and preprimary education so that they are ready for primary education |

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| 4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university |
| 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship |
| 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations |
| 4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy |
| 4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development |
| 4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, nonviolent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all |
| Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls |
| 5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere |
| 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation |
| 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation |
| 5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate |
| 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life |
| 5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences |
| 5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws |
| 5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women |
| 5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels |

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| Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all |
| 8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value |
| 8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms |
| 8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment |
| Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries. |
| 10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average |
| 10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status |
| 10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality |
| Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels |
| 16.1-Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere |
| 16.2-End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children |
| 16.4-By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime |
| 16.5-Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms |
| 16.6-Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels |
| 16.7-Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels |
| 16.9-By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration |
| 16.10-Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements |
| 16.b-Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development |

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| Economic and Social wellbeing |
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| Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere. |
| 1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day |
| 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions |
| 1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable |
| 1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters |
| Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture. |
| 2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment |
| Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all |
| 8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors |
| 8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services |
| 8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value |
| 8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training |
| 8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products |
| 8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all |
| Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation |
| 9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all |
| 9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets |
| 9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities |

9.b Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities

Department Wise SDG Targets and Government Schemes Alignment and Gap Analysis Moradabad

| INDEX | | | |
|-------|--|--|--|
| | Target as per UP document | | Schemes not contributing to any targets |
| | Target added by us | | Schemes not working in Pilibhit |
| | Target deleted by us but given in UP document | | Schemes contributing according to UP Govt however we think they are not contributing |
| | Target as per NITI Aayog Mapping (August 2018) | | Schemes listed in the NITI Aayog Mapping (August 2018) Document |

| Department of Agriculture / Horticulture | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|--------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| S1 No | Schemes | District | Goal 1: No Poverty | | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | | Goal 4: Quality Education | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | | Goal 15: Life on Land | |
| | | | Moradabad | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.a | 4.4 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 15.1 |
| 1 | Pramaanit Beejo Per Anudaan (SSS) | √ | | | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Sankar Beejo (Hybrid) ke Upyog Ko Badhava Dene Ki Yojana (SSS) | √ | | | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako Ko Sahayta (SSS) | √ | √ | √ | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | (National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS) | √ | | | | √ | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 1.(National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture) (CSS) 1a- Rashtriya Khaadya Suraksha Mission | √ | | | √ | | | | | | | √ | |
| 6 | 1- National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture (CSS) 1b- Mrida Swastha Card Yojana | √ | | | | √ | | | | | | | |

| Department of Agriculture / Horticulture | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|--------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| S1 No | Schemes | District | Goal 1: No Poverty | | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | | Goal 4: Quality Education | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | | Goal 15: Life on Land | |
| | | | Moradabad | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.a | 4.4 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 15.1 |
| 7 | Mrida Swastha Ka Sudhikaran (CSS) | √ | | | | | | | | | | | √ |
| 8 | National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology (CSS) | √ | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 9 | Integrated Scheme - On Agriculture Census, Economics and Statistics (CSS) | √ | | | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana/ Punargathit Mausam Aadharit Fasal Bima Yojana (CSS) | √ | | √ | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | उत्तर प्रदेश खाद्य प्रसंस्करण उद्योग नीति 2017 (SSS) | Not working | | | √ | | | | √ | | | | |
| 12 | Aaloo Vikas Niti -2014 (SSS) | Not working | | | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Ekikrit Bagvani Vikas Mission (M.I.D.H.) – Rashtriya Bagvani Mission (CSS) | √ | | | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Rashtriya Krishi Vikaas Yojana. [gautamabuddh nagar, baagapat, haapud, shamli, amaroha, bijanaur, sambhal, pilibhit, eta, shahjahanur, badaun, kaasaganj, aligarh, firozabaad, | √ | | | | | | √ | | | | | |

| Department of Agriculture / Horticulture | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|--------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| S1 No | Schemes | District | Goal 1: No Poverty | | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | | Goal 4: Quality Education | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | | Goal 15: Life on Land | |
| | | | Moradabad | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.a | 4.4 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 15.1 |
| | Allahabad, Allahabad Kannauj, Kanpur Dehat, Etawah, Fatehpur, Agra, Mathura, Etah, Aligarh, Hathras, Azamgarh, Varanasi, Ghazipur, Jaunpur, Chandauli, Mirzapur, Sonbhadra, Banda, Chitrakoot, Hamirpur, Mahoba, Jhansa, Jalaun, Lalitpur and Bahraich.] (, (CSS) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Udaymita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram/Udayamita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram (S.C.P. Yojana) Udayamita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram (S.C.P. Yojana Sitapur, Badaun, Bulandsheher, Hapur, Saharanpur, Muzzafarnagar, Bauda, Allahabad, Kanpur Dehat, Auriya, Farrukhabad, Varanasi, Sonbhadra, Baliya, Siddhartha nagar, Mainpuri, Aligarh., (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | | √ | | | | |
| 20 | Gunvatta Niyantran Evam Hygiene Sambandhi Jaagrukta Prashikshan Ki Yojana (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | | | √ | | | |

| Department of Agriculture / Horticulture | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|--------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|------|
| S1 No | Schemes | District | Goal 1: No Poverty | | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | | Goal 4: Quality Education | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | | Goal 15: Life on Land | |
| | | | Moradabad | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.a | 4.4 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 15.1 |
| 21 | Rashtriya Khadya Pranskaran mission (CSS) | To be checked | | | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Maun Palan (Honey Bee) (SSS) | Not working | | | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | Control of Pest insect through eco friendly mechanism (SSS) | Not working | | | √ | | | √ | | | | | |
| 24 | Technical input support for Agriculture Extension/Production enhancement through various measures (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 25 | Use of Information Technology for Development of Agriculture (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 26 | Trained Agri Entrepreneur Self Dependence Scheme. (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 27 | Estimation of Production and Production of different crops at Gram Panchayat level (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 28 | Subsidy on establishment of Solar Photo voltaic Pump (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 29 | Farmers support to enhance oil seed production. (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 30 | Strengthening of Bio-Fertilizers Production Lab. and promotion of Bio-Fertilizer use. (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 31 | Strengthening Soil Health (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 32 | Distribution of Gypsum for removal of micro nutrients deficiency (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |
| 33 | Bhoomi Sena Yojna (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | | | | | |

As per information provided by officers these schemes are not on going in the district

- 1 Pradesh mein Gunvattaayukt Paan Utpadan Ko Protsahan Ki Yojana (Unnao, Rai bareli, Lucknow, Jaunpur, Pratapgarh, Allahabad, Kanpur nagar, Azamgarh, Baliya, Barakanki, Mirzapur, Sonbhadra). (SSS)

| Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|
| S No | Schemes | District | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | | | Goal 4: Quality Education |
| | | Moradabad | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 4.4 |
| 1 | Gaay/Bhaison Mein kritrim Garbhaadhaan Evam Praakritik Garbhaadhaan Dwaara Pashu Prajanan ki Suvidhaon Ka Sudhaar Evam Vistaar Karaane ki Yojana (Zila Yojana)) (DSS) | √ | | | √ | | | |
| 2 | Pashu/Bhaison Mein Anurvarata Baanjhapan Nivaaran (Rajya Yojana) (SSS) | √ | | | √ | | | |
| 3 | Atihimmikrit Veerya Utpadan Kendra (Rajya Yojana) (SSS) | √ | | | | | | |
| 4 | Khurpa, Muhapaka Rog Niyantaran Karyakram (F.M.D.-C.P.) 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (CSS) | √ | | | | | | |
| 5 | Rinderpest Eradication Programme 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (CSS) | √ | | | | | | |
| 6 | Pashu Rogo Ke Niyantaran hetu Rajyo Ko Sahayta 75 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (JSS) | √ | | | | | | |
| 7 | U.P. Veterinary Council Ki Sthapna 50 Pratshit Kendra Poshit (JSS) | √ | | | | | | |
| 8 | Pashudhan Utpadan Tatha Prabandh Saankhyakeey Addhyan Tatha Shodh Karya (50 Pratishat Kendra Poshit) (JSS) | √ | | | | | | |
| 9 | National Livestock Mission Ke Antargat Rural Backyard Poultry Development Programme (CSS) | √ | | | √ | | √ | |
| 10 | Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS) | √ | | | √ | √ | | √ |
| 11 | Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS) | √ | | | √ | √ | | √ |
| 12 | Backyard Kukkut Palan Yojana (SSS) Kanmdhenu Yojana Poultry Development Policy. | √ | | | | | √ | |
| 13 | Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS) | √ | | | √ | √ | | √ |
| 14 | Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS) | √ | | | √ | √ | | √ |

| Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|
| S No | Schemes | District | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | | | Goal 4: Quality Education |
| | | Moradabad | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 4.4 |
| 15 | 20th Pashu Ganna Karyakram (100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit) | √ | | | √ | √ | | |
| 16 | (National Livestock Mission Under NLM following) Pashu Chikitsa Sevaayein Tatha Pashu Swastha Ke Antargat Sanchaalit Yojnayein | √ | | | √ | | | |
| 17 | Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran) | √ | | | √ | √ | | |
| 18 | Sukar Prashikshan Kendra Evam Diagnostic Prayogshala Aligarh Sudhikaran (Rajya Yojana) (राज्यो) | √ | | | | | | |
| 19 | Pashu Chikitsa Evam Swastha Tatha Rog Nidaan Sevaon Ka Sudhar Evam Vistaaran | √ | | | √ | | | |
| 20 | Gaay/Bhaison mein Kritrim Garbhaadaan Dwaara Pashu Prajnan Suvidhayein Evam Vistaar Tatha Baf Ke Madhyam se Prajnan Ki Suvidhayein Uplabdh karana | √ | | | √ | | | |
| 21 | Dugdh Utpadak Sadasyo Ko Sahkaaritaon Ke Antargat Protsahit Karna (Gokul Puruskar) (SSS) | √ | | | √ | | | |
| 22 | Dugdh Vikas Karya hetu Gramin Awasthapana Suvidha (Automatic Milk Collection Unit Va Milk Cooler Ki Sthapna) (SSS) | √ | | | | | | |
| 23 | E-Governance (Information Technology and Computerisation) (SSS) | Not Working | | | | | | |
| 24 | P.C.D.F (Pradeshik Cooperative Dairy Federation) Ke Sudhdhikaran hetu Rinn (loan) Yojana - (SSS) | Not Working | | | √ | | | |
| 25 | Janpada Kanpur mein Milk Powder Plant Ki Sthapana - (SSS) | Not Working | | | | | | |
| 26 | Janpada Kannauj mein Milk Powder Plant Ki Sthapana hetu P.C.D.F. Ko Rinn (loan) (SSS) | Not Working | | | | | | |
| 27 | Vibhutihand, Gomatinagar, Lucknow Stith Parag Kendra Ke Aadhunikikaran hetu P.C.D.F. Ko Rinn (loan) (SSS) | Not Working | | | | | | |

| Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------------|
| S No | Schemes | District | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | | | Goal 4: Quality Education |
| | | Moradabad | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 4.4 |
| 28 | Dugdh Sandho /Samitiyon ke Sudrdheekaran, Purnagathan Evam Vistaar (Zila Yojana) DSS) | √ | | | | | | |
| 29 | Dugdh Utpadan Vriddhi hetu Dugdh Utpadako Ko Takneeki Nivesh Yojana (Zila Yojana) | √ | | | √ | | | |
| 30 | Krishak Prashikshan Karyakram (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS) | √ | | | √ | | | √ |
| 31 | Dugdh Vikas Ki Rashtriy Yojana (CSS) | Not Working | | | | | √ | |
| 32 | Rashtriya kavi Vikas Yojana Antargat Dugdh Shalaaon ka Sudhdhikaran - (CSS) | √ | | | | | | √ |
| 33 | Mini Kamdhenu | √ | | | | | | |
| 34 | Micro Kamdhenu | √ | | | | | | |
| 35 | Dairy Scheme | √ | | | | | | |

| Department of Higher Education | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------|---------------------------------|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 4: Quality Education |
| | | Moradabad | 4.3 |
| 1 | 1- Rashtriya Uchcharat Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA) (CSS) 1.a-Institutional Development Plan) | Not Working | √ |
| 2 | National Service Scheme (CSS) | Not Working | |
| 3 | Development grants to Universities | Not Working | √ |
| 4 | Establishment of State Universities. | Not Working | √ |
| 5 | Establishment of Govt. Degree Colleges | Not Working | √ |
| 6 | Establishment of Model Degree Colleges in low GER district. | Not Working | √ |
| 7 | Infrastructure grants to Universities | Not Working | √ |
| 8 | Infrastructure grants two colleges | Not Working | √ |
| 9 | Strengthening of Govt. Degree colleges and inclusion of New subject | Not Working | √ |
| 10 | Upgradation of Govt. Degree colleges to modern Degree colleges | Not Working | √ |
| 11 | Establishment of Colleges by Private management in undeserved blocks | Not Working | √ |
| 12 | Extension of Govt. Degree Colleges building and Electrification | Not Working | √ |

| Name of Department : Department of Medical Health & Family Welfare Govt. of Uttar Pradesh | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|---------------------------|-----|---------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------------|-----|---|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being | | | | | | Goal 5: Gender Equality | | Goal 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions |
| | | | Moradabad | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 5.1 | 5.6 |
| 1 | National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Program (CSS) | Not working | √ | √ | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | National AIDS Control Program (CSS) | √ | | | | √ | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Birth & Death Control Program (SSS) | √ | | | | | | | | | | | √ |
| 4 | School Health Program (SSS) | √ | | √ | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | National Rural Health Mission (CSS) | √ | | | √ | | | √ | √ | | | | |
| 6 | UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS) | √ | | | | | | √ | √ | | | | |
| 7 | State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) | √ | | | √ | | | √ | | | | √ | |
| 8 | UP AIDS | √ | | | | √ | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Prandhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana | √ | √ | √ | √ | | | | | | √ | | |
| 10 | Janani Surakhsa Yojana | √ | | | √ | √ | | | | | | | |

| Directorate of Training & Employment (Under Deptt. of Labour) | | | | |
|---|--|-------------|---------------------------|---|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 4: Quality Education | Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth |
| | | Moradabad | 4.4 | 8.6 |
| 1 | Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saarvajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Uplabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Riktiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna. (SSS) | √ | | √ |
| 2 | Vyavasaya Marg Nirdeshan Karyakram Ke Antargat Rojgar Bazaar Mein Uplabdh Prashikshan, Ucchh Shiksha Ke Avasaro Ke Sambandh Mein Berojgar Abhyarthiyo Ko Samyak Va Upyogi jaankari Uplabdh Karana. (SSS) | Not working | √ | √ |
| 3 | Svata: Rojgaar Apnane hetu Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Protsahit Karna (SSS) | √ | √ | √ |
| 4 | Rojhar/Berojgar Ke Vibhinna Aayamo Ke Sambandh Mein Soochnaon Ka Ekatrikaran, Sankalan, Prachar Evam Prasar (SSS) | Not working | √ | √ |
| 5 | Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna (SSS) | √ | √ | √ |
| 6 | Paatra Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Berojgaari Bhatta Pradaan Karna. M.S.D.P. Yojana (SSS) | Not working | √ | √ |
| 7 | Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana (SSS) | √ | √ | √ |

| Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|------------------------------------|-----|---|---|-----------------------|------|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | | Goal 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure | Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities | Goal 15: Life on Land | |
| | | | Moradabad | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 9.1 | 11.a | 15.3 |
| 1 | 1-Ganna Vikas ki Yojna (District Plan) (SSS) | √ | | √ | √ | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karykram) | √ | | √ | √ | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karykram) | √ | | √ | √ | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 1.c-Breeder Seed Transportation Program ((Jav, Urvark,Varmi Compost Evam Ganna Beej Yatayat | √ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 1.d-Foundation seed transportation Program (Jav, Urvark,Varmi Compost Evam Ganna Beej Yatayat | √ | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 1.e-Seed/Soil treatment Program ((Beej Evam Boomi Upchar Karyakram) | √ | | | | | | | | | | √ |
| 7 | 1.f-Ratoon Management Program (iSM+h izcU/k dk;Zdze) | √ | | √ | √ | √ | | | | | | |
| 8 | 1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program | √ | | √ | √ | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 1.h- Antar Gramin Sadko Ka Nirman | √ | | | | | | | √ | | | |
| 10 | 2-Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (JSS) | Not working | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 2.a-Breeder Seed Production and Distribution Program | Not working | | √ | √ | √ | | | | | | |
| 12 | 2.b-Foundation Nursery Seed Production and Distribution Program | Not working | | √ | √ | √ | | | | | | |
| 13 | 2.c-Primary Nursery Seed distribution program | Not working | | √ | √ | √ | | | | | | |
| 14 | 2.d-Field Demonstration Program | Not working | | | √ | | | | | | | |
| 15 | 2.e-Micronutrient distribution Program | Not working | | | √ | √ | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 16 | 2.f-Agricultural Implements distribution Program | Not working | | | √ | | | | | |
| 17 | 2.g-Productivity award Program | Not working | √ | | | | | | | |
| 18 | 2.h-kisan Goshthi/kisan Mela Program | Not working | | | √ | | | | | |
| 19 | 2.i-Training Program | Not working | √ | | √ | | | | | |
| 20 | 2.j-Drip Irrigation Program | Not working | √ | | | √ | √ | | | |
| 21 | 3-National Food Security Mission (JSS) | Not working | √ | √ | | | | | | |

| Department of Energy (+Additional Energy Resources) | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 7: Affordable and Clean energy | | | |
| | | Moradabad | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.b |
| 1 | Solar Energy Program | √ | √ | √ | | |
| 2 | Bio Energy Program | Not working | √ | √ | | |
| 3 | Micro Hydel | Not working | √ | √ | √ | |
| 4 | Wind Energy | Not working | √ | √ | √ | |
| 5 | Energy Conservation Program | √ | √ | √ | | |
| 6 | Village Electrification Program | √ | √ | | | |
| 7 | Renewable Energy Certificate Mechanism (RECM) | Not working | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 8 | Decentralized Distribution Generation (DDG) | Not working | √ | | | √ |
| 9 | Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020 | √ | √ | √ | | |
| 10 | Mega Power Projects, each 4000MW to be installed | Not working | √ | | | |
| 11 | Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gramin Jyoti Yojna | √ | | | | |

| Department of Fisheries | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------|---|---|---|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 1: No Poverty | | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | | Goal 4: Quality Education | Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth | Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities | Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production |
| | | | Moradabad | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 4.4 | 8.5 | 11.1 |
| 1 | Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS) | √ | | | √ | | | | √ | | |
| 2 | Jalplavit Kshetra Mein Matsya Vikas (SSS) | √ | | | √ | | | | | | |
| 3 | Taalaabo Ki Matsya Utpadan Kshamta Ka Vikas (sss) | √ | | | √ | | | | | | |
| 4 | Vibhaagiya Matsya Prakshetro Ka Sudhdhikaran (SSS) | Not working | | | √ | √ | | | | | √ |
| 5 | Macchua Durghatna Bima (CSS) | √ | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries- Government of India (CSS) | √ | | | √ | | | | | | |
| 7 | Macchuaa Awas Yojana 35- Pujigat Parisampattiyo hetu Anudaan (CSS) | Not working | | | | | | | | √ | |
| 8 | Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries “Blue Revolution” -201- Rashtriya Macchuara Kalyan Yojana ke Antargat Macchua Awas (CSS) | Not working | | | √ | | | | | | |
| 9 | National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology | Not working | | | √ | | | | | | |
| 10 | Establishment of hatcheries and supply of quality inputs under Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana(RKVY) (ACA). | Not working | | | √ | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--|-------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 11 | Fresh water Prawn culture. | Not working | | | √ | | | | | |
| 12 | Fish seed production and its distribution to Fish Farmers from State Fish Farms. | √ | | | √ | | | | | |

| Department of Irrigation & Water Resources | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | | |
| | | | Moradabad | 6.5 | 6.3 |
| 1 | Development of information Technology in irrigation Department | Not working | √ | | |
| 2 | CADA scheme under various irrigation Project | √ | √ | | |
| 3 | Project for Conjunction use of surface & Ground water | to be checked | √ | | |
| 4 | Capacity Building- WALMI & PACT | to be checked | | | √ |

As per information provided by officers these schemes are not on going in the district

- 1 Uttar Pradesh Water Sector Restructuring Project (ESS)
- 2 National Hydrology Project (NHP) (ESS)

| Department of Basic/ Secondary Education | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 1: End Poverty | Goal 4: Quality Education | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Moradabad | 1.a | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 |
| 1 | Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, | √ | √ | √ | | | √ | | | | √ |
| 2 | Model School | √ | | √ | | √ | | | | | √ |
| 3 | Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme | √ | | √ | | √ | | √ | | | √ |
| 4 | Free Laptop Distribution Scheme (SSC) | Not working | | √ | | | √ | | | | √ |
| 5 | Kanya Vidhya Dhan Yojna | Not working | | √ | | | √ | | | | √ |
| 6 | Total Literacy Campaign-Adult Education (Saskhar Bharat) | Not working | | √ | | | √ | | | | √ |

| Department of Food & Civil Supplies | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 1: No Poverty | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | |
| | | Moradabad | 1.3 | 2.1 | 2.2 |
| 1 | National Food Security Mission (CSS) | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| 2 | Identification of remaining priority households under NFSA. | | | √ | |
| 3 | Supply Chain Management | | | √ | |
| 4 | Door Step Delivery | | | √ | |
| 5 | Aadhaar Card Seeding | | | √ | |
| 6 | Capacity building for storage at Block and Tehsil level. | All part of the above scheme | | √ | |

| Department of Forest | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|-------------|---|---|--|---|------|-------------------------------|------|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth | Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities | Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production | | Goal 13: Climate Action | | Goal 15: Life on Land | | | | | | |
| | | | Moradabad | 6.6 | 8.4 | 11.6 | 12.8 | 12.b | 13.2 | 13.3 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 15.4 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 15.8 |
| | 13th Finance Commission (ACA) (CSS) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | National Afforestation Programme (through Forest Development Authority) (CSS) | Not working | | | | | | | √ | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Intensification of Forest Management (CSS) | Not working | | | | | | | | | | | | √ | √ | |
| 18 | Forest Cover Enrichment Scheme (Agra, Aligarh, Bareilly, Meerut, Saharanpur, Moradabad, Jhansi, Banda, Kanpur Nagar, Lucknow, Faizabad, Gonda, Varanasi, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Gorakhpur, Basti and Azamgarh) (SSS) | Not working | | | √ | | | | √ | √ | | √ | | | √ | |
| 19 | Uttar Pradesh Bamboo Mission Yojana (CSS) | Not working | | | | | | √ | √ | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Saras Conservation Society | Not working | | | | | | | | √ | | √ | | | | |

As per information provided by officers these schemes are not on going in the district

1 Vir Abdul Hameed forest, wild life and environment protection award scheme (SSS)

- 2 Development of eco-tourism (S/DSS)
- 3 Tiger Conservation Society
- 4 Uttar Pradesh Participatory Forest Management and Poverty Alleviation Project (External Aided-Japan International Cooperation Agency[JICA])(SSS)
- 5 Project Tiger (CSS)
- 6 Project Elephant (CSS)

| Department of Ground Water / Minor Irrigation | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------------------|
| S.No | Schemes | District | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | | | | Goal 13: Climate Action |
| | | Moradabad | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.a | 13.2 |
| 1 | Bhujal Aankalan Ka Vikas Evam Bhujal Sarvekshan Ka Sudhdhikaran (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | |
| 2 | Bhujal Stroto Ka Maanchitrikaran (Aquifer Mapping) Evam Bhujal Stroto Ka Parameter Test (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | |
| 2a | Aquifer Mapping Evam Management Ki rashtriya Pariyojana (CSS) | Not working | √ | | | | |
| 3 | G.I.S. Aadharit Maanchitra (SSS) | Not working | √ | | | | |
| 4 | Rain Water Harvesting/Recharging (SSS) | √ | | | | √ | |
| 5 | Shaskeeya Bhavano Per Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting Pranali (SSS) | √ | | | | √ | |
| 6 | Bhujal Sansadhano Ki Gunvatta Ka Anusharavan Evam Mapping (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | |
| 7 | Bhujal Jan Jaagrukta Evam Prachar- Prasaar (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | |
| 8 | Kshetriya Bhujal Hub Ki Sthapna (SSS) | Not working | | √ | | | |
| 9 | Atidohit Evam Critical Vikaskhand Mein Varsha Jal Sanchyan Evam Bhujal Recharge Ki Akikrut Yojana (SSS) | Not working | | | | √ | |

| Department of Ground Water / Minor Irrigation | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------|
| S.No | Schemes | District | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | | | | Goal 13: Climate Action |
| | | Moradabad | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.a | 13.2 |
| 10 | Uttar Pradesh Jal Kshetra Pariyojana Charaan- II (UPWSRP-2) Ka Punargathan (ESS) | Not working | √ | | | | |
| 11 | Rashtriya Jal Vigyan Pariyojana (NHP)) (ESS) | Not working | | | | | √ |
| 12 | Nishulk Boring Yojana (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | |
| 13 | Madhyam Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | |
| 14 | Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | |
| 15 | Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Saamuhik Nalkoop Yojana (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | |
| 17 | Satahi Pumpset Se Sinchai Yojana ' (SSS) | Not working | | | | √ | |
| 18 | Varsha Jal Sanchayan/Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirman Yojana (SSS) | √ | | | √ | √ | |
| 19 | Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana (CSS) | Not working | | | | √ | |

As per information provided by officers these schemes are not on going in the district

- 1 Skill Development Technical Upgradation and Certification Scheme (SSS)
- 2 Construction Workers Food Assistance Scheme (SSS)

| Moradabad Development Authority (MDA) | | | | |
|--|---|------------------|---|--|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities |
| | | Moradabad | 6.a | 11.1 |
| 1 | Master Plan (SSS) (Policy) | Not working | | √ |
| 2 | Rain Water Harvesting (SSS) (Policy) | √ | √ | |
| 3 | Disaster Management (SSS) (Policy) | Not working | | |
| 4 | State Urban Housing & Habitat Policy (2013) (SSS) | √ | | √ |
| 5 | Integrated Township Policy (SSS) (Policy) | Not working | | √ |
| 6 | Naya Moradabad- (1-16+ Other) | √ | | √ |

| Department of Women & Child Development | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------------|--------------------|-----|-----|---------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|---------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------|-----|
| S.No | Schemes | Districts | Goal 1: No Poverty | | | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | | Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being | | | | Goal 4: Quality Education | | | Goal 5: Gender Equality | | | | | Goal 16: Peace and Justice | |
| | | | Moradabad | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.a | 5.c |
| 1 | Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Pension Yojana (SSS) | √ | √ | | | | | | | | | | | | √ | | √ | | | | |
| 2 | Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Se Vivah Karne Per Dampatti Ko Puruskar (SSS) | √ | | √ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Pati Ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Ki Putri Se Vivah hetu Anudaan Yojana (SSS) | √ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS) | √ | | | | | | | | | | | | | √ | √ | | | | | |
| 6 | Swadhaar Yojana (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | | | | | | | | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | |
| 7 | Step Yojana (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | | | | | | √ | √ | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Ujjwala Yojana (CSS) | | | | | | | | | | | | √ | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (CSS) | Not working | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 181 Mahila Help-line (CSS) | √ | | | | | | | | | | | | | √ | √ | √ | | | | |
| 11 | Mahila Samaakhya Kaaryakram Mahila Sangh, Naari Adalat, Naari Shiksha, Sanjeevani Kendra, Mahila Swayam Sahayta Samooh (SSS) | Not working | | | | | | | | | | | | | √ | √ | √ | | | | |
| 12 | Rajkiya Mahila Sharnalaya (Varanasi, Agra, Meerut, Moradabad, Gorakhpur, | Not working | | | | | | | | | | | | | √ | √ | √ | | √ | √ | |

| Department of Disability | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|---|
| S.no | Schemes | District | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | Goal 3: Good Health | Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth | Goal 10: Reduce Inequality | Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities |
| | | Moradabad | 2.1 | 3.8 | 8.5 | 10.2 | 11.2 |
| 1. | Deen Dayal Rehabilitation Scheme (DDRS) | Not Working | | | | | |
| 2. | District Disability Rehabilitation Centre (D.D.R.C) | √ | | √ | | | |
| 3. | U.D.I.D Scheme | √ | | | | √ | |
| 4. | S.I.P.D.A Scheme | √ | | | | √ | |
| 5. | Accessible India (Sugamya Bharat) | √ | | | | √ | √ |
| 6. | Swavalamban Health Insurance Scheme | Not Working | | | | | |
| 7. | A.D.I.P Scheme | Not Working | | | | √ | |
| 8. | Nourishment Grant (Pension) Scheme for PWDs. | √ | √ | | | | |
| 9. | Disability (due to) Leprosy Nutrition Grant Scheme | √ | √ | | | | |
| 10. | Artificial Limbs/Assistive Equipment Scheme | √ | | √ | | | |
| 11. | Incentive on marrying PWDs Scheme | Not Working | | | | | |

| Department of Disability | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|---|
| S.no | Schemes | District | Goal 2: Zero Hunger | Goal 3: Good Health | Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth | Goal 10: Reduce Inequality | Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities |
| | | Moradabad | 2.1 | 3.8 | 8.5 | 10.2 | 11.2 |
| 12. | Shop Construction/Shop-Operation Scheme | √ | | | √ | | |
| 13. | Corrective Surgery treatment grant for PWDs | √ | | √ | | | |
| 14. | Free bus transportation for PWDs by Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation (UPSRTC) | √ | | | | | √ |
| 15. | State Level Awards for Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities | √ | | | | √ | |
| 16. | Training of teachers for identifying children affected with Dyslexia, Attention Deficit and Hyper Activity Syndrome. | √ | | | | | |
| 17. | Aid to Voluntary Organizations for operation of Shelter-Houses Cum Training Centres for Shelter-less Mentally Retarded and Mentally Challenged Persons With Disabilities | Not Working | | | | | |
| 18. | Aid to Voluntary Organizations/ Institutions | Not Working | | | | | |
| 19. | Operation of Braille Press | Not Working | | | | | |

| Department of Minority Welfare | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|----------------------------|
| S.no | Schemes | District | Goal 1 : No Poverty | Goal 4: Quality Education | | | Goal 10: Reduce Inequality |
| | | Moradabad | 1.3 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 10.2 |
| 1. | Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System | √ | √ | | | | √ |
| 2. | Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP | √ | | √ | √ | √ | |
| 3. | Pre-matric Scheme for Minority Community | √ | | √ | | | |
| 4. | Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community | √ | | | √ | √ | |
| 5. | Daughter marriage Scheme for Minority Community | | | | | | |
| | Coaching Scheme for Minority Community | Not working | | | | | |

| Department of Public Works | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-----------|--|
| S.no | Schemes | District | Goal 9 : Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure |
| | | Moradabad | 9.1 |
| 1. | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Kendriya Sadak Nidhi ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | √ | √ |
| 2. | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3054 ke Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | √ | √ |
| 3. | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3034 ke Antargat Vishesh Marammat Sweekrit Kaaryon ka Vivaran | √ | √ |
| 4. | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Nirvatran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | √ | √ |
| 5. | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag Mein Nivatran Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | √ | √ |
| 6. | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran | √ | √ |
| 7. | Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag Mein Nadi Setu Ke Chaaloo Kaaryo/Sweekrit Kaaryo Par Aavantit Dhanrashi Ka Lok Sabhaavaar Vivaran | √ | √ |

DRAFT NOT FOR CIRCULATION

| Department of Small Scale Industries & Export Promotion | | | | |
|---|-------------|---------------------|-----|--|
| Schemes | District | Goal 1 : No Poverty | | Goal 9 : Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure |
| | | 1.1 | 1.3 | 9.3 |
| Hastashilpiyo Ke Kaushal Vikas Ki Prashikshan Yojana | √ | | | √ |
| Niryaat Bazaar hetu Design Workshop | √ | | | √ |
| Hastashilpi Pehchaan Patra Yojana | Not Working | | | |
| Akhil Bhartiya Hastashilp Saptah Ka Manaya Jaana | √ | | | |
| Alpasankhaya Samudaya Ke Dastakaaro Ko Sahayata Karne Tatha Hastakala Ke Unnnyan Se Sambandhit Aligarh Muslim Vishwa Vidyalaya Ko Pariyojana Antargat Sahayata Yojana | Not Working | | | |
| Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shilpakaaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana | √ | √ | √ | |
| Rajiv Gandhi Shilpi Swastha Bima Yojana | Not Working | | | |
| Hastashilpi Credit Card Yojana | Not Working | | | |
| Hastashilp Kshetra Mein Utkrisht Yogdaan Ke Liye Hastashilpiyo Ko Rashtriya Puruskar Yojana | √ | | | |
| Pradesh Ke Vishisht Hastashilpiyo Ko Rajya Puruskar Pradan Karne Ki Yojana | √ | | | |
| Baba Saheb Dr. Bhim rao Ambedkar Laghu Udyog Pradeshik Puruskar Yojana | Not Working | | | |

| Department of Khadi and Village Industries | | | | |
|--|------------------|--|-----|--|
| Schemes | District | Goal 8 : Decent Work & Economic Growth | | Goal 9 : Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure |
| | | 8.3 | 8.6 | 9.3 |
| | Moradabad | | | |
| Khadi Development Scheme | Not Working | | | |
| Gramodayogi Yojna | Not Working | | | |
| Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| PM Employment Generation Program Rural | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Training Scheme | Not Working | | | |

Schemes Listed in the NITI Aayog Mapping Document (August 2018) that needs to be checked

1. Umbrella Scheme on Development of Skills
2. National Social Assistance Programme
3. Umbrella Programme for Development of Minorities
4. Umbrella Programme for Development of Schedule Tribes
5. Umbrella Programme for Development of Schedule
6. Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yogna
7. Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yogna

8. Vanbandhu Kalyan Yogna

9. Jan Aushudhi Scheme

10. Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana

National Mission on Green India

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | |
|----------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---------------------------|
| | | | | Social Welfare | Rural Development | Women & Child Development |
| SDG 1: No Poverty | 1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day | 1.1.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line. 1.1.2 : Poverty Gap Ratio | %age of households covered under SHG % age of HH with access to bank credit %age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS %age of AAY and Priority HH covered under TPDS | Old Age Pension National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) National Rural Livelihood Mission | Widow Pension (SSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | |
|----------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | | | Social Welfare | Rural Development | Agriculture and Horticulture |
| SDG 1: No Poverty | 1.2 : By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions | National Indicator not yet evolved | | Old Age Pension (SSS) National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) National Rural Livelihood Mission | Assistance to Small and Marginal Farmers |

| S.no | Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | | | | |
|------|----------------------|--|---|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | | | | | Social Welfare | Rural Development | Agriculture and Horticulture | Fisheries | Labour | Women & Child Development |
| 3 | SDG 1: No Poverty | 1.3 : Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 | 1.3.1 : Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance 1.3.2 : Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated | %age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS %age of SC/ST/women getting wage employment %age of farmers | Scholarship Scheme (SSS) Old Age Pension (SSS) National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | Prime Ministers Crop Insurance Scheme Assistance to Small and Marginal Farmers | Fisherman Accidental Insurance (CSS) | Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS) Pension Scheme (SSS) | Widow Pension |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| | achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable | Child Development Scheme(ICDS) 1.3.3 : Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act(MGNREGA) | covered under PMFBY % age of population covered under the Yojana %age of old people getting pension % age of widows getting pension %age of disabled getting pension | Financial Assistance for the Prevention of Atrocities (SSS) Operation of old age homes (SSS) | | | | Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS) Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS) | |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--|

| S.no. | Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|-------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | | Rural Development |
| 4 | SDG 1: No Poverty | 1.4 : By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance | 1.4.1 : Proportion of population (Rural) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets) 1.4.2 : Proportion of population (Urban) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets) 1.4.3 : Proportion of population (Urban/Rural) living in households with access to electricity 1.4.4 : Proportion of homeless population to total population 1.4.5 : Proportion of population having bank accounts 1.4.6 : Number of mobile telephones as percentage of total population | %age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS %age of SC/ST/women getting wage employment | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | Labour | Rural Development | Food and Civil Supplies | Women and Child Development |
| SDG 2: Zero Hunger | 2.1 : By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by | 2.1.1 : Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight. 2.1.2 : Proportion of population (marginalized and | %age of BPL HH covered under TPDS | Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) | Mission Antodaya | National Food Security Mission (CSS) | ICDS (CSS) |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round | vulnerable) with access to food grains at subsidized prices | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | | |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | Labour | Health & Family Welfare | Food and Civil Supplies | Women and Child Development |
| SDG 2: Zero Hunger | 2.2 : By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, | 2.2.2: Percentage of children under | %age of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition | Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | School Health Program (SSS) | National Food Security Mission (CSS) | ICDS (CSS) |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| <p>SDG 2: Zero Hunger</p> | <p>2.3 : By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and</p> | <p>2.3.1 : Agriculture productivity of Wheat and Rice (Yield per hectare) 2.3.2 Gross Value Added in Agriculture per worker 2.3.3 : Ratio of institutional credit to agriculture to the agriculture output. 2.3.3 : Ratio of institutional credit to agriculture to the agriculture output.</p> | <p>%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses %age of farmers availing crop loans</p> | <p>Grant on Certified Seeds (SSS) Scheme for Promoting the use of hybrid seeds (SSS) National Mission on oil seeds and oil palm Agri Junction Agri Mechanisation National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture National Horticulture Mission</p> | <p>Scheme for improvement of animal breeding facilities by artificial insemination and natural conception in cow / buffalo (DSS) Prevention of infertility in animals / buffaloes (SSS) Schemes operated under Veterinary Services and Animal Health Technical Investment schemes for milk producers to increase milk production (DSS) Agricultural Training Programmes (General /SSP) (DSS)</p> | <p>1.a- Foundation nursery seed distribution Program 1.b- Primary nursery seed distribution Program 1.f- Ratoon Management Program 1.g- Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program</p> | <p>Fisheries Development in Jalplavit Areas(SSS) Increase of fisheries production in Ponds (sss) Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries. Pond Redevelopment and Development of Pond (CSS) Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS)</p> |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|

| | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| | non-farm employment | | | <p>National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology (CSS)</p> <p>National Ayush Mission</p> <p>National Food Processing Mission(CSS)</p> <p>Per drop more crop – Micro Irrigation</p> | <p>National Livestock Mission – Rural Backyard Poultry Development(CSS)</p> <p>Scheme for establishment of one unit of commercial layer farm having 10,000 birds(SSS)</p> <p>Scheme for establishment of one unit of commercial layer farm having 30,000 birds (SSS)</p> <p>Broiler poultry scheme under National Agriculture Development Scheme (CSS)</p> <p>Rural Backyard Poultry (JSS)</p> <p>Establishment, development, reinforcement</p> | | |
|--|---------------------|--|--|---|---|--|--|

| | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|
| | | | | | and breeding facilities (DSS) | |
| | | | | | Schemes from improvement of Veterinary Services and Animal Health | |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | |
|--------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | | | | Agricultural & Horticulture | Cane Development | Animal Husbandry & Dairy Development |
| SDG 2: Zero Hunger | 2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding | 2.4.1 : Proportion of degraded land to net sown area 2.4.2 : Percentage of farmers issued Soil Health Card 2.4.3 : Percentage of net area under organic farming | | National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission (CSS) Per drop more crop – Micro Irrigation | 1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, 1.f-Ratoon Management Program (| Scheme for establishment of one unit of commercial layer farm having 10,000 birds(SSS) Broiler poultry scheme under National Agriculture Development Scheme (CSS) Establishment, development, reinforcement and breeding facilities (DSS) |

| | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | |
|--------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| | | | | Agricultural & Horticulture | Cane Development |
| SDG 2: Zero Hunger | 2.5 : By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed | <p>2.5.1: Number of accessions conserved in the base collection (-18 degree Celsius) at National Gene Bank</p> <p>2.5.2: Conservation of germplasm (in number)</p> <p>2.5.3: Conservation of fish genetic resource (in number)</p> | | <p>Industrial development program for SC / ST farmers</p> <p>National Agricultural Development Scheme</p> <p>National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology</p> | 1.f-Ratoon Management Program |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|-------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
|-------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|

| | | | | Health & Family Welfare | Labour | Women & Child Development |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being | 3.1 : By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births | <p>3.1.1 : Maternal Mortality Ratio</p> <p>3.1.2 : Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel(Period 5 years)</p> <p>3.1.3 : Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel(Period 1 year)</p> <p>3.1.4 : Percentage of women aged 15–49 years with a live birth, for last birth ,who received antenatal care, four times or more(Period 5 years/1 year)</p> | <p>%age of pregnant women with full antenatal care (with three ante natal care)</p> <p>%age of pregnant women who consumed (given) iron folic acid for 100 days or more,</p> <p>%age of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition</p> <p>%age of pregnant women vaccinated</p> <p>%age of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services</p> <p>%age of (safe deliveries) delivery attended by skilled health professional</p> <p>%age of pregnant women getting cash incentives under MSY (Rs. 5000)</p> | <p>National Rural Health Mission (CSS)</p> <p>Janani Suraksha Yojana (CSS)</p> <p>Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS)</p> <p>State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)</p> | <p>Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)</p> | <p>Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)</p> |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | Women & Child Development |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | | Labour | |
| SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being | 3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births | 3.2.1 : Under-five mortality rate 3.2.2 : Neonatal mortality rate 3.2.3 : Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine) | %age of children in grade 3 malnutrition Under five mortality rate Neo Natal mortality rate %age of children fully immunized (9-11 months) %age of children partially immunized | Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) | ICDS (CSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Health & Family Welfare |
| SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being | 3.3 : By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases | 3.3.1 : Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population 3.3.2 : Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population 3.3.3 : Malaria incidence per 1,000 population 3.3.4 : Viral Hepatitis (including A & B) incidence per 100,000 population 3.3.5 : Dengue: Case Fatality Ratio (CFR) 3.3.6 : Number of Chikungunya cases. 3.3.7 : Number of new cases of Kalaazar/ V Leishmaniasis | No. of HIV infections per 1000 uninfected population No. of incidence and No. of notified cases | National AIDS Control Program (CSS) UP AIDS (SSS) RI Vaccination (SSS) |

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|--|--|---|--|
| | | <p>3.3.8 : Number of new cases of Lymphatic Filariasis (LF)</p> <p>3.3.9 : The proportion of grade-2 cases amongst new cases of Leprosy</p> <p>3.3.10 : HIV Prevalence Rate</p> | |
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| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|
| | | | | Health & Family Welfare |
| SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being | 3.7 : By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes | <p>3.7.1 : Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods</p> <p>3.7.2 : Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant.</p> <p>3.7.3 : Percentage of Institutional Births.(5 years/1 years).</p> | | <p>National Rural Health Mission (CSS)</p> <p>State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)</p> <p>UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS)</p> |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | |
|--------------------|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | | | Health & Family Welfare | Labour |
| SDG 3: Good Health | 3.8 : Achieve universal health coverage, | 3.8.1 : Percentage of currently married women | % of Out of Pocket Expenditure under insurance schemes | National Rural Health Mission (CSS) | Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS) |

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|----------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| and Well Being | including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all | (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods 3.8.2 : Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period | Total no. of registered practitioners %age of women using modern method of planning | UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS) | Medical Facility Scheme Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS) Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) |
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| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | | |
|-------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | | | | Social Welfare | Labour | Secondary Education | Basic Education |

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| <p>SDG 4: Quality Education</p> | <p>4.1 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes</p> | <p>4.1.1 : Net Enrolment Ratio in primary and upper primary education 4.1.2 : Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education 4.1.3 : Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher secondary education 4.1.4 : Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades 4.1.5 : Gross intake ratio to the last grade (primary, upper primary and secondary) 4.1.6 : Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reaches last grade or primary/upper primary/secondary</p> | <p>NER in Primary (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority)</p> <p>NER in upper primary (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority)</p> <p>Proficiency in Math & language at class 5 and 8 (National Achievement Survey NCERT)</p> <p>%age of children (SC/ST/Minorities) covered by scholarships pre matric</p> <p>Density of primary schools per ten square km</p> <p>density of upper primary schools per ten square km</p> <p>Student Teacher Ratio</p> <p>%age of children in the primary and upper primary covered under MDM</p> <p>Drop out ratio at Upper- primary level (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)</p> | <p>Scholarship Scheme (SSS)</p> <p>Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS)</p> | <p>Girl Help Scheme (SSS)</p> <p>Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)</p> <p>Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)</p> | <p>Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan,</p> <p>Model School</p> <p>Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme</p> | <p>Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan</p> |
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| | <p>levels</p> <p>4.1.7 : Out of school ratio (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary)</p> <p>4.1.8 : Number of years (i) free and (ii) compulsory education guaranteed in legal frameworks</p> | <p>Drop out ratio at elementary level (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)</p> <p>Average Annual Drop-out rate</p> | | | |
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| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | Women & Child Development | Labour |
| SDG 4: Quality Education | 4.2 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education | 4.2.1 : Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry 4.2.2 : Gross early childhood education enrolment ratio | | ICDS | Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh state Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | Social Welfare | Labour | Secondary Education |
| SDG 4: Quality Education | 4.3 : By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university | 4.3.1 : Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months 4.3.2 : Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education 4.3.3 : Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education | | Scholarship Scheme (SSS) Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS) | Girl Help Scheme (SSS) Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS) Residential School Plan (SSS) | Model School Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | | |
|--------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | Social Welfare | Labour | Training & Employment | Industry |
| SDG 4: Quality Education | 4.4 : By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship | 4.4.1 : Proportion of computer literate adults | | <p>Scheme for 10,000 Commercial Layers of Poultry (SSS)</p> <p>Scheme for 30,000 layers of poultry</p> <p>Agricultural training program</p> <p>Broiler poultry scheme under National Agriculture Development Scheme (CSS)</p> <p>Rural Backyard Poultry (JSS)</p> <p>Strengthening of Dairy under the National Agriculture Development Plan</p> | <p>Skill Development Technical Upgradation and Certification Scheme (SSS)</p> | <p>Inviting private sector employers to organize employment fairs in the office. (SSS)</p> <p>Encourage unemployed candidates for self employment (SSS)</p> <p>Increase employability and skills of the candidates of the weaker sections of the society. (SSS)</p> | <p>PMEGP SCHEME Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme</p> |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|-----------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Social Welfare | Labour | Basic Education | Secondary Education | Panchayati Raj |
| SDG 4: Quality Education | 4.5 : By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations | 4.5.1: Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities 4.5.2 : Gender Parity indices for Primary/Secondary/ Higher Secondary/Tertiary education. | %age of SC/ST/OBC/ minorities students covered by scholarships pre and post matric %age of schools which are disabled friendly | Scholarship Scheme (SSS) Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS) | Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS) Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS) | Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan | Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme | Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|-------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | Social Welfare |

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|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| SDG 4: Quality Education | 4.6 : By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy | 4.6.1 : Literacy rate of youth in the age group of 15-24 years. | | Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS) |
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| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|
| | | | | Social Welfare | Secondary Education | Basic Education |
| SDG 4: Quality Education | 4.a : Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all | 4.a.1 : Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) computers for pedagogical purposes; (c) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/ disabled friendly ramp and toilets; (d) basic drinking water; (e) single-sex | | Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS) | Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, Model School Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme | Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
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| | | | | Women & Child Development |
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|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| SDG 5: Gender Equality | 5.1 : End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere | 5.1.1 : Rate of crimes against women per every 1,00,000 female population 5.1.2 : Proportion of women subjected to dowry related offences to total crime against women 5.1.3 : Sex Ratio at Birth 5.1.4 : Whether or not legal framework are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex. | Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years) No. of gender based violence cases reported (Cases under- Dowry Prohibition Act Domestic Abuse Act Immoral Traffic Prevention Act Indian Penal Code) Gender Wage Gap | Widow Pension (SSS) Establishment of Rani Lakshmbai Women and Child Resource Fund- (SSS) Financial aid scheme for women suffering from dowry |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
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| | | | | Women & Child Development |
| SDG 5: Gender Equality | 5.2 : Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation | 5.2.1 : Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported in the country during the calendar year 5.2.2 : Proportion of sexual crimes against women to total crime against women during the calendar year | | Establishment of Rani Lakshmbai Women and Child Resource Fund- (SSS) Financial aid scheme for women suffering from dowry (SSS) 181 Women Helpline (CSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|---------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | Social Welfare |
| SDG 5: Gender Equality | 5.3 : Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation | 5.3.1 : Proportion of cases reported under the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (early marriage of children below 18 years of age) to total crime against children. 5.3.2 : Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 18 | | 181 Women Helpline (CSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh state Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|---------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | Social Welfare |
| SDG 5: Gender Equality | 5.4 : Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate | 5.4.1 : Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work. | | National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | | | | Health & Family Welfare |
| SDG 5: Gender Equality | 5.6 : Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences | 5.6.1 : Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods 5.6.2 : Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years 5.6.3 : Proportion of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV / AIDS | %age of women using modern method of planning | State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| | | | | Rural Development |
| SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | 6.1 : By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all | 6.1.1 : Percentage of population having safe and adequate drinking water within their premises. 6.1.2 : Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source(Rural) | Prop. of rural habitations fully covered with drinking water supply | National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|-------|--------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | Panchayati Raj |
| | | | %of workforce in manual scavenging | Swachh Bharat Mission |

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| SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | 6.2 : By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations | 6.2.1 : Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural) 6.2.2 : Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target 6.2.3 : Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls | %age of households covered by IHHL (rural) | Gram Panchayat Development Programme (G.P.D.P) Sanitary Napkin Swachh Gram |
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| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--|---|
| | | | | Ground Water & Minor Irrigation | Rural Development |
| SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | 6.4 : By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water | 6.4.1 : Percentage ground water withdrawal against availability 6.4.2 : Per capita storage of water(m3/person) 6.4.3 : Per capita availability of water (m3/person) | | Development of Ground Water Estimation and Strengthening of Groundwater Survey (SSS) Aquaifer mapping and parameter test on groundwater sources (SSS) Monitoring and Mapping of Quality of Groundwater Resources(SSS) Ground water awareness and publicity(SSS) | National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) |

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| | scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity | | | Nishluk Boring Scheme (SSS) Medium Deep Tubewell Scheme (SSS) Deep Tubewell Scheme (SSS) Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Group Tubewell Scheme (SSS) Establishment of Regional Ground Water Hub (SSS) | |
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| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|
| | | | | Ground Water & Minor Irrigation |
| SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | 6.6 : By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes | 6.6.1 : Area under over-exploited blocks 6.6.2 : Percentage sewage load treated in major rivers 6.6.3 : Biological assessment information of surface water bodies. | | Check dam construction plans for rainwater harvesting / use and ground water recharge (SSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | Drinking Water & Sanitation |
| SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation | 6.b : Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management | 6.b.1 : Proportion of villages with village water and sanitation committee | | Swachh Bharat Mission |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Labour | Energy and Additional Energy |
| SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy | 7.1 : By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services | 7.1.1 : Percentage of households electrified 7.1.2 : Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel | % of HH electrified Total LED distributed No. of villages electrified | Solar energy assistance scheme (SSS) | Solar Energy Program Energy Conservation Program Village Electrification Program Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020 |

| Goals | Target | | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
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| | | National Indicators | | Labour | Energy and Additional Energy |
|------------------------------------|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy | 7.2 : By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix | 7.2.1 : Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix | Renewable energy-share in the total final energy mix Circuit km of transmission line constructed | Solar energy assistance scheme (SSS) | Solar Energy Program Energy Conservation Program Village Electrification Program Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020 |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
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| | | | | Industry |
| SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth | 8.2 : Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors | 8.2.1 : Annual growth rate of GDP per employed person 8.2.2 : Total number of patents issued 8.2.3 : Annual growth in manufacturing sector 8.2.4 : Annual growth in agriculture sector | Annual growth in manufacturing sector | Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS) Technology Upgradation Scheme for Uttar Pradesh Small & Medium Scale Industries |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | |
|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Industry | Rural Development | Panchayati Raj |

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| <p>SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth</p> | <p>8.3 : Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services</p> | <p>8.3.1 : Proportion of unorganized employment in non-agricultural sectors 8.3.2 : Coverage under ESI and EPS 8.3.3 : Coverage of NPS 8.3.4 : No. of MSME units registered under the online Udyog Aadhaar registration. 8.3.5 : Number of start-ups recognized under Start-up India 8.3.6 : Total number of patents issued. 8.3.7 : Growth of Registered Micro, Small and Medium Size Enterprises 8.3.8 : Total loans outstanding to micro, small and medium enterprises 8.3.9 : Outstanding Credit to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises</p> | <p>%age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGA %age employment in MSME; No. of Labour Identification nos. allotted</p> | <p>PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister’s Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] One District-One Product (SSS)</p> | <p>Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)</p> | <p>Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA)</p> |
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| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
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| | | | | Industry |
|---|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth | 8.5 : By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value | 8.5.1 : Unemployment rate | No. of Employment generated No. of employers (including MSME) given incentive for promoting employment under this scheme No. of MSME unit set up | Industry Infrastructure Development Promotion Scheme (SSS)(Workshop) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| | | | | Industry | Rural Development | Khaadi & Village | Panchayati Raj | Training & Employment |
| SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth | 8.6 : By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training | 8.6.1 : Unemployment Rate (15-24 years) 8.6.2 : Proportion of youth (15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET) | No. of employment generated No. of people skilled under the programme | PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS] | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS) | Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna PM Employment Generation Program Rural | Sanitary Napkin Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.) | Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saarvajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Rikhtiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna (SSS) |

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| | | | %age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS | | | | | <p>Svata: Rojgaar Apnane hetu Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Protsahit Karna</p> <p>Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna</p> <p>Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana (SSS)</p> |
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| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | |
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| | | | | Rural Development | Cane Development |

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| SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure | 9.1 : Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all | 9.1.1 : Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road 9.1.2 : Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport 9.1.3 : Gross Capital Formation by industry of use. | Km. Constructed No. of villages connected by all-weather roads | Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS) | Inter Village Road Development |
|--|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------|

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Industry |
| SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure | 9.3 : Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets | 9.3.1 : Share of Household sector in total industry value added 9.3.2 : Percentage/ Proportion of Credit Flow to MSMEs (as a Percentage of Total Adjusted Net Bank Credit) | | Industry Infrastructure Development Promotion Scheme (SSS)(Workshop) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Industry |
| SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure | 9.4 : By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities | 9.4.1 : CO2 equivalent emission per unit of value added 9.4.2 : Energy use intensity of manufacturing value added. | | Industry Infrastructure Development Promotion Scheme (SSS)(Workshop) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | | | | Industry |
| SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities | 10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average | 10.1.1 : Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population | Household Income, Household Expenditure(NSSO) | Mahatama Gandhi National Rural Employment Gaurantee Scheme (CSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
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| | | | | Labour |
| SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities | 10.2 : By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status | 10.2.1 : Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median household expenditure 10.2.2 : Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government 10.2.3 : Proportion of persons from vulnerable groups in elected bodies. | | Pension Scheme (SSS) Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--------------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------|
| | | | | Fisheries | Rural Development | Labour | MDA | Social Welfare |
| SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities | 11.1 : By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums | 11.1.1 : Percentage of Slums/Economically Weaker Sections (EWS) households covered through formal/affordable housing. 11.1.2 : Percentage of Slum Area Covered with basic Services 11.1.3 : Proportion of Urban Population Living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing | % age HH covered in urban areas %age of slum areas covered | Fishermen Housing Scheme (CSS) | Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS) | Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme | State Urban Housing & Habitat Policy (2013) (SSS) Naya Moradabad- (1-16+ Other) | Maintenance of urban shantis |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Rural Development |
| SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities | 11.2 : By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons | 11.2.1 : Proportion of cities with efficient urban mobility and public transport | | Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--|---|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Panchayati Raaj |
| SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities | 11.3 : By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries | 11.3.1 : Proportion of cities with integrated development plans. 11.3.2 : Share of Mixed Land Use Area in overall city land use 11.3.3 : Net Density | | Rajiv Gandhi Panchayat Sashaktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|---|
| | | | | Rural Development |
| SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities | 11.7 : By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities | 11.7.1 : Per Capita Availability of Green Spaces | | Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|----------------------|--|---|---|--|
| | | | | Forest |
| SDG 15: Life on Land | 15.2 : By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally | 15.2.1 : Percentage change in Forest Area coverage 15.2.2 : Total area covered under different afforestation schemes 15.2.3 : Total tree cover achieved outside forest area 15.2.4 : Number of Nagarvans and School Nurseries created. | Total area covered under afforestation Total tree cover achieved outside forest area | Social Forestry (SSS) Social forestry in urban areas (SSS) Green belt development scheme (SSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | |
|----------------------|--|---|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | Agriculture & Horticulture | Cane Development |
| SDG 15: Life on Land | 15.3 : By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world | 15.3.1 : Percentage of degraded area restored. 15.3.2 : Increasing Tree / forest cover in degraded area 15.3.3 : Percentage increase in net sown area | Increasing Tree / forest cover in degraded area No. of soil health card tested | Strengthening Soil Health | Seed/Soil treatment Program |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes | |
|----------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | | Forest | |
| SDG 15: Life on Land | 15.8 : By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species | 15.8.1 : Percentage change in prevention and control of invasive alien species | | 1. Social Forestry (SSS) Social forestry in urban areas (SSS) Green belt development scheme (SSS) | |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|-------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
|-------|--------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|

| | | | | Women & Child Development |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions | 16.2 : End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children | 16.2.1 : Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation 16.2.2 : Proportion of Crime Committed against Children during the year(Per lakh children) 16.2.3 : Number of Missing Children | | Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | Health & Family Welfare |
| SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions | 16.9 : By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration | 16.9.1 :Percentage of births registered 16.9.2 : Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar | | Birth & Death Control Program (SSS) |

| Goals | Target | National Indicators | Uttar Pradesh State Indicators | Department Wise Schemes |
|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|

| | | | | Social Welfare |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions | 16.b : Promote and enforce non- discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development | National Indicator not yet evolved | | Financial Assistance for the Prevention of Atrocities (SSS) |

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