

# SDG INTEGRATED DISTRICT PLANNING MORADABAD



FINAL DRAFT

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## Vision

Sattat, Saksham, Sampann Aur Ujjwal Moradabad

Economically Robust, Smart and Progressive Moradabad

## Overview

An integrated approach to develop a local area plan has been practiced in India since the 1950s. The 74th Constitutional Amendment has also mandated the same. Uttar Pradesh (UP) has also enacted **the Uttar Pradesh District Planning Committee Act, 1999**, which has helped UP to constitute District Planning Committees for effective development and implementation of the District Plans.

The main purpose of adopting an integrated approach for planning was to ensure that such a plan reflects the needs and aspirations of the people, while helping the convergence of programmes and resources for better outcomes.

The approach towards inclusive planning at the district level is consistent with the global commitment to sustainable development. India has joined 192 other countries to affirm its commitment to the 2030 Agenda and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in 2016. The goals are expected to steer the world towards policies to eradicate poverty, protect the planet, foster peace and promote prosperity for all. As a developing country, these are some of the challenges faced by India as well.

SDGs are a big step forward for achieving equitable and environmentally sustainable economic development. India has taken its commitments of implementing the SDGs very seriously. It has identified nodal agencies and is encouraging State Governments to implement and showcase their contribution towards SDG achievement.

The Government of Uttar Pradesh (UP) has taken up this task on a mission mode. It has identified key departments and developed a state vision document which enables it to implement the SDGs comprehensively.

WWF India in collaboration with Uttar Pradesh State Planning Commission has assessed the integration of SDGs in the district planning exercise in Pilibhit and has developed a broad road map for integrating SDGs into the district planning process.

This document elaborated the steps taken, findings and some recommendations on how best to integrate SDGs in the district planning exercise. This exercise has been done in consultation with district administration and UP planning department.

## District Profile

Moradabad was established in 1600 by Murad, the son of the Mughal Emperor Shahjahan. Moradabad is situated at a distance of 167 km (104 miles) from the national capital, New Delhi, on the bank of River Ram Ganga (a tributary to the Ganges). Moradabad district lies between 28° 20' and 29° 15' North Latitude and 71° 4' and 71° 6' East Longitude in a rectangular shape. It is bounded by tarai region of district Udham Singh Nagar and district Bijnor in the north, district Budaun in south, district Jyotiba Phule Nagar in west and district Rampur in the east. The average height of the district is 284 mt above sea level. The city is famous for its huge export of brass handicrafts to North America and Europe, thus, it's called 'Brass City' or Peetal Nagri.

The district is administratively divided into 4 tehsils, Moradabad, Kanth, Bilari and Thakurdwara. For implementation of development scheme the district is divided into 8 development blocks, Moradabad, Mundapandey, Bhagatpur Tanda, Bilari, Kundarki, Dilari, Chajlet and Thakurdwara. Total area of the district is 3718 Sq. Km. The rural area covers 3569.7

sq. Km. and urban area is 148.3 sq. Km. There are 1017 Gram Panchayats and 1166 revenue villages with 965 inhabited villages and 201 uninhabited villages in the district. In the urban area there are 10 statutory towns. Statutory Towns comprise of 2 Nagar Palika Parishad and 4 Nagar Panchayats. The population density is 1284 persons per Sq. Km.

Moradabad is a major industrial city and export hub. Its handicrafts industry accounts for more than 40% of total handicraft exports from India.

### Physiography

On the basis of geology, soils, topography, climate and natural vegetation, the district is divided into the following Sub-micro regions.

**Moradabad Terai:** This region is situated on the northern part of the district covering small portions of Thakurdwara and Moradabad tehsils. Its extent is from west-east and slopes towards south. There are numerous streams, which originate from Nainital hills and drain in this tract. These streams are torrential and have wide beds.

**Upper Ramganga Plain:** The region is situated in the north-eastern part of the district covering mainly Thakurdwara and Moradabad tehsils and partly Bilari tehsil. Physical characteristics of this belt are similar to that of terai. There are numerous streams flowing in this which originate from the nearby district of Nainital. Some streams originate in this region itself. Most of the tributaries are non-perennial but during rainy season they swell in enormous proportion. Besides Ramganga, other streams are Jabdi, Lapkana, Gangan, Kurka, Dhela etc. The slope is comparatively steep. 200-metre contour passes through this belt. Along the Ramganga river, patches of sand dunes of Bhur are noticed.

**Sambhal Plain:** This plain is delimited from Amroha plain by 200-metre contour and lies in Bilari tahsils. It has a very gentle slope towards south-east. River Sot is the main source of water in this area. There are a few tributaries in this region, which are the insignificant. A patch of sand dunes may also be seen on the left corner along the district boundary of Budaun. It is a fertile plain. Geologically the region belongs to Alluvium, Dun gravels.

**Drainage:** The district is drained by two prominent rivers, the Ganga and the Ramganga and their tributaries. There are also some small rivers like Ban, Gangan, Kosi, Dhela etc. and rainy nullah in the district.

**Climate:** Being in the proximity of Himalayas and Terai swamps the climate of the district is very hot in summer and severe cold in winter. The hot season starts from the beginning of the February and lasts till the middle of June, followed by the rainy season continues till October. From October to middle of November, a brief period of post monsoon prevails in the district. From mid-November to middle of February is the period of winter season. The maximum and minimum temperature recorded 40-45<sup>o</sup> C and 35<sup>o</sup> C respectively. Thus all the four seasons are well marked.

### Forests

Although there is no dense vegetation in any part of the district, Khadar of Ramganga is mostly covered with Palash. In other region, mainly Shisham, Jamun, Semal, Mango and Siras trees are found. In tahsil Sambhal, *Kaas* (a kind of grass) is found in abundance, which is mainly used for making ban, ropes, mats and stools. Under social forestry scheme, trees are being planted for fuel, wood and other forest produce. No large carnivores are found in the district as forests have thinned by human encroachment. At times, leopard, spotted deer, wild pigs and sambhar can be seen in the northern fringe of the district that enter into this territory probably from the adjoining districts.

### Soil and Minerals

Soil generally found in the district is clay loamy, balui and sandy. In the southern part of district, the soil is fertile and loamy. The North central part of the district is Bhur region where hilly tract of sand is found along with some fertile land in between and the soil is loamy. From minerals and mining point of view the district has nothing to offer. Kankar (small pieces of stone) is found in some part of Bilari tahsils, which is used for building and road construction work.

## Agriculture

The economy of the district is predominantly based on agriculture, as majority of the population resides in rural areas and their main occupation is agriculture. Kharif and Rabi are the two principal harvests grown in the district. Wheat occupies the predominant place in terms of area and production. Sugarcane is the most important commercial crop in the district. Potato, tobacco, rice and barley are other main crops of the district. There are godowns in the district that are managed by different agencies. The district also houses cold storages for potatoes and fruits. The district also has seed godowns, fertilizer depots, insecticide depots and seed farms. The land level is plain and fertile land. The total net sown area is 1863.93 sq km (63% of the total geographical area.) Of the total area available for cultivation, most of the area is used as double cropped area. Mostly, the land holdings are generally small in size. 99.5 percent of total cultivable area is irrigated. Tube wells and canals are the major source of irrigation in the district. The area is irrigated through canals, government tube wells, private tube wells, ponds, well and by other sources.

## Animal Husbandry and Fishery

After agriculture, animal husbandry is the main occupation in rural areas of the district. The district has a total livestock population of 944408. Various livestock like cows, poultry, buffaloes, sheep, goats, horses, ponies, and pigs are reared in the district. Moradabad also has artificial insemination centres, sub-centres, veterinary hospitals, animal welfare centres, pig development centres, centres for the improvement in the breed of cattle and poultry, for the prevention and treatment of animal deceases and the control of epidemics. There is also a factory for producing infant food in Dalpatpur, Mundha Pandey block of the district. To improve breed of animals and making white revolution a success, many development programmes are being run in the district. <http://dadf.gov.in/sites/default/files/Volume%20III-263-515.pdf>

Fish are found in the rivers, ponds and artificial reservoirs of the district. The common ones being rohu, karonds, khursa, nain, catla, rewa, sol, girai, patra, tengra, parhin and singhi. Ponds are given on lease to fishermen by the district authorities. Fishery department also has a pond which is used for pisciculture. The total area under fisheries cultivation is 987.033 hectares out of 879.862 hectares is covered by 1567 community ponds, 40.023 hectares is covered by 6 fisheries department ponds and 67.148 hectares is covered by 94 private ponds. Fish seed hatcheries and rearing units (nurseries) in private sector are also established in the district to boost fish production. Apart from this, there are 2 hatcheries that cover an area of 0.800 hectares and rearing units (nurseries) are 18 in number covering 7.6 hectares. The district also has one fisheries department farm which covers 1.45 hectares of area and one fisheries estate named Bhartalmadapur covering 14 hectares of area. <http://fisheries.upsdc.gov.in/Portals/0/VisonDoc%20.pdf>

## Industry and Trade

The district has been industrially backward and yet industrial development has caught on with the expansion of traditional handicrafts and small-scale industries. These products are not only sold countrywide but are also exported abroad. Brass art objects, utility articles and utensils are exported to the USA, West Germany, Canada, Iran, Iraq, Egypt, UK and other European and southeast Asian countries. Manufacturing of brass articles occupies the foremost position in the manufacturing activities of the district and is concentrated in Moradabad town, which has earned the nickname of 'Pital Nagri'. The production of western type combs, toys and beautiful show pieces are the latest addition to the array of products of this industry. To provide ample opportunities for the expansion of these industries in the district, the state Government had established a UP State Brass Ware Corporation in 1972. This institution has not only been helping industries in procurement of raw material but also in marketing of their products at remunerative rates in India and abroad. The infrastructure built up by the development of brass industry includes the development of other small-

scale industries. The manufacture of stainless steel and aluminium utensils is catching up hastily and numerous such units have come up. There are factories that are registered under Factory Act of 1948.

Electricity and Power. All the 10 towns of the district are electrified, 952 villages (98.6 percent), out of 965 inhabited villages are electrified by central electricity authorities. The consumption of electricity is in the fields of domestic light sector, commercial sector, industrial sector, public light sector, agriculture sector and public water supply and sewerage system etc. The government and private tube wells and pump sets have been electrified.

Export: UK, USA, Middle East Asia, Germany and Canada import brassware from Moradabad. There are about 600 export units and 9000 industries in the district. Moradabad exports goods worth INR 4500 crore yearly. Many other products like iron sheet, metal wares, aluminum, artworks and glassware are also exported. Mint export worth several crores is also taking place from Moradabad. Due to upsurge of exports and popularity overseas particularly in the US, Europe, Italy and other countries, a large number of exporters are launching their own manufacturing units and have started export. Moradabad is one of the seven industrial corridors declared by the State Government in Industrial Policy 1999-2002.

Special Economic Zone: Moradabad Special Economic Zone (SEZ) is the only Uttar Pradesh Government Developed SEZ in northern India. It is headed by the Development Commissioner, Noida SEZ and locally governed by the Assistant Development Commissioner. It was set up in 2003 at Pakbara – Dingarpur Road in Moradabad on a 421.56 acres plot of land. Government of UP through UPSIDC has so far invested a sum of INR 1100 million on the development of the SEZ project. Moradabad SEZ provides excellent infrastructure, supportive services and sector specific facilities for the Handicraft Trade. Proximity to Delhi/NCR and availability of skilled and dedicated manpower makes it ideal for setting up various industries in Handicrafts and its allied fields. Moradabad SEZ was operationalized in April 2007 when it started with only one unit, however, despite global slowdown in the handicraft trade in the past four years, this zone has now 22 operational Units. Moradabad SEZ has 465 developed plots of varying sizes. Future expansion of this has been strategically planned and soon it will be available for a few more export sectors.

Infrastructure supportive services and trade related facilities have been substantially upgraded in the last few years. Moradabad SEZ offers access to global telecommunication network, uninterrupted power supply and efficient local transport system. An ultra-modern RSU Telephone Exchange has been installed in the Zone, besides the availability of all the mobile frequencies in and around the zone through various mobile communication towers. Since an independent feeder line has been provided for uninterrupted power supply, the reliability and quality of power supply has improved with the pre-commissioned 32 / 11 KVA / 5.0 MVA Power Sub-station within Moradabad SEZ. Proximity to Delhi/ NCR provides easy access to financial and commercial infrastructure of the capital. Customs Wing ensures prompt and on the spot clearances of export/import consignments through web based system called “Sez online”.

## Transport

The district is well connected by rail network. There is double railway line between Moradabad and Rampur. There are a number of railway stations in the district. The district is also well connected by road transport as major national highway and state highways pass through the district. Means of road transport available in the district are State Road Transport Corporation buses and private buses, taxi, jeeps, trucks etc. The district has a total road network of 2063 km.

## Broad Methodology

- 1) Meeting with State Planning Department to identify Moradabad as a district to develop a model plan.
- 2) Meetings with District Magistrate and Chief Development Officer in Moradabad to initiate discussions on SDGs and way ahead for developing the model plan.

- 3) Identification of nodal departments by the DM for initiating this work. Thirty-one nodal departments were selected. (List attached in annexure 1)
- 4) Awareness cum sensitization workshop on Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and India Vision 2022 organized for the department officials of Moradabad district on 17<sup>th</sup> March 2018 in the Collectorate office, Moradabad. The workshop was chaired by the CDO, by Ms. C. Indumati. This workshop was the first step towards informing the departments about the 2030 agenda and what steps are needed for developing an integrated plan. The workshop was attended by sixteen departments out of the twenty-three departments that were invited.

Some of the takeaways from the workshop were-

- Schemes should follow a demand based approach instead of a supply based approach.
- The disaggregated data and data that is relevant needs to be collected from the field.
- E data needs to be collected from all departments.
- Spatial mapping of scheme benefits across all blocks/HH needs to be done to see if the distribution of benefits is spread evenly



- 5) Mapping of goals and targets that are relevant to district

There are a total of 17 Sustainable Development goals of which only 15 are relevant to the district. Two SDGs i.e. Goal 14 – Life Below Water and Goal 17- Partnerships for the Goals are not applicable to the district.

- 6) There are 169 targets for all the 17 Goals. Of these, a total of 80 targets are not applicable at the district level as they are either global targets or thematic targets which can need to be covered at the national or state level. (List attached in annexure 2)



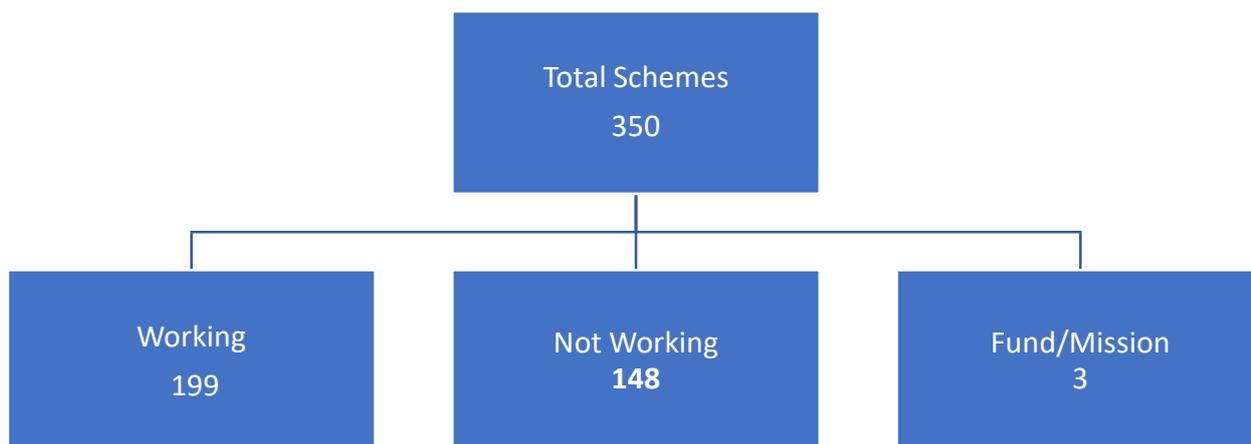
#### APPLICABLE GOAL AND TARGET NUMBERS

15 out of  
17 goals

89 out of  
169 targets

- 7) WWF India collected information related to number of schemes listed department wise in UP. A total of 350 schemes were listed for 31 short listed departments as per Government websites and documents. These schemes were then mapped department wise. There are a total of 78 departments in the state as per the UP Government website. Of these there are 50 departments which do not function at the district level or have no bearing on the development and planning process of the district. (List attached in annexure 8)

- 8) For Moradabad we also checked to see the total number of working schemes in the district for the year 2017-2018. Till date we have information that 199 schemes are working in the district in 2017-18. The rest are currently not functioning in the district.



The classification of schemes has been listed below

Name of the department	Schemes Classification					
	Total no. of Schemes	Schemes that are similar therefore have been clubbed **	Total Schemes after schemes have been Clubbed	Schemes Working	Schemes Not Working	Fund Allocation Scheme/ Mission
Women and Child Development	19		19	12	7	
Agriculture/Horticulture and Food Processing	34		34	19	15	-
Animal Husbandry/ Dairy Development	35	-	35	29	6	-
Handicraft Department (no such department. Comes under the Department of MSME & Export Promotion)	1	-	1	1	-	-
Sugar Industry & Cane Development	21	-	21	9	12	-
Higher Education	13	-	13	-	13	-
Energy (+Additional Sources of Energy)	11	-	11	5	6	-
Fisheries	12	-	12	6	6	-
Food and Civil Supplies*	6	-	6	6	-	-
Environment, Forest and Climate Change	21	-	21	3	18	-
Ground Water/ Minor Irrigation	19		19	12	7	

Name of the department	Schemes Classification					
	Total no. of Schemes	Schemes that are similar therefore have been clubbed **	Total Schemes after schemes have been Clubbed	Schemes Working	Schemes Not Working	Fund Allocation Scheme/ Mission
Infrastructure & Industrial Development	7	-	7	5	2	-
Irrigation and Water Resources	6	-	6	1	5	-
Labour	21	-	21	17	4	-
Medical Health and Family Welfare	10	-	10	9	1	-
Panchayati Raj*	16		16	5	9	2
Rural Development	10	-	10	8	1	1
Basic /Secondary Education	7	-	7	4	3	-
Social Welfare	16	-	16	9	7	-
Training and Employment	7	-	7	4	3	-
Directorate of Training & Employment (under the Labour Department)	3	-	3	-	3	-
Moradabad Development Authority	6	-	6	3	3	-
Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities	19	-	19	12	7	-
Minorities Welfare	6	-	6	5	1	-
Public Works	7	-	7	7	0	-
MSME & Exports Promotion	11	-	11	6	5	-
Khadi Village Industries Board	6	-	6	2	4	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>3</b>

\*Schemes which have sub schemes and are listed separately

#### 9) Mapping of working schemes vis a vis relevant SDG targets

All the department wise schemes were mapped with the SDG targets. Data was also taken from documents like the NITI Aayog SDG Mapping Document and UP SDG Mapping Document. The document with Schemes mapped against SDG Targets has been attached in Annexure 3.

#### 10) Listing of SDG targets that are not be being covered by any schemes

During the mapping it was seen that some of the targets are not being covered by any schemes. The list is mentioned in Annexure 4

11) Listing of schemes that are not contributing to any targets

There are 25 schemes that do not contribute to any target. List attached in Annexure 5.

12) Data Collection-

Multiple rounds of data collection from 28 departments have been done. Two types of data sheets circulated in the departments i.e. infrastructure/ amenities related and beneficiary related. (see annexure 6)

13) Data of 84 schemes have been collected for the 2017-18.

Data for the remaining working schemes have not been made available despite repeated requests. Of the 84 schemes for which data has been made available, there is village level beneficiary data for 34 schemes, block level data for 8 schemes and district level data for 36 schemes. A table given below indicates the data availability and type of data provided. A detailed list for schemes for which data has been collected is attached separately (Annexure 7)

Name of the department	Total no. of Schemes	Schemes Working	Schemes for which data is available					No. of schemes for which data is not available
			Total Schemes	District Wise Data	Block Wise Data	Panchayat Wise Data	Revenue Village Wise Data	
Women and Child Development	19	12	2	2	-	-	-	10
Agriculture/Horticulture and Food Processing	34	19	10	2	-	-	8	9
Animal Husbandry/ Dairy Development	35	29	7	2	2	-	3	22
No Such Department, comes under the Department of MSME and Export Promotion	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	0
Sugar Industry & Cane Development	21	9	9	9	-	-	-	0
Higher Education	13	0	0	-	-	-	-	0
Energy (+Additional Sources of Energy)	11	5	4	4	-	-	-	1
Fisheries	12	6	5	-	-	-	5	1
Food and Civil Supplies*	6	6	6	-	-	6	-	0
Environment, Forest and Climate Change	21	3	3	3	-	-	-	0
Ground Water/ Minor Irrigation	19	12	5	-	-	-	5	7
Infrastructure & Industrial Development	7	5	2	-	-	-	2	3
Irrigation and Water Resources	6	1	1	1	-	-	-	0
Labour	21	17	8	-	-	-	8	9
Medical Health and Family	10	9	3	1	2	-	-	6

Name of the department	Total no. of Schemes	Schemes Working	Schemes for which data is available					No. of schemes for which data is not available
			Total Schemes	District Wise Data	Block Wise Data	Panchayat Wise Data	Revenue Village Wise Data	
Panchayati Raj*	16	5	3	2	1		0	2
Rural Development	10	8	1	0	1	-	-	7
Basic/Secondary Education	7	4	4	3	1	-	-	0
Social Welfare	16	9	7	4	-	-	3	2
Directorate of Training & Employment (under the Labour department)	7	4	3	3	-	-	-	1
Town and Country Planning	3	0	0	-	-	-	-	NA
Moradabad Development Authority	6	3	0	-	-	-	-	3
Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities	19	12	0	-	-	-	-	12
Minorities Welfare	6	5	0	-	-	-	-	5
Public Works	7	7	0	-	-	-	-	7
MSME & Exports Promotion	11	6	0	-	-	-	-	6
Khadi Village Industries Board	6	2	0	-	-	-	-	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>199</b>	84		8	6	34	115

#### Challenges in Data collection

- No uniformity in scheme wise data availability- Beneficiary / Panchayat Level/ Block level/ District Data
- E Data is not available
- Data available online on the National Centre for Geo Informatics Website needs to manually entered which is quite time consuming

#### 14) GIS Mapping of scheme wise Beneficiaries

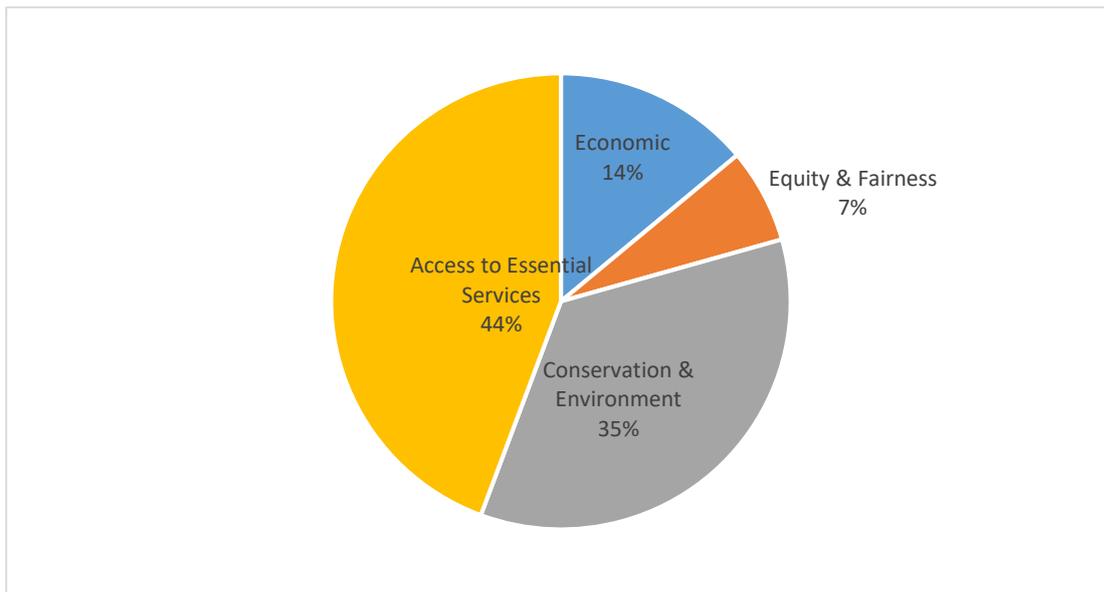
The following GIS Map layers for the district have been sourced.

- Land use and Land cover
- Watershed
- Road Network
- District/Block/Village Boundaries

Schemes for which village level beneficiary data is available has been mapped on block level maps for the entire district to assess the coverage of villages by the schemes.

Additionally, we have also shown the decadal change of land use in the district

A survey was conducted in the district to assess people's opinion on how they want their district to develop and what should be the priority of the district. It was seen that the priority for the people was **access to essential services, a better environment as well as policies that can conserve the environment.**



15) The SDG targets were also segregated into 4 categories based on their purpose-

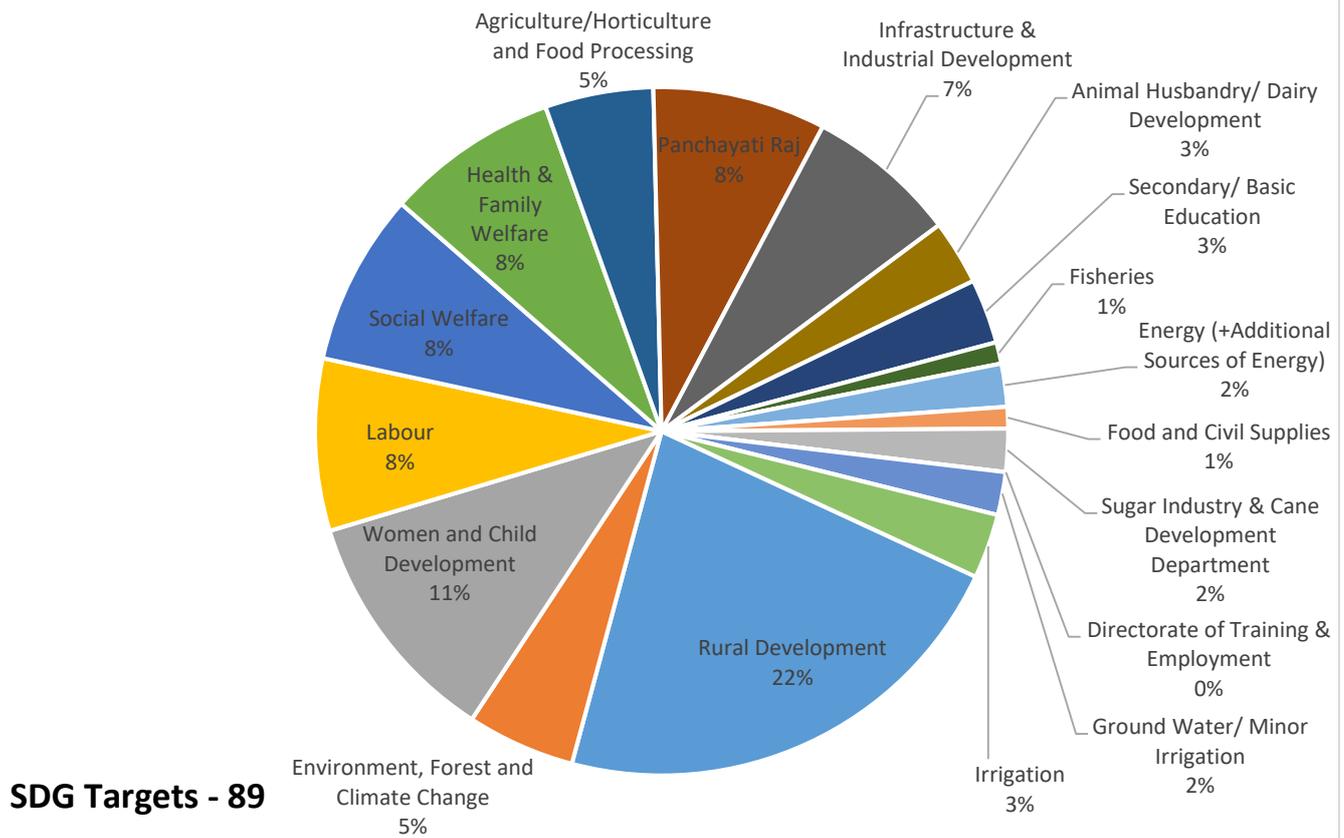
- Access to Essential Services
- Equity and Fairness
- Conservation, Environment and Sustainability
- Economic and Social Wellbeing

## Major Findings

Department wise Contribution to SDG Targets

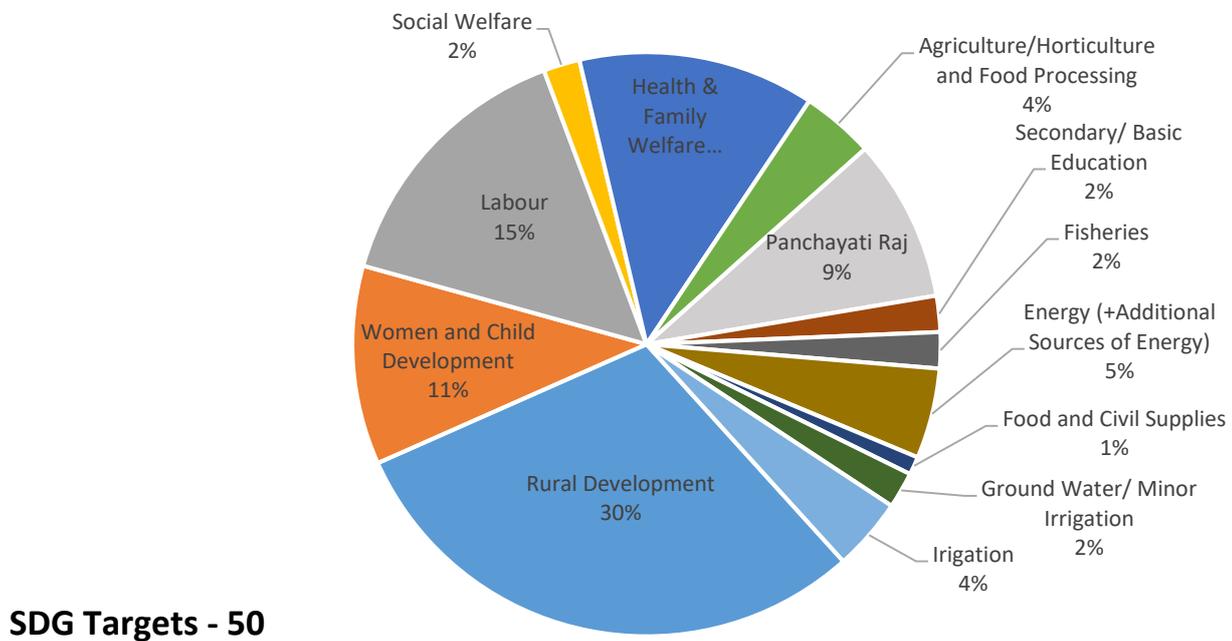
An assessment to see which departments contribute to most SDG targets was done and it was seen that Department of rural development, women and child development and labour contribute most to SDG targets

## Department Wise Coverage of SDG Targets

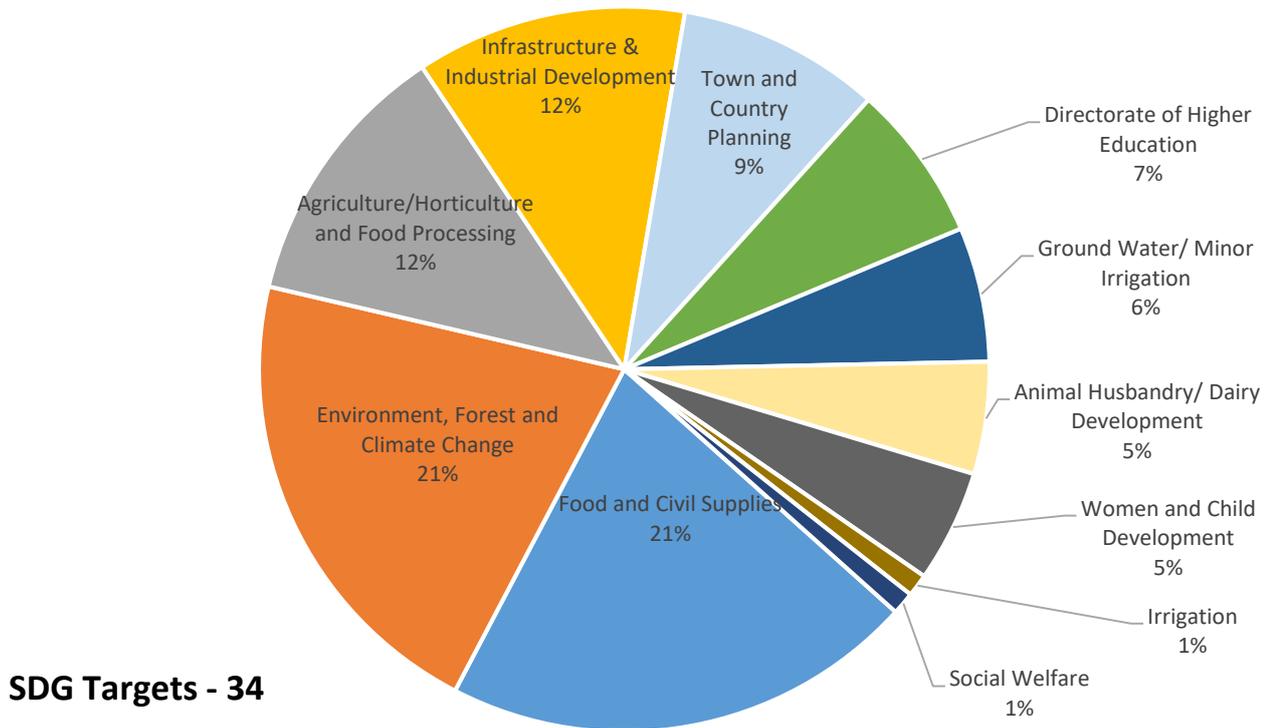


The following charts represent coverage of SDG targets in different categories:

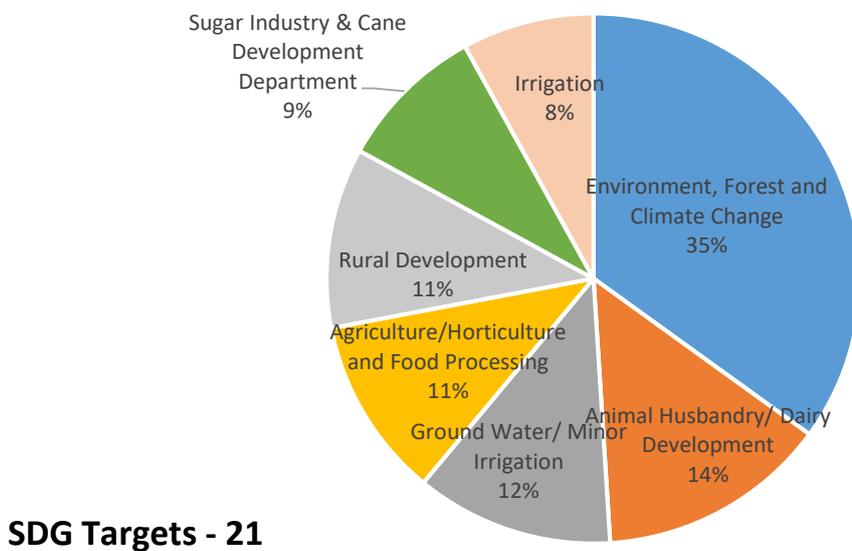
## Department Wise Coverage of Targets Contributing to Creating Access to Essential Services



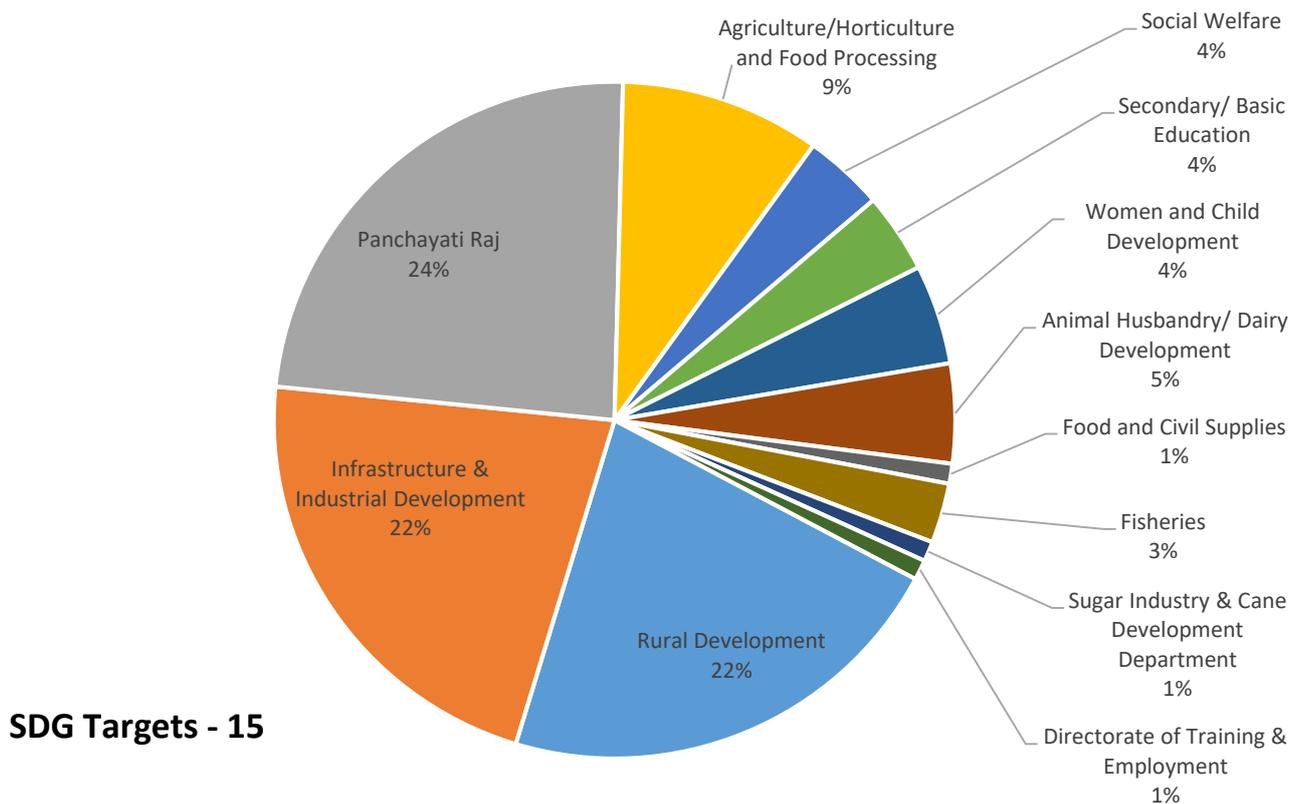
## Department Wise Coverage of Targets Contributing to Creating Equity & Fairness



## Department Wise Coverage of Targets Contributing to Conservation, Environment & Sustainability



## Department Wise Coverage of Targets Contributing to Economic & Social Wellbeing



### Coverage Analysis of Beneficiary Level Schemes

Beneficiary level scheme data was plotted to assess the coverage of schemes in the villages. This has been done for all the blocks in the district for year 2017-18. Data of 13 schemes has been plotted. Maps of blocks with coverage are given in annexure 11. A sample analysis for one block Mundapandey was done. Some of the findings of the analysis are

#### Mundapandey Block, Moradabad District–

Total Villages -- 118

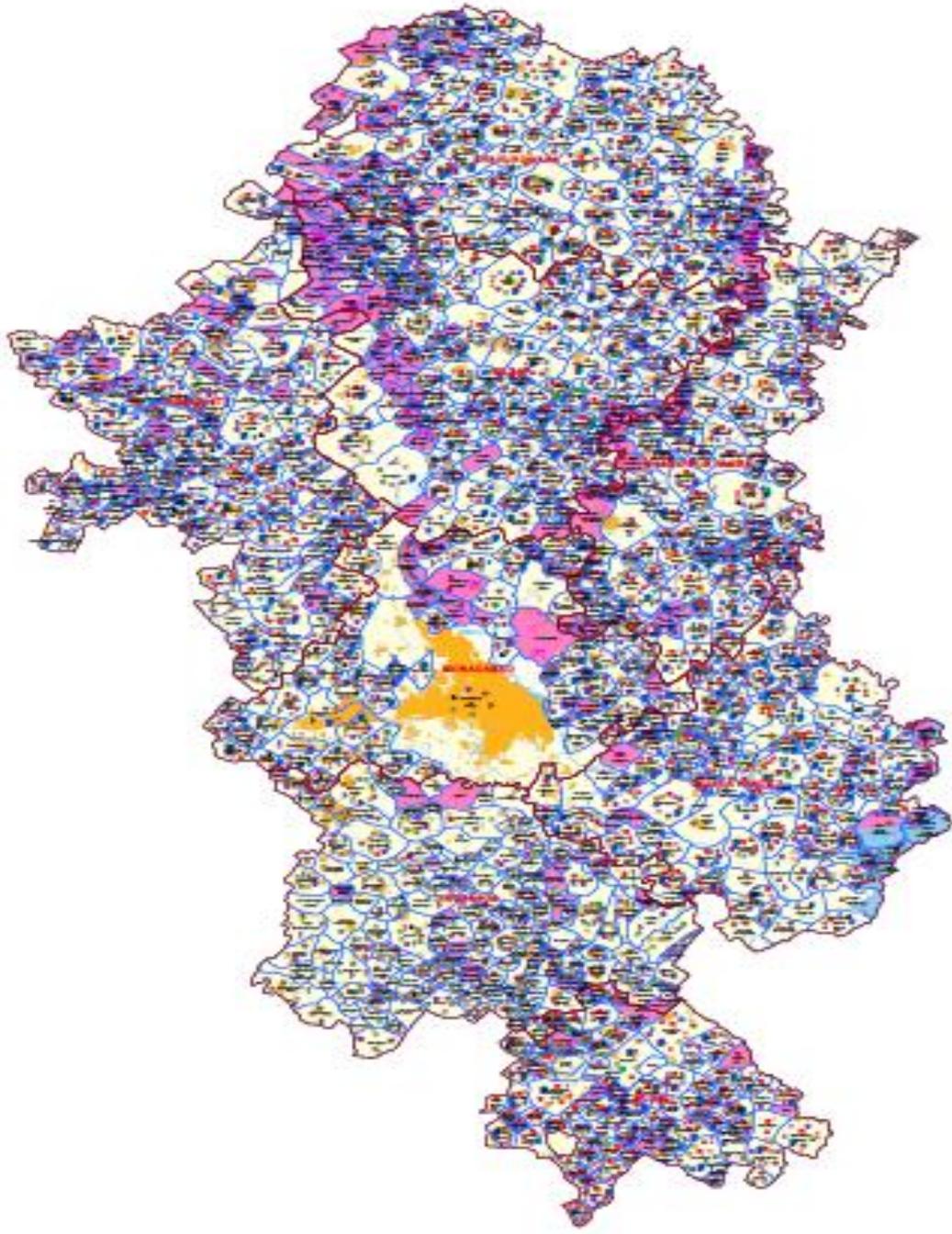
- 1) One village has 13 schemes working in that village
- 2) Majority of villages have 8 schemes working in the villages
- 3) 6 villages have only one scheme working in them
- 4) 4 villages have no schemes working
- 5) 12 villages are un-inhabited villages

# Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018)

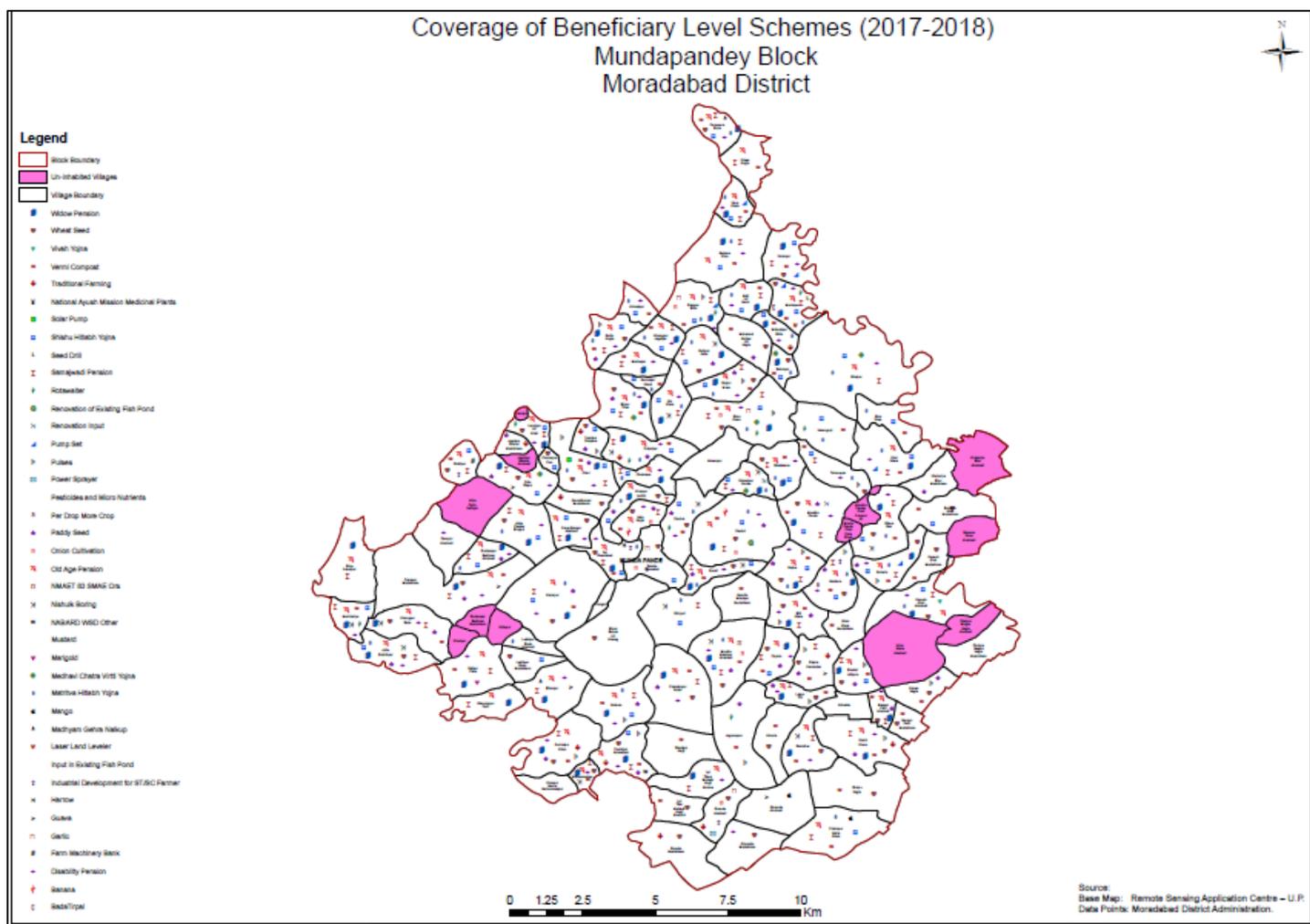
## Moradabad District

**Legend**

-  District Boundary
-  Block Boundary
-  Village Boundary
-  Acreage Scheme Type
-  Bank Type
-  Baran
-  Bunking
-  Clay Lick/Lime/ant
-  Clarity Ponds
-  Clarity Pond
-  Coverage of Fish Protection Netting
-  Court House
-  Farm/Industry Bank
-  Fish Seed Rearing Pond
-  Fish Seed Production & Distribution
-  Fisherman Residential Schemes
-  Ghat
-  Ghatia Baiting
-  Ghatia
-  Hand Operated Cutting Machine
-  Harrow
-  National Food/Water/Waterless Parks
-  Insecticide Development for Organic Farms
-  Insecticide Building Fish Pond
-  Laser Land Leveller
-  Makhyan Ghatia Baiting
-  Mergon Ponds
-  Mergon Schemes
-  Mergon
-  Mergon Fishery Type
-  Mergon Channel Fish Type
-  Mergon Bank
-  Mergon Schemes with Canal
-  Mergon Schemes with Flow Bank
-  Mergon Fish Type from Bank
-  National Water for Domestic/Agriculture
-  NRI Fish Type Schemes
-  NRI Baiting
-  NRI in Mergon
-  NRI in Mergon
-  Oil Type Ponds
-  Omba Cultivation
-  Ponds and Water Schemes
-  Ponds Bank
-  Ponds Water Line
-  Ponds Construction
-  Ponds Schemes
-  Ponds
-  Ponds Bank
-  Ponds Construction
-  Ponds Fish Production
-  Ponds
-  Ponds of Existing Fish Pond
-  Ponds Inlet
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-  Ponds
-  Ponds
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Source: Remote Sensing Application Centre - UP  
 Date: Ponds: Moradabad District Administration.



## District Plan Schemes

An analysis of the schemes run under the district plan was also taken up. It was seen that there are only 91 schemes under the district plan. However, there are over 330 schemes in the district of which it was seen that only 147 were working. The common schemes between district plan schemes and all schemes were only 34. The remaining district plan schemes if working also contribute to SDG Targets. See table below

S. no	Scheme	SDG targets covered
1	National Horticulture mission	2.1, 2.3 and 2.4
2	Automatic milk collection unit	2.3
3	Street Light	7.1, 7.2, 7.b
4	Integrated Watershed Management Programme	6.6, 6.b, 15.1, 15.3
5	Jilon ke basic shiksha adhikari ke karyalay bhavanon ka nirman	4.a
6	Higher sec Vidyalayon ke bhavanon ka nirman, vistar, vidyutikaran tatha bhumi/ bhavan karya	4.a
7	Construction of Gov district libraries	4.a
8	Asevit kshetro mein block star par higher sec school ka kholna aur gov. girls junior high school	4.a
9	Jila star par shiksha karyalay tatha avasiya bhavnon ka nirman	4.a
10	Appointment of experts for vocational training syllabus	4.4, 4.c

11	Ek kanya vidyalay sevit vikas khand ki dusri nyay panchayat mein niji prabandh khando dwara kanya vidyalay hetu anuvartak anudan	4.1, 4.5
12	Prashasan and Nideshan (in Rural Development)	None
13	Scholarship to minorities	4.5
14	Dashmottar chattravritti	4.b
15	Paryavaran shiksha, jagrukta, prashikshan evam prasar	15.2
16	Boring pumpset/nalkup	6.1
17	Boring godown	6.1
18	Nalkupon ka adhunikaran	6.1, 6.4
19	Naye nalkupon ki sthapna	6.1
20	CC road evam KC drain ka nirman	9.1
21	Construction of toilets under swach bhara abhiyan	5.2, 6.2, 6.b
22	Pre 10 <sup>th</sup> scholarship (1 to 10) to Scheduled Caste students	4.5
23	Book bank sthapna	4.a
24	Scholarship to minority students	
25	Vocational training/ skill improvement training for entrepreneurs	4.4, 4.5
26	Ceiling bhumi avantiyon ko arthik sahayta	10.2
27	Vikas khando/ jila vikas karyalay ke bhavanon ka nirman/ vidyutikaran	None
28	Badh niyantran ki choti choti pariyojnayien	13.1, 13.2,
29	Eri resham vikas	8.2, 8.3, 9.3
30	Gramin margon ka punarnirman	9.1
31	Naveen gram sadkon ka nirman	9.1
32	Vigyan evam takinki protsahan evam prasar	4.4
33	Sthaniya paryatan vikas	9.1
34	Polytechnic ka bhavan nirman	4.a
35	Construction; strengthening and expansion of hostels in gov polytechnics	4.a
36	Upkaran, saaj sajja, navin vyavasay	4.a
37	Organizing rural sporting events (development block/ district level)	10.2
38	Kreeda pratishthanon ka nirman	10.2
39	PHC building construction	3.8
40	New PHCs	3.8
41	Renovation, expansion, electrification and water facility for current PHC	3.8
42	Setting up Community health centers	3.8
43	Building construction for Community health centers	3.8
44	Chir ghar ka nirman	3.8
45	Renovation, expansion, electrification and water facility for hospitals	3.8
46	Plastic surgery/ burn unit	3.8
47	Radiology unit	3.8
48	ICU	3.8
49	Allopathic chikitsalay mein Rogi aashray sthalon ka nirman	3.8
50	Establishing gov homeopathic pharmacies in urban areas	3.8
51	Establishing gov homeopathic pharmacies in rural areas	3.8
52	Construction of homeopathic pharmacies	3.8
53	Establishing Ayurvedic/ Unani pharmacies	3.8
54	Establishing gov Ayurvedic/ Unani hospitals in urban areas	3.8
55	Construction of building for Ayurvedic/unani clinics	3.8
56	Pooled aavas nirman	9.1, 11.1, 11.3
57	Nagariya peya jal yojna	6.1
58	Pre 10 <sup>th</sup> scholarship for backward caste students	4.5

## Priority Schemes

Analysis of schemes versus SDG targets was done. Schemes contributing to three or more targets were listed out. The targets have been categorized depending on where scheme mapping has been taken from

- NITI Aayog August 2018 Mapping documents – Green Font
- Mapping done by WWF India– Yellow Font
- Targets mentioned in the UP SDG Mapping document but not applicable as per WWF India– Red font

List of Priority Schemes			
Scheme	Department	Targets	Goals
ICDS	Women & Child Development	9 ( 2.1, 2.2, 3.1,3.2, 3.7, 3.8, 4.2, 5.1,5.6)	4 (Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health & Well Being, Goal 4: Quality Education, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)	Rural Development	8(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4,1.a, 8.3,8.5,8.6, 10.1)	3 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth,Goal 10 : Reduce Inequality)
Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS)	Rural Development	5(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4, 11.1)	2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities)
Widow Pension (SSS)	Women & Child Development	5 (1.1,1.3,5.1,5.a)	2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)	Rural Development	5(6.1,6.3,6.4,6.5,6.6)	1 (Goal 6: Clean Water & Sanitation)
Project Tiger (CSS)	Environment, Forest and Climate Change Department	4(15.1,15.2,15.5,15.7)	1(Goal 15: Life on Land)
Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats (CSS)	Environment, Forest and Climate Change Department	4(15.1,15.2,15.5,15.7)	1(Goal 15: Life on Land)
National Family Benefit Scheme(JSS)	Social Welfare	4(1.1,1.2,1.3, 5.4)	2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 5: Gender Equality)

Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan,	Secondary Education	4( 1.a,4.1,4.4, 4.a)	2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 4: Quality Education)
Government Girls Hostel Scheme	Secondary Education	4( 1.a,4.1,4.5, 4.a)	2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 4: Quality Education)
Sarva Shiska Abhiyan	Basic Education	4( 1.a,4.1,4.5, 4.a)	2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 4: Quality Education)
PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]	Infrastructure & Industrial Development	4(1.1,8.3,8.5,8.6)	3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS)	Rural Development	4(1.4,9.1,9.4,10.3)	3( Goal 1: No poverty, Goal 9: Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure, Goal 10 : Reduce Inequality)
Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Labour	4(2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2)	3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 4: Quality Education)
Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(Workshop)	Medical Health & Family Welfare	4(2.1,2.2,3.1, 5.1)	3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
National Food Security Mission (CSS)	Food & Civil Supplies	3(1.3,2.1,2.2)	2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 2: Zero Hunger)
Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Labour	3 (2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2)	2(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being,)
State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)	Medical Health & Family Welfare	3(3.1,3.7,5.6)	2(Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
Rojgar Protsahan(SSS) (Workshop)	Infrastructure & Industrial Development	3(1.1,8.5,8.6)	2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth)
Swachh Bharat Mission	Panchayati Raj	3(3.3,6.2, 6.b 11.3)	3 (Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation, Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities)
Sanitary Napkin	Panchayati Raj	3(4.4,6.2,8.6)	2(Goal 4: Quality Education, Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation, Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth)

Out of these schemes it has been shown that that 9 working schemes contribute to many targets and thus these schemes need more allocation of funds so that their coverage can be enhanced. This will ensure that the contribution to SDGs and overall inclusive and sustainable development of the district can be achieved.

1. ICDS
2. MNREGS
3. PMEGP
4. Child benefit scheme
5. SIFPSA
6. Rojgar Prohatsan
7. Swachh Bharat
8. Sanitary Napkin
9. PM Maitritva Vandana

#### Mapping of State Indicators with Priority Schemes

We have also mapped the state indicators with these priority schemes

List of Priority Schemes				
Scheme	Department	UP State Indicators	SDG Targets	Goals
ICDS	Women & Child Development	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Percentage of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services</li> <li>2) Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition</li> <li>3) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition</li> <li>4) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated</li> <li>5) Percentage of children in grade 3 malnutrition</li> </ol>	9 ( 2.1, 2.2, 3.1,3.2, 3.7, 3.8, 4.2, 5.1,5.6)	4 (Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health & Well Being, Goal 4: Quality Education, Goal 5: Gender Equality)

Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)	Rural Development	1) Percentage of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS 2) Percentage of SC/ST/women getting wage employment	8(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4, 8.3,8.5,8.6, 10.1)  1.a has been deleted by WWF however is in the Mapping done by Niti Aayog	3 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth, Goal 10 : Reduce Inequality)
Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS)	Rural Development	1) Percentage of HH covered in rural areas	5(1.1,1.2,1.3,1.4, 11.1)	2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities)
Widow Pension (SSS)	Women & Child Development	1) Percentage of widows covered	4 (1.1,1.3,5.1,5.a)	2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)	Rural Development	Prop. of rural habitations fully covered with drinking water supply	5(6.1,6.3,6.4,6.5,6.6)	1 (Goal 6: Clean Water & Sanitation)
Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats (CSS)	Environment, Forest and Climate Change Department	Area covered under protected habitats	4(15.1,15.2,15.5,15.7)	1(Goal 15: Life on Land)
National Family Benefit Scheme(JSS)	Social Welfare	Percentage of BPL households covered	4(1.1,1.2,1.3, 5.4)	2 (Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]	Infrastructure & Industrial Development	1) No. of MSME unit set up 2) No. of Employment generated	4(1.1,8.3,8.5,8.6)	3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Labour	1) Percentage of labourer children covered	4(2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2)	3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 4: Quality Education)
Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana	Medical Health & Family Welfare	1) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 2) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated	4(2.1,2.2,3.1, 5.1)	3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality)

National Food Security Mission (CSS)	Food & Civil Supplies	1) Percentage increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses 2) Percentage of BPL HH covered under TPDS	3(1.3,2.1,2.2)	2(Goal 1: No Poverty, Goal 2: Zero Hunger)
Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Labour	1) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 2) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated 3) Percentage of pregnant labourers supported	3 (2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2)	2(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being,)
Swachh Bharat Mission	Panchayati Raj	1) Percentage of households covered by IHHL (rural) 2) Percentage workforce in manual scavenging	4 (3.3,6.2, 6.b,11.3)	3 (Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation, Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities)

It can be seen that a few schemes and indicators can cover a large number of goals and therefore should be given priority. The list of these schemes is given below

Scheme	Department	UP State Indicators	SDG Targets	Goals
ICDS	Women & Child Development	1) Percentage of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services 2) Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition 3) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 4) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated	9 ( 2.1, 2.2, 3.1,3.2, 3.7, 3.8, 4.2, 5.1,5.6)	4 (Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health & Well Being, Goal 4: Quality Education, Goal 5: Gender Equality)

		5) Percentage of children in grade 3 malnutrition		
Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Labour	1) Percentage of labourer children covered	4(2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2)	3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 4: Quality Education)
Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana	Medical Health & Family Welfare	1) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 2) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated	4(2.1,2.2,3.1, 5.1)	3(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being, Goal 5: Gender Equality)
Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Labour	1) Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition 2) Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated 3) Percentage of pregnant labourers supported	3 (2.1,2.2,3.2, 4.2)	2(Goal 2: Zero Hunger, Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being,)

#### Scheme wise Coverage of SDG Targets

Each target was divided into various components to assess its coverage through schemes. Targets coverage assessment is shown below. The text in red is when no scheme covers it, yellow depicts partial coverage and green means full coverage. A total of 50 targets were assessed out of the 89 applicable targets. Of the 89 applicable targets, 8 do not get covered by any scheme, 50 are covered by some scheme and rest get covered under Acts and policies. 22 targets are covered completed in a district

1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day	eradicate extreme poverty	people living on less than \$1.25 a day
National Rural Livelihood Mission		

Old Age Pension (SSS)		
National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)		
Widow Pension (SSS)		
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)		
Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shipakaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana		

1.2 : By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako ko Sahayta (SSS)	
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)	
National Rural Livelihood Mission	
Vriddhavastha/Kissan Pension Yojana (SSS)	
National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)	

1.3 : Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all	by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana/Punargathit Mausam Aadharit Fasal Bima Yojana (CSS)		
Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako ko Sahayta (SSS)		
Macchua Durghatna Bima (CSS)		
Construction Worker Unitary Assistance Scheme (SSS)		
Pension Scheme (SSS)		
Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS)		
Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)		
Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS)		
Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)		
Vriddhavastha/Kissan Pension Yojana (SSS)		
National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)		
Atyaachar Nivaran Adhinyam ke Antargat Aarthik Sahaayata(SSS)		
Vriddha Evam Ashakt Graho Ka Sanchalan (SSS)		

Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Se Vivah Karne Per Dampatti Ko Puruskar (SSS)		
Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shipakaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana		
Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System		
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Gaurantee Scheme (CSS)		

1.4-By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	have equal rights to economic resources,	access to basic services	ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources,	appropriate new technology	financial services, including microfinance
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)					

2.1-By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round	end hunger	ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round
Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)		children
Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)		poor women
Mission Antodaya		Poor HHs
National Food Security Mission (CSS)		Poor HHs
ICDS (CSS)		infants
Nourishment Grant (Pension) Scheme for PWDs.		disability
Disability (due to) Leprosy Nutrition Grant Scheme		disability

2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition	including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and	address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and
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		wasting in children under 5 years of age	lactating women and older persons
ICDS (CSS)			
National Food Security Mission (CSS)			
National Rural Health Mission (CSS)			
Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana (CSS)			
Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)			
Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)			
School Health Program (SSS)			

2.3-By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment	double the agricultural productivity	incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and	equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment
Pramanit Beejo Per Anudaan (SSS)			
Sankar Beejo Ke Upyog Ko Badhava Dene Ki Yojana (SSS)			
National Mission on Oil Seeds and Oilpalm			
Agri Junction			
Integrated Scheme on Agriculture Census, Economics and Statistics (CSS)			
Agri Mechanisation			
1- National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture (CSS)			
1a- Rashtriya Khadya Suraksha Mission			
Farmers support to enhance oil seed production. (SSC)			

Akatrit Baagvani Vikas Mission			
Rashtriya Ayush Mission			
Rashtriya khadya Pransakaran Mission (CSS)			
Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation			
Anusuchit Jati/Janjaati Krishako hetu Audyaanik Vikas Karyakram (Rajya sector)			
Gaay/Bhaison Mein Kritrim Garbhaadhaan Evam Praakritik Garbhaadhaan Dwaara Pashu Prajanan ki Suvidhaon ka Sudhaar Evam Vistaar Karaane ki Yojana (Jila Yojana) (DSS)			
National Livestock Mission Antargat Rural Backyars Poultry Development Programme (CSS)			
Pashu/Bhaison Mein Anurvarata Baanjhapan Nivaaran (Rajya Yojana) (SSS)			
Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS)			
Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS)			
Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS)			
Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS)			
(National Livestock Mission Under NLM following) Pashu Chikitsa Sevaayein Tatha Pashu Swastha Ke Antargat Sanchaalit Yojnayein			
Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran)			

Pashu Chikitsa Evam Swastha Tatha Rog Nidaan Sevaaon Ka Sudhar Evam Vistaaran			
Dugdh Utpadan Vriddhi hetu Dugdh Utpadako Ko Takneeki Nivesh Yojana ( Zila Yojana)			
Krishak Prashikshan Karyakram (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS)			
1.a- Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karyakram)			
1.b- Primary nursery seed distribution Program Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karyakram)			
1.f-Ratoon Management Program (Paudi Prabandh Karyakram)			
1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program			
Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS)			
Jalplavit Kshetra Mein Matsya Vikas (SSS)			
Taalaabo Ki Matsya Utpadan Kshamta Ka Vikas (sss)			
Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries- Government of India (CSS)			

2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality	ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems	strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality
National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission (CSS)		
Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS)		
Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation		
Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS)		
Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS)		
Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS)		
Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS)		

Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran)		
Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, (Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karyakram)		
Primary nursery seed distribution Program (Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karyakram))		
Ratoon Management Program (Pedi Prabandh Karyakram)		
Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program		

2.5: By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed	maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels	promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed
Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana		
Anusuchit Jaati/Janjaati Krishko Hetu Audyaanik Vikas Karyakram (Rajya Sector) (SSS)	Partially	
Ratoon Management Program (Pedi Prabandh Karyakram)		
National Mission on Agriculture Extention and Technology (CSS)		

3.1 : By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)	
Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)	
National Rural Health Mission (CSS)	
State Innovations in Planning Services Project Family Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)	
Janani Suraksha Yojana (CSS)	

Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS)	
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3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age	aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births	under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births
Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)		Partially	Partially
ICDS (CSS)		Partially	Partially

3.3-By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	AIDS	tuberculosis	neglected tropical diseases combat hepatitis	water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
National AIDS Control Program (CSS)				
UP AIDS (SSS)				
RI Vaccination (SSS)				

3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes	ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education	integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes
National Rural Health Mission (CSS)		
UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS)		
State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)		

3.8-Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	universal health coverage	access to quality essential health-care services	access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)			
National Rural Health Mission (CSS)			
District Disability Rehabilitation Centre (D.D.R.C)			
Artificial Limbs/Assistive Equipment Scheme			
Corrective Surgery treatment grant for PWDs			
Medical Facility Scheme			
Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS)			
Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)			
UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS)			

4.1 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes
Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)	
Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)	
Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)	
Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)	
Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, Model School	
Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme	
Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan	

4.2 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education	ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education
Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)	
ICDS	

4.3 : By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)	
Girl Help Scheme	
Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)	
Residential School Plan (SSS)	
Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)	
Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)	
Model School	
Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme	
Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP	
Pre-matric Scheme for Minority Community	

4.4: By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship	substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
Udaymita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram/Udayamita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram (S.C.P. Yojana)	
Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS)	
Kukkut Palan li 30000 Layers ki Yojana (SSS)	
Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS)	
Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS)	

Krishik Prashikshan Karyaakraam (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS)	
Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Antargat Dugdhshalaon Ka Sudhikaran (CSS)	
PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]	
Svat: Rojgar Apnane hetu Berojgar Abhiyarthiyo ko Protsahit Karna (SSS)	
Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgarparakta Tatha Kaushal Mein Vridhi Karna (SSS)	
Neeji Kshetr ke Niyojakon ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryaalay Mein Rojagaar Melon ka Aayojan Karaana. (SSS)	
Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP	
Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community	

4.5-By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations	eliminate gender disparities in education	equal access to all levels of education	vocational training	disabilities	indigenous peoples	children in vulnerable situations
Girl Help Scheme (SSS)						
Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)						
Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)						
Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan						
Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)						
Government Hostel Scheme						
O-Level Computer Prashikshan Yojana						
Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP						

Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community						
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4.6 : By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy	ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy
Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)	

4.a : Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all	Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive	provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)		
Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, Model School		
Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme		

5.1 : End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	end all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Pension Yojana (SSS)	
Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS)	
181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)	
Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Samman Kosh Ki Sthapna SSS)	

5.2-Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres	trafficking and	sexual and other types of exploitation
Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Sammaan Kosh ki Sthaapana			
Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS)			

181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)			
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5.3 : Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation		
181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)			

5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies	promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	
Rashtirya Paarivarik Laabh Yojana (JSS)	Partially		

5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences	Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights	accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development	Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences
State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)			

6.1 : By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all	achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all		
National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)			
Swajal Scheme			

6.2-By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all	end open defecation	paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
Swachh Bharat Mission			
Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.)			
Sanitary Napkin			
Swachh Gram			

6.4 : By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity	substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors	ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity	substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity
Bhujal Aankalan Ka Vikas Evam Bhujal Sarvekshan Ka Sudhdhikaran (SSS)			
Bhujal Stroto Ka Maanchitrikaran (Aquifer Mapping) Evam Bhujal Stroto Ka Parameter Test (SSS)			
Bhujal Sansadhano Ki Gunvatta Ka Anusharavan Evam Mapping (SSS)			
Bhujal Jan Jaagrukta Evam Prachar- Prasaar (SSS)			
Nishulk Boring Yojana (SSS)			
Madhyam Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)			
Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)			
Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Saamuhik Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)			
Kshetriya Bhujal Hub Ki Sthapna (SSS)			
National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)			

6.6: By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes	protect and restore water-related ecosystems	Mountains	Forests	Wetlands	Rivers	Aquifers & Lakes
Varsha Jal Sanchayan/ Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirmaan Yojana (SSS)			Partially		Partially	

6.b : Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management	Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management
Swachh Bharat Mission	

7.1 : By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
Saur Oorja Sahaayata Yojana(SSS)	
Solar Energy Program	
Energy Conservation Program	
Village Electrification Program	
Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020	

7.2 : By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix	increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix
Saur Oorja Sahaayata Yojana (SSS)	Partially
Solar Energy Program	
Energy Conservation Program	Partially
Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020	Partially

8.2: Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour intensive sectors	Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation	focus on high-value added	labour intensive sectors
Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS)			
Technology Up gradation Scheme for Uttar Pradesh Small & Medium Scale Industries			

8.3-Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship,	creativity and innovation	encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises,	including through access to financial services
PMEGP SCHEME(Prime Minister’s Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]				
Mahatma Gandhi National Employment Guarantee Act (CSS)				
One District- One Product (SSS)				
National Rural Livelihood Mission				
Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS)				
Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna				
PM Employment Generation Program Rural				

8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men	including for young people and persons with disabilities	equal pay for work of equal value
Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS)			
PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister’s Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]			

Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)			
National Rural Livelihood Mission			
Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.)			
Shop Construction/Shop-Operation Scheme			

8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment	education	training
PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]			
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)			
National Rural Livelihood Mission			
Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.)			
Sanitary Napkin			
Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saavajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Rikhtiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna (SSS)			
Svata: Rojgaar Apnane hetu Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Protsahit Karna (SSS)			
Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana(SSS)			
Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna (SSS)			
Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna			
PM Employment Generation Program Rural			

9.1-Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all	quality	reliable	sustainable	regional	transborder infrastructure	economic development	Human well-being,	with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS)								
Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Kendriya Sadak Nidhi ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran								
Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3054 ke Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran								
Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3034 ke Antargat Vishesh Marammat Sweekrit Kaaryon ka Vivaran								
Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3054 ke Antargat Nivetan ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran								
Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag ke Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran								
Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran								
Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag Mein Nadi Setu Ke Chaaloo Kaaryo/Sweekrit Kaaryo Par Aavantit Dhanrashi Ka Lok Sabhaavaar Vivaran								

9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets	Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit	integration into value chains and markets
Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS)		
Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna		
PM Employment Generation Program Rural		
Hastashilpiyo Ke Kaushal Vikas Ki Prashikshan Yojana		
Niryaat Bazaar hetu Design Workshop		

9.4: By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities	upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable	with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes	with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities
Industry Infrastructure Development Promotion Scheme (SSS)(Workshop)	Partially		

10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population	higher than the national average
Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)		

10.2-By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	age	sex	disability	race	ethnicity	religion	origin	economic
Deen Dayal Rehabilitation Scheme (DDRS)								
Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)								
Pension Scheme (SSS)								
U.D.I.D Scheme								
S.I.P.D.A Scheme								
A.D.I.P Scheme								
Accessible India (Sugamya Bharat)								
State Level Awards for Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities								
Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System								

11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums	ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing	basic services	upgrade slums
Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme			
Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS)			
Rajkiya Unnayan Bastiyo Ka Rakh-Rakhav (SSS)			
State Urban Housing & Habitat Policy (2013) (SSS)			
Naya Moradabad- (1-16+ Other)			

11.2-By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons	provide access to safe	affordable	accessible	sustainable transport systems	improving road safety	notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons
Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS)						
Free bus transportation for PWDs by Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation (UPSRTC)						

11.3 : By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries	enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization	capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement	planning and management in all countries
Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA)			
Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (CSS)			

11.7 : By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities	Safe	Inclusive and Accessible	Green and Public Spaces	For Women and Children	Older Persons and persons with disabilities
Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY)					

15.2-By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally	promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests	halt deforestation	restore degraded forests	substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally
Social Forestry (SSS)				

Social forestry in urban areas (SSS)				
Green belt development scheme (SSS)				
Project Tiger (CSS)				
Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats (CSS)			partially	
Forest Cover Enrichment Scheme				
Organizing Forest festivals (SSS)				
Nursery Management Scheme (SSS)				

15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world	combat desertification	restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods	strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world
Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS)			
Seed/Soil treatment Program			

15.8 : By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species	introduce measures to prevent the introduction	and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems	and control or eradicate the priority species
Social Forestry (SSS)			
Social forestry in urban areas (SSS)			
Green belt development scheme (SSS)			

16.2 : End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children	end abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children
Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)	

16.9 : By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	provide legal identity for all	including birth registration
Birth & Death Control Program (SSS)		

16.b : Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development	Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies	for sustainable development
Atyachaar Nivaran Adhiniyam ke Antargat Aarthik Sahayata (SSS)		

## Recommendations

Some of the broad recommendations for effective integration of SDGs into the district planning process are as follows:

It has been found that Nine working schemes contribute to many targets and thus these schemes need more allocation of funds so that their coverage can be enhanced.

1. ICDS
2. MNREGA
3. PMEGP
4. Child benefit scheme
5. SIFPSA
6. Rojgar Prohatsan
7. Swachh Bharat
8. Sanitary Napkin
9. PM Maitritva Vandana

16 schemes in the Agriculture department, 12 in forest department, 12 in Higher Education department and 12 in Cane Development and Sugar Industry are not functional in Moradabad. If these are allocated money and they function, then target coverage will be more comprehensive.

For example, the below schemes, if implemented, will cover some targets which are currently not being addressed

Name of Scheme	Department	Target
<b>National Plan for conservation of aquatic ecosystems (CSS)</b>	Environment, Forest and Climate Change Department	6.6-By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes
<b>Decentralized Distribution Generation (DDG)</b>	Energy	7.b- Expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support

Some new schemes are needed or existing schemes need to be expanded to cover the targets listed below which are left out

5.5-Ensure women’s full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life
5.a - Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws
5.b- Promote the empowerment of women through Technology.
11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas
12.8-ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature
15.9-By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts
16.4- Reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime.

Indicators need to be selected and measured so that regular monitoring of schemes is possible. As an example, the following indicators can help track nine targets-

- Percentage of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition
- Percentage of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition
- Percentage of pregnant women vaccinated
- Percentage of children in grade 3 malnutrition

**TARGETS**  
2.1, 2.2, 3.1,3.2, 3.7, 3.8, 4.2, 5.1,5.6

Efficient implementation of schemes is an issue, to ensure which a comprehensive system of measuring, reporting and verification of indicators is needed. We recommend that the following processes be initiated for effective and comprehensive monitoring and feedback like public hearing and social audits periodically

There are certain cross cutting issues that have, of late become matters of urgency, and the districts need to address these on priority:

1. Water conservation:

<b>Interventions needed</b>	<b>Corresponding SDG targets covered</b>
Efficient use of water in agriculture, particularly rice cultivation, through promotion of DSR and SRI	2.4; 15.3
Water use efficiency in households, particularly in urban areas through rain water harvesting and waste water reuse	6.2; 6.4; 6.b; 11.6; 11.b
Rejuvenation of wetlands and rivers through promotion of new schemes like the Sujalam Sufalam Jal Sanchay Yojana of Gujarat can be introduced.	15.1; 15.3; 15.5

## 2. Air quality:

Intervention needed	Corresponding SDG targets covered
Aggressively promote the Ujjwala Yojana to ensure that households move away from use of biomass for cooking. Provide additional incentives if required to poor households so that they use the LPG cylinders provided through Ujjwala Yojana	7.1; 7.3;7.b
Control air pollution to achieve AQI of 51-100, especially in urban hubs and periurban areas	11.6;11.7; 11.b; 3.4; 3.9; 12.4
Reduce dependence on grid supplied electricity and aggressively promote rooftop solar electricity installation and use. Aggressively implement net metering	7.1; 7.2;7.3;
Take measures for smooth traffic movement and management in the urban areas of Pilibhit to reduce vehicular emissions	3.6; 3.9; 11.6; 12.4

## 3. Climate change:

Proposed intervention	Corresponding SDG targets covered
Promoting water use efficiency and conservation as well as addressing air quality will have climate change co-benefits and would make the districts a climate leader in the country	6.2; 6.4; 6.b; 11.6; 11.7; 11.b; 3.4; 3.9; 12.4
Additional aspects of dealing with climate change would involve ensuring the protection and conservation of forests which would have both adaptation and mitigation co-benefits.	6.6; 15.1; 15.2; 15.b
Promoting e-mobility by incentivizing uptake of electric vehicles, as well as creating vehicle charging infrastructure in the cities	7.1; 7.3; 7.b; 3.4; 3.9;

## 4. Urban Planning and Smart Cities

Proposed intervention	Corresponding SDG targets covered
Effluent treatment plants for the MSME clusters to reduce pollution and toxic buildup	3.4; 3.9; 6.3; 9.4; 11.5; 11.6; 12.4
Mandatory sewage treatment systems to be installed for all urban centers	

Climate proofing infrastructure especially in urban areas	1.5; 11.b; 13.1; 13.3;
Low carbon solid waste management and treatment through anaerobic sewage management and waste segregation at the household level	11.6; 12.3; 12.4; 12.5; 12.c
Boost public transport for easing urban traffic. Plan infrastructure based on traffic projections for the next 10 years.	3.6; 11.2;
LED street lighting needs to be installed in all towns and cities in the district	7.1; 7.3; 5.2
Strengthen ULBs to participate in urban developmental planning and implementation	6.b; 11.a; 11.b; 16.7
Convergence between Moradabad Nagar Nigam and Moradabad Development Authority	11.b

#### 5. Health and Family Welfare

Proposed intervention	Corresponding SDG targets covered
Schemes to deal with water borne epidemics and tuberculosis need to be implemented across the districts on priority.	3.3; 3.9; 6.3
Health coverage for all as well as access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines needs to be ensured	3.8; 3.b
Coverage of schemes to prevent neonatal mortality and under 5 mortality needs to be improved	3.2
Effective vector control programmes to be launched linking them with drinking water and sanitation	3.9; 6.a; 6.b
Distribute prophylactic doses of anti-malarial drugs to reduce incidence of malaria	3.3 and 3,4

## 6. Agriculture

Proposed intervention	Corresponding SDG targets covered
The non-functional schemes related to agriculture (17 in Pilibhit and 16 in Moradabad) need to be restarted immediately	
Increasing agricultural productivity through provision of productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment needs to be promoted actively.	2.3; 2.c; 2.a
Coverage of schemes for climate resilience and disaster resilience needs to be improved	1.5; 2.4; 9.1; 11.b; 13.1
Progressive improvement of land and soil quality should be promoted through agriculture extension workers.	2.4; 3.9; 12.4; 15.3
Improve efforts towards maintenance of genetic diversity of seeds and conserving traditional knowledge on farming.	2.5; 15.6
Promote cultivation of millets and other water efficient crops through effective implementation of MSP mechanisms	2.1; 2.2; 2.4
Promote resilience and diversification of crops to reduce the risks of price and income shock to farmers	2.3; 2.4
Scale up and enhance, if possible, the Pradhan Mantri Kissan Samman Nidhi, through finances of the State Government	1.3

There are also certain targets which are only covered by one scheme (see highlighted rust targets. These schemes need more funds allocation and also be implemented each year.

Target	No. of Schemes	Name of the Schemes
<b>GOAL 1</b>		
1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day	6	
1.2 : By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	5	
1.3 : Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	16	
1.4-By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	1	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)
<b>GOAL 2</b>		
2.1-By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round	7	
2.2: By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	7	
2.3-By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment	34	
2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that	12	

help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality		
2.5: By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed	4	
<b>GOAL 3</b>		
3.1 : By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	6	
3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	2	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS) ICDS (CSS)
3.3-By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	3	National AIDS Control Program (CSS) UP AIDS (SSS) RI Vaccination (SSS)
3.7: By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes	3	National Rural Health Mission (CSS) UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS) State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)
3.8-Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	9	
<b>GOAL 4</b>		
	2	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)

4.2 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education		ICDS
4.3 : By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	10	
4.4: By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship	15	
4.5-By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations	9	
4.6 : By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy	1	Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)
4.a : Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all	4	
<b>GOAL 5</b>		
5.1 : End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	4	
5.2-Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	3	Rani Lakshmbai Mahila Evam Baal Sammaan Kosh ki Sthaapana Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS) 181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)
5.3 : Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	1	181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)
5.4: Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	1	181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)
5.6: Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of	2	Rashtirya Paarivarik Laabh Yojana (JSS) State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)

the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences		
<b>GOAL 6</b>		
6.1 : By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all	2	National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) Swajal Scheme
6.2-By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	4	
6.4 : By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity	10	
6.6: By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes	1	Varsha Jal Sanchayan/ Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirmaan Yojana (SSS)
6.b : Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management	1	Swachh Bharat Mission
6.6: By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes	1	Varsha Jal Sanchayan/ Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirmaan Yojana (SSS)
<b>GOAL 7</b>		
7.1 : By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	5	
7.2 : By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix	4	
<b>GOAL 8</b>		
8.2: Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour intensive sectors	2	Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS) Technology Up gradation Scheme for Uttar Pradesh Small & Medium Scale Industries
8.3-Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and	7	

encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services		
8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	7	
8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	12	
<b>GOAL 9</b>		
9.1-Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all	8	
9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets	5	
9.4: By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities	1	Industry Infrastructure Development Promotion Scheme (SSS)(Workshop)
<b>GOAL 10</b>		
10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	1	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)
10.2-By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	9	
<b>GOAL 11</b>		
11.1: By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums	5	
11.2-By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons	2	Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS) Free bus transportation for PWDs by Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation (UPSRTC)
	2	Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA)

11.3 : By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries		Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (CSS)
11.7 : By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities	1	Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY)
<b>GOAL 15</b>		
15.2-By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally	8	
15.3: By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world	2	Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS) Seed/Soil treatment Program
15.8 : By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species	3	Social Forestry (SSS) Social forestry in urban areas (SSS) Green Belt Scheme
<b>GOAL 16</b>		
16.2 : End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children	1	Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)
16.9 : By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	1	Birth & Death Control Program (SSS)
16.b : Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development	1	Atyachaar Nivaran Adhinyam ke Antargat Aarthik Sahayata (SSS)

## Annexures

### Annexure 1: Indicative List of Departments for SDG Integrated District Vision cum Plan

S.No	Name of Department
1.	Agriculture Department
2.	Department of Medical Health & Family Welfare
3.	Animal Husbandry Department
4.	Dairy Development Department
5.	Department of Women & Child Development
6.	Department of Energy+ department of additional sources of energy
7.	Food & Civil Supplies Department
8.	Department of Fisheries
9.	Ground Water Department
10.	Environment, Forest and Climate Change Department
11.	Department of Horticulture and Food Processing
12.	Department of Infrastructure & Industrial Development
13.	Department of Secondary Education
14.	Directorate of Higher Education
15.	Irrigation & Water Resources Department
16.	Labour Department + Directorate of Training & Employment
17.	Minor Irrigation
18.	Rural Development Department
19.	Social Welfare Department
20.	Town & Country Planning Department
21.	Department of Panchayati Raj
22.	Sugar Industry & Cane Development Department
23.	Moradabad Development Authority
24.	Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities Department
25.	Minorities Welfare Department
26.	Public Works Department
27.	Department of MSME & Exports Promotion
28.	Khadi Village Industries Board
29.	Basic Education Department

## Annexure 2: SDG Targets not applicable to Moradabad district

1.	1.a-Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions
2.	1.b-Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions
3.	2.a-Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services, technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries
4.	2.b-Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round
5.	2.c-Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility.
6.	3.a-Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate
7.	3.b-Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and noncommunicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all
8.	3.c-Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States
9.	3.d-Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks
10.	4.b-By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries
11.	4.c-By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing states

12.	5.c-Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels
13.	6.a-By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies
14.	7.3-By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency
15.	7.a-By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology
16.	8.1- Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries.
17.	8.4- Improve global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation
18.	8.9- Devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products.
19.	8.10- Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.
20.	8.a-Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries
21.	8.b-By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization
22.	9.2-Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances and double its share in least developed countries
23.	9.5- Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending
24.	9.a-Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States 18
25.	9.b-Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities
26.	10.3- -Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard
27.	10.4-Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality
28.	10.5-Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations

29.	10.6-Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions
30.	10.7-Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies
31.	10.a-Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements
32.	10.b-Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes
33.	10.c-By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent
34.	11.4-Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage
35.	11.b-By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels
36.	11.c-Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials
37.	12.1- Implement the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries
38.	12.3-By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses
39.	12.6-Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle
40.	12.7- Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities
41.	12.a-Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production
42.	12.b – Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promote local culture and products
43.	12.c-Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities

44.	13.2- Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning
45.	13.a-Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible
46.	13.b- Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management.
47.	14.1-By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution
48.	14.2-By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans
49.	14.3-Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels
50.	14.4-By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics
51.	14.5-By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information
52.	14.6-By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation
53.	14.7-By 2030, increase the economic benefits to Small Island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism
54.	14.a-Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries
55.	14.b-Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets
56.	14.c-Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in UNCLOS, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of The Future We Want
57.	15.4- Ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development
58.	15.c- Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities.
59.	16.3- Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all.

60.	16.8-Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance
61.	16.a-Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime
62.	17.1-Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection
63.	17.2-Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of ODA/GNI to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries
64.	17.3-Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources
65.	17.4-Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress
66.	17.5-Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries
67.	17.6-Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism
68.	17.7-Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed
69.	17.8-Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology
70.	17.9-Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the sustainable development goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation
71.	17.10-Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda
72.	17.11-Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020
73.	17.12-Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access
74.	17.13-Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence
75.	17.14-Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development

76.	17.15-Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development
77.	17.16-Enhance the global partnership for sustainable development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the sustainable development goals in all countries, in particular developing countries
78.	17.17-Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships
79.	17.18-By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts
80.	17.19-By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries

Annexure 3: List of Government Schemes covering SDG Targets in Moradabad District

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -1.1
1.	Moradabad	DRD	National Rural Livelihood Mission
2.	Moradabad	DSW	Old Age Pension (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	DSW	National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)
4.	Moradabad	WCD	Widow Pension (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	DRD	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)
6.	Moradabad	SSI & EP	Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shipakaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -1.2
1.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako ko Sahayta (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	DRD	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	DRD	National Rural Livelihood Mission
4.	Moradabad	DSW	Vriddhavastha/Kissan Pension Yojana (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	DSW	National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)

S No.	District	Department	SDG Target -1.3
1.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana/Punargathit Mausam Aadharit Fasal Bima Yojana (CSS)
2.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako ko Sahayta (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	Fish	Macchua Durghatna Bima (CSS)
4.	Moradabad	Labour	Construction Worker Unitary Assistance Scheme (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	Labour	Pension Scheme (SSS)
6.	Moradabad	Labour	Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS)
7.	Moradabad	Labour	Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)
8.	Moradabad	Labour	Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS)
9.	Moradabad	DSW	Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)
10.	Moradabad	DSW	Vriddhavastha/Kissan Pension Yojana (SSS)
11.	Moradabad	DSW	National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)

12.	Moradabad	DSW	Atyaachaar Nivaaran Adhiniyam ke Antargat Aarthik Sahaayata (SSS)
13.	Moradabad	DSW	Vridhha Evam Ashakt Graho Ka Sanchalan (SSS)
14.	Moradabad	WCD	Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Se Vivah Karne Per Dampatti Ko Puruskar (SSS)
15.	Moradabad	SSI & EP	Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shipakaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana
16.	Moradabad	Minority Welfare	Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System
17.	Moradabad	DRD	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Gaurantee Scheme (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -1.4
1.	Moradabad	DRD	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -2.1
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Labour	Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	Food & CS	National Food Security Mission (CSS)
4.	Moradabad	DRD	Mission Antodaya
5.	Moradabad	WCD	ICDS (CSS)
6.	Moradabad	Disability	Nourishment Grant (Pension) Scheme for PWDs.
7.	Moradabad	Disability	Disability (due to) Leprosy Nutrition Grant Scheme

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -2.2
1.	Moradabad	WCD	ICDS (CSS)
2.	Moradabad	FOOD & CS	National Food Security Mission (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	HFW	National Rural Health Mission (CSS)
4.	Moradabad	HFW	Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS)
5.	Moradabad	Labour	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)
6.	Moradabad	Labour	Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)
7.	Moradabad	HFW	School Health Program (SSS)

S No.	District	Department	SDG Target -2.3
1.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Pramanit Beejo Per Anudaan (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Sankar (Hybrid)Beejo ke Upyog ko Badhava Dene ki Yojana (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	1- National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture .(National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture) (CSS) 1a- Rashtriya Khaadya Suraksha Mission
4.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	National Mission on Oil Seeds and Oil Palm (National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS)
5.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Agri Junction
6.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Integrated Scheme on Agriculture Census, Economics and Statistics (CSS)
7.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Agri Mechanisation
8.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Akatrit Baagvani Vikas Mission (MIDH)- Rashtriya Baagvani Mission
9.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	/National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology (CSS)
10.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	National Ayush Mission
11.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Rashtriya Khadya Pranskan Mission (CSS)
12.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation
13.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Gaay/Bhaison Mein kritrim Garbhaadhaan Evam Praakritik Garbhaadhaan Dwaara Pashu Prajanan ki Suvidhaon Ka Sudhaar Evam Vistaar Karaane ki Yojana (Zila yojana) (DSS)
14.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	National Livestock Mission Ke Antargat Rural Backyard Poultry Development Programme (CSS)
15.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Pashu/Bhaison Mein Anurvarata Baanjhapan Nivaaran (Rajya Yojana (SSS)
16.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS)
17.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS)
18.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS)
19.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS)
20.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	(National Livestock Mission Under NLM following) Pashu Chikitsa Sevaayein Tatha Pashu Swastha Ke Antargat Sanchaalit Yojnayein
21.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran) }
22.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Pashu Chikitsa Evam Swastha Tatha Rog Nidaan Sevaon Ka Sudhar Evam Vistaaran
23.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Dugdh Utpadan Vriddhi hetu Dugdh Utpadako Ko Takneeki Nivesh Yojana ( Zila Yojana)
24.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Krishak Prashikshan Karyakram (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS)

25.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, (mUur'khy xUuk cht mRiknu/forj.k dk;Zdze)
26.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program (mUur'khy xUuk cht Riknu@forj.k dk;Zdze)
27.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.f-Ratoon Management Program (iSM+h izcU/k dk;Zdze)
28.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program
29.	Moradabad	Fish	Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS)
30.	Moradabad	Fish	Jalplavit Kshetra Mein Matsya Vikas (SSS)
31.	Moradabad	Fish	Taalaabo Ki Matsya Utpadan Kshamta Ka Vikas (sss)
32.	Moradabad	Fish	Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries- Government of India (CSS)

S No.	District	Department	SDG Target -2.4
1.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	<b>(National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS)</b>
2.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	Agriculture+Horti	Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation
4.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyi Ki Yojana (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS)
6.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS)
7.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS)
8.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran)
9.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, (mUur'khy xUuk cht mRiknu/forj.k dk;Zdze)
10.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program (mUur'khy xUuk cht Riknu@forj.k dk;Zdze)
11.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.f-Ratoon Management Program (iSM+h izcU/k dk;Zdze)
12.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -2.5
1.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana
2.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Anusuchit Jaati/Janjaati Krishko Hetu Audyaanik Vikas Karyakram (Rajya Sector) (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.f-Ratoon Management Program (iSM+h izcU/k dk;Zdze)
4.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	/National Mission on Agriculture Extention and Technology (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -3.1
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	WCD	Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	HFW	National Rural Health Mission (CSS)
4.	Moradabad	HFW	State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)
5.	Moradabad	HFW	Janani Suraksha Yojana (CSS)
6.	Moradabad	HFW	Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -3.2
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	WCD	ICDS (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -3.3
1.	Moradabad	HFW	National AIDS Control Program (CSS)
2.	Moradabad	HFW	UP AIDS
3.	Pilibhit	HFW	RI Vaccination (SSS)
4.			TB Programme, Vector Coordination & Malaria

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -3.7
1.	Moradabad	HFW	National Rural Health Mission (CSS)
2.	Moradabad	HFW	UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	HFW	State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -3.8
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Labour	Medical Facility Scheme
3.	Moradabad	Labour	Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS)

4.	Moradabad	Labour	Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	HFW	National Rural Health Mission (CSS)
6.	Moradabad	HFW	UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS)
7.	Moradabad	Disability	District Disability Rehabilitation Centre (D.D.R.C)
8.	Moradabad	Disability	Artificial Limbs/Assistive Equipment Scheme
9.	Moradabad	Disability	Corrective Surgery treatment grant for PWDs

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -4.1
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Labour	Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	DSW	Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)
4.	Moradabad	DSW	Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)
5.	Moradabad	DSE	Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan,
6.	Moradabad	DSE	Model School
7.	Moradabad	DSE	Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme
8.	Moradabad	DBE	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -4.2
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	WCD	ICDS

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -4.3
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Labour	Girl Help Scheme
3.	Moradabad	Labour	Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)
4.	Moradabad	Labour	Residential School Plan (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	DSW	Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)
6.	Moradabad	DSW	Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)
7.	Moradabad	DSE	Model School

8.	Moradabad	DSE	Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme
9.	Moradabad	Minority Welfare	Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP
10.	Moradabad	Minority Welfare	Pre-matric Scheme for Minority Community
<b>S No</b>	<b>District</b>	<b>Department</b>	<b>SDG Target -4.4</b>
1.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Udaymita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram/Udayamita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram (S.C.P. Yojana)
2.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyi Ki Yojana (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Kukkut Palan li 30000 Layers ki Yojana (SSS)
4.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS)
5.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS)
6.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Krishik Prashikshan Karyaakraam (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS)
7.	Moradabad	AHD+Dairy Dev	Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Antargat Dugdshaalaon Ka Sudhikaran
8.	Moradabad	IID	PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]
9.	Moradabad	DTE	Svat: Rojgar Apnane hetu Berojh=gaar Abhiyarthiyo ko Protsahit Karna (SSS)
10.	Moradabad	DTE	Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgarparakta Tatha Kaushal Mein Vridhi Karna (SSS)
11.	Moradabad	DTE	Neeji Kshetr ke Niyojakon ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryaalay Mein Rojagaar Melon ka Aayojan Karaana. (SSS)
12.	Moradabad	Minority Welfare	Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP
13.	Moradabad	Minority Welfare	Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -4.5
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Labour	Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	DSW	Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)
4.	Moradabad	DSW	Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)

5.	Moradabad	DPR	Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS)
6.	Moradabad	DSE	Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme
7.	Moradabad	Minority Welfare	Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP
8.	Moradabad	Minority Welfare	Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -4.6
1.	Moradabad	DSW	Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -4.a
1.	Moradabad	DSW	Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)
2.	Moradabad	DSE	Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan,
3.	Moradabad	DSE	Model School
4.	Moradabad	DSE	Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -5.1
1.	Moradabad	WCD	Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Pension Yojana (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	WCD	Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	WCD	181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)
4.	Moradabad	WCD	Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Samman Kosh Ki Sthapna SSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -5.2
1.	Moradabad	WCD	Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	WCD	181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	WCD	Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Samman Kosh Ki Sthapna -(SSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -5.3
1.	Moradabad	WCD	181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -5.4
1.	Moradabad	DSW	Rashtirya Paarivarik Laabh Yojana (JSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -5.6
1.	Moradabad	HFW	State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -6.1
1.	Moradabad	DRD	National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)
2.			Swajal

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -6.2
1.	Moradabad	DRD	Swachh Gram
2.	Moradabad	DPR	Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin)
3.	Moradabad	DPR	Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.)
4.	Moradabad	DPR	Sanitary Napkin

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -6.4
1.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Bhujal Aankalan Ka Vikas Evam Bhujal Sarvekshan Ka Sudhdhikaran (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Bhujal Stroto Ka Maanchitrikaran (Aquifer Mapping) Evam Bhujal Stroto Ka Parameter Test (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Bhujal Sansadhano Ki Gunvatta Ka Anusharavan Evam Mapping (SSS)
4.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Bhujal Jan Jaagrukta Evam Prachar- Prasaar (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Nishulk Boring Yojana (SSS)
6.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Madhyam Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)

7.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)
8.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Saamuhik Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)
9.	Moradabad	Gr. Wtr +Mnr Irr	Kshetriya Bhujal Hub Ki Sthapna (SSS)
10.	Moradabad	DRD	National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -6.6
1.	Moradabad	Gr Wtr+Mnr Irr	Varsha Jal Sanchayan/ Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirmaan Yojana (SSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target-6.b
1.	Moradabad	DPR	Swachh Bharat Mission

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -7.1
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Saur Oorja Sahaayata Yojana (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Enr+Addl Energy	Solar Energy Program
3.	Moradabad	Enr+Addl Energy	Energy Conservation Program
4.	Moradabad	Enr+Addl Energy	Village Electrification Program
5.	Moradabad	Enr+Addl Energy	Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -7.2
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Saur Oorja Sahaayata Yojana (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Enr+Addl Energy	Solar Energy Program
3.	Moradabad	Enr+Addl Energy	Energy Conservation Program
4.	Moradabad	Enr+Addl Energy	Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -8.2
1.	Moradabad	IID	Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	IID	Technology Up gradation Scheme for Uttar Pradesh Small & Medium Scale Industries

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -8.3
1.	Moradabad	IID	PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]
2.	Moradabad	DRD	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	DRD	National Rural Livelihood Mission
4.	Moradabad	IID	One District- One Product (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	DPR	Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS)
6.	Moradabad	Khadi & Village	Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna
7.	Moradabad	Khadi & Village	PM Employment Generation Program Rural

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -8.5
1.	Moradabad	Fish	Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	IID	PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]
3.	Moradabad	DRD	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)
4.	Moradabad	DRD	National Rural Livelihood Mission
5.	Moradabad	DPR	Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.)
6.	Moradabad	Disability	Shop Construction/Shop-Operation Scheme

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -8.6
1.	Moradabad	IID	PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]
2.	Moradabad	DRD	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	DRD	National Rural Livelihood Mission
4.	Moradabad	DPR	Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.)
5.	Moradabad	DPR	Sanitary Napkin
6.	Moradabad	DTE	Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saarvajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Riktiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna (SSS)
7.	Moradabad	DTE	Svata: Rojgaar Apnane hetu Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Protsahit Karna (SSS)
8.	Moradabad	DTE	Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna (SSS)
9.	Moradabad	DTE	Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana (SSS)
10.	Moradabad	Khadi & Village	Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna
11.	Moradabad	Khadi & Village	PM Employment Generation Program Rural

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -9.1
1.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.h-Antar Gramin Sadko Ka Nirman
2.	Moradabad	DRD	Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	PWD	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Kendriya Sadak Nidhi ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran
4.	Moradabad	PWD	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3054 ke Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran
5.	Moradabad	PWD	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3034 ke Antargat Vishesh Marammat Sweekrit Kaaryon ka Vivaran
6.	Moradabad	PWD	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Nivartan ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran
7.	Moradabad	PWD	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag mein Nirvartan Ke Antargat Navinikaran Ke Karyo Ka Vivaran

8.	Moradabad	PWD	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran
9.	Moradabad	PWD	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag Mein Nadi Setu Ke Chaaloo Kaaryo/Sweekrit Kaaryo Par Aavantit Dhanrashi Ka Lok Sabhaavaar Vivaran

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -9.3
1.	Moradabad	IID	Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Khadi & Village	Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna
3.	Moradabad	Khadi & Village	PM Employment Generation Program Rural
4.	Moradabad	SSI & EP	Hastashilpiyo Ke Kaushal Vikas Ki Prashikshan Yojana
5.	Moradabad	SSI & EP	Niryaat Bazaar hetu Design Workshop

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -9.4
1.	Moradabad	IID	Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target-10.1
	Pilibhit	DRD	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -10.2
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Pension Scheme (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Labour	Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	Minority Welfare	Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System
4.	Moradabad	Disability	U.D.I.D Scheme
5.	Moradabad	Disability	S.I.P.D.A Scheme
6.	Moradabad	Disability	Accessible India (Sugamya Bharat )
7.	Moradabad	Disability	State Level Awards for Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -11.1
1.	Moradabad	Labour	Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme
2.	Moradabad	DRD	Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS)
3.	Moradabad	DSW	Rajkiya Unnyan Bastiyo Ka Rakh-Rakhav (SSS)
4.	Moradabad	MDA	State Urban Housing & Habitat Policy (2013) (SSS)
5.	Moradabad	MDA	Naya Moradabad- (1-16+ Other)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -11.2
1.	Moradabad	DRD	Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS)
2.	Moradabad	Disability	Free bus transportation for PWDs by Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation (UPSRTC)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -11.3
1.	Moradabad	DPR	Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -11.7
1.	Moradabad	DRD	Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -15.2
1.	Moradabad	Forest	1. Social Forestry (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Forest	Social forestry in urban areas (SSS)
3.	Moradabad	Forest	Green belt development scheme (SSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -15.3
1.	Moradabad	Agri+Horti	Mrida Swastha ka Sudhikaran (CSS)
2.	Moradabad	Cane Dev	1.e-Seed/Soil treatment Program (cht ,oa Hkwfe mipkj dk;Zdze)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -15.8
1.	Moradabad	Forest	1. Social Forestry (SSS)
2.	Moradabad	Forest	Social forestry in urban areas (SSS)

3.	Moradabad	Forest	Green belt development scheme (SSS)
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S No	District	Department	SDG Target -16.2
1.	Moradabad	WCD	Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target-16.9
1.	Pilibhit	HFW	Birth & Death Control Program (SSS)

S No	District	Department	SDG Target -16.b
1.	Moradabad	DSW	Atyachaar Nivaran Adhinyam Ke Antargat Aarthik Sahayata (SSS)

Annexure 4: List of Targets Not-Covered in Moradabad District by Schemes

Targets without any Schemes	Targets covered under relevant acts	Targets will be covered if the following schemes are working	Targets not being covered by any Scheme, Act or Policy
1.5 - Build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters		Indira Awaas Yojana- Central Scheme- Ministry of Rural Development  Multi-Sectoral Development Programme (MSDP)- Central Scheme- Ministry of Minority Affairs  Lohia Awaas Yojana- State Scheme- Rural Development Department	
3.4- By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being		National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Program	
3.5 -Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985</li> <li>• The Prevention Of Illicit Traffic In Narcotic Drugs And Psychotropic Substances Act, 1988</li> </ul>		
3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents	Motor Vehicles (Amendment) Act, 2019	Good Samaritan scheme	
3.9- Substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981</li> </ul>	Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989	

air, water and soil pollution and contamination	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Cess Act, 1977</li> <li>•</li> </ul>	Bio-Medical Waste Management and Handling Rules,2016	
4.7- by 2030, Ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development			√
5.3- Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	The Prohibition of Child Marriage Act, 2006 (Partially)		
5.5-Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life			√
5.a - Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976</li> <li>• Married Women's Property Act, 1874</li> <li>• Hindu Succession Act, 1956</li> </ul>		

natural resources, in accordance with national laws			
5.b- enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women			?
5.c-Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976</li> <li>• Married Women’s Property Act, 1874</li> <li>• Pre-Conception and Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (PCPNDT) Act, 1994</li> <li>• Hindu Succession Act, 1956</li> </ul>		
6.3- Improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The <b>Water</b> (Prevention and Control of Pollution) <b>Act</b>, 1974</li> <li>• The National Green Tribunal Act, 2010</li> <li>• The Environment Protection Act, 1986</li> <li>• Factories Act, 1948</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008. (Partially)</li> <li>• Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989</li> <li>• Bio-Medical Waste Management and Handling Rules, 2016</li> <li>• The Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016</li> <li>• The E- Waste Management Rules, 2011</li> <li>• The Batteries Management Rules, 2001</li> <li>• National river conservation plan</li> </ul>	
6.5- Implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• National Water Mission (National Action Plan on Climate Change)</li> <li>• River Basin Management Scheme</li> </ul>	

transboundary cooperation as appropriate			
7.b- Expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support		Decentralized Distribution Generation (DDG)	
8.7-Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Child Labour (Prohibition &amp; Regulation) Act, 1986</li> <li>• Bonded Labour System Abolition Act, 1976</li> </ul>		
8.8- Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minimum Wages Act, 1948</li> <li>• Employees State Insurance Act, 1948</li> <li>• Factories Act, 1948</li> <li>• Contract Labour (Regulation &amp; Abolition) Act, 1970</li> </ul>		
8.9- By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UP Tourism Policy 2018</li> <li>• Development of eco-tourism</li> </ul>	

9.c- Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the internet in least developed countries by 2020	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Right to Information Act, 2005</li> </ul>	Digital India Programme	
11.5-by 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prime Minister’s National Relief Fund</li> <li>• State Disaster Relief Fund</li> </ul>	
11.6- Reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Partially)</li> <li>• Environment Protection Act, 1986</li> </ul>		
11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning			√
12.2- Achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources		National Mission for Green India	

<p>12.4- By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008. (Partially)</li> <li>• Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989</li> <li>• Bio-Medical Waste Management and Handling Rules, 2016</li> <li>• The Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016</li> <li>• The E- Waste Management Rules, 2011</li> <li>• The Batteries Management Rules, 2001</li> </ul>	
<p>12.5- By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse.</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008. (Partially)</li> <li>• Manufacture, Storage and Import of Hazardous Chemical Rules, 1989</li> <li>• Bio-Medical Waste Management and Handling Rules, 2016</li> <li>• The Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016</li> <li>• The E- Waste Management Rules, 2011</li> <li>• The Batteries Management Rules, 2001</li> </ul>	
<p>12.8-ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature</p>			<p>√</p>
<p>13.1- Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries</p>		<p>National Action Plan on Climate Change (NAPCC)</p> <p>State Action Plan on Climate Change (SAPCC)</p> <p>National Mission for Green India</p> <p>National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture</p>	

13.3- Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning		National Mission on Strategic Knowledge for climate Change	
15.1- By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social Forestry</li> <li>• Social forestry in urban areas</li> <li>• Green belt development scheme</li> <li>• Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats</li> </ul>	
15.5-Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Development of eco-tourism</li> <li>• Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats</li> </ul>	
15.6- Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed	ABS Guidelines under the BD ACT 2002	National Plan for conservation of aquatic ecosystems	
15.7-Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products		Management of wildlife outside the protected area	

15.9-By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts			√
15.a- Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems.			√
15.b- Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation			√
16.1- Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere.	The Protection of Women from Domestic Violence Act, 2005 (Partially)		
16.4- By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Right to Information Act</li> <li>• The Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988</li> <li>• Foreign Contribution Regulation Act, 2010</li> <li>• Central Vigilance Commission Act, 2013</li> </ul>		

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lokpal and Lokayuktas Act, 2013</li> <li>• Companies Act, 2013</li> <li>• Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002</li> <li>• The Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018</li> <li>• Arms Act, 1959</li> <li>• Terrorist and Disruptive Activities (Prevention) Act</li> </ul>		
16.5- Reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988</li> <li>• The Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988</li> <li>• The Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002</li> </ul>		
16.6- Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels	Right to Information Act, 2005		
16.7- Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels.	Panchayati Raj Act, PESA 1996		
16.10 - Ensure Public access to information and protect fundamental freedom	Right to Information Act, 2005		

Annexure 5: List of Government Schemes that do not contribute towards any SDG Target

S.No	Department	Name of Scheme
1.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Atihimeekrit Veerya Utpaadan Kendra (Rajya Yojana) (SSS)
2.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Khurpaka Mahupaka Rog Niyantaran Karyakram (F.M.D.- C.P.) 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (CSS)
3.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Rinderpest irrigation Program – 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (CSS)
4.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Pashu Rogo Ke Niyantaran hetu Rajyo Ko Sahayta 75 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (JSS)
5.	AHD+Dairy Dev	U.P. Veterinary Council Ki Sthapna 50 Pratshit Kendra Poshit (JSS)
6.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Pashudhan Utpadan Tatha Prabandh Saankhyakeey Addhyan Tatha Shodh Karya (50 Pratishat Kendra Poshit) (JSS)
7.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Sukar Prashikshan Kendra Evam Diagnostic Prayogshala Aligarh Sudhikaran (Rajya Yojana)
8.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Dugdhdh Vikas Karya hetu Gramin Awasthapana Suvridha (Automatic Milk Collection Unit Va Milk Cooler Ki Sthapna) (SSS)
9.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Dugdhdh Sandho /Samitiyon ke Sudrdheekaran, Purnagathan Evam Vistaar (Zila Yojana) ) (DSS)
10.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Mini Kamdhenu
11.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Micro Kamdhenu
12.	AHD+Dairy Dev	Dairy Scheme
13.	DSW	Mukhyamantri Samuhik Vivah Yojana
14.	DPR	Mukhya Mantri Panchayat Protsahan Puruskar Yojana
15.	DPR	Panchayati Raj Prashikshan Sansthan Prit (PRIT)
16.	WCD	Pati Ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Ki Putri Se Vivah hetu Anudaan Yojana (SSS)
17.	WCD	Kamkaji Mahila Yojna

18.	WCD	Child Helpline
19.	WCD	Gharelu Hinsa se Mahilaon ka Sanrakshan
20.	WCD	Anganwadi Centres
21.	Department of Disability	Training of teachers for identifying children affected with Dyslexia, Attention Deficit and Hyper Activity Syndrome.
22.	DMW	Daughter Marriage Scheme for Minority Community
23.	SSI & EP	Akhil Bhartiya Hastashilp Saptah Ka Manaya Jaana
24.	SSI & EP	Hastashilp Kshetra Mein Utkrisht Yogdaan Ke Liye Hastashilpiyo Ko Rashtriya Puruskar Yojana
25.	SSI & EP	Pradesh Ke Vishisht Hastashilpiyo Ko Rajya Puruskar Pradan Karne Ki Yojana





## Annexure 7: List of Departments that do not function at the District Level

- 1) Administrative Reforms
- 2) Appointment & Personnel
- 3) Backward Welfare
- 4) Civil Aviation
- 5) Commercial Tax
- 6) Cooperative
- 7) Coordination
- 8) Culture
- 9) Dharmarth
- 10) Election
- 11) Entertainment Tax
- 12) Excise
- 13) Estate
- 14) External Aided Project
- 15) Finance
- 16) General Administration
- 17) Handloom
- 18) Home Guards
- 19) Information & Public Relations
- 20) Information Technology & Electronics
- 21) Language
- 22) Law
- 23) Land Development & Water Resources
- 24) National Integration
- 25) Parliamentary Affairs
- 26) Planning
- 27) Political Pension
- 28) Prisons Administration & Reform Services
- 29) Program Implementation
- 30) Protocol
- 31) Public Enterprises
- 32) Revenue
- 33) Rural Engineering Department
- 34) Sanik Kalyan
- 35) Secretariat Administration
- 36) Sericulture
- 37) Samgra Gram Vikas Vibhag
- 38) Sports
- 39) Tourism
- 40) Transport
- 41) Urban Development
- 42) Urban Employment & Poverty Alleviation
- 43) Vidhai
- 44) Stamp and Registration
- 45) U.P. Reorganisation & Coordination
- 46) Vigilance
- 47) Youth Welfare

Annexure 8: List of schemes whose data is available

Name of Scheme	Department Name	Type of Data
1-Ganna Vikas ki Yojna (District Plan) (SSS)	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, (Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karykram	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program (Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karykram	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
1.c-Breeder Seed Transportation Program (Jav, Urvark,Varmi Compost Evam Ganna Beej Yatayat	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
1.d-Foundation seed transportation Program ((Jav, Urvark,Varmi Compost Evam Ganna Beej Yatayat	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
1.e-Seed/Soil treatment Program (Beej Evam Boomi Upchar Karyakram)	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
1.f-Ratoon Management Program (Paudi Prabandh Karyakram	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
1.h-Antar Gramin Sadko Ka Nirman	Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry	Districtwise
Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)	Social Welfare	Beneficiary Level
Vridhastha/Kisan Pension Yojana (SSS)	Social Welfare	Beneficiary Level
Rashtriya Paarivarik Laabh Yojana (JSS)	Social Welfare	Districtwise( Online)
Atyachaar Nivaran Adhinyam Ke Antargat Aarthik Sahayata (SSS)	Social Welfare	Beneficiary Level

Rajkiya Aashram Paddhati Vidyalaya	Social Welfare	District Level
Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)	Social Welfare	District Level
Vriddha Evam Ashakt Griho Ka Sanchalan (SSS)	Social Welfare	District Level
Nishulk Boring Yojana (SSS)	Ground Water and Minor Irrigation	Beneficiary wise
Madhyam Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)	Ground Water and Minor Irrigation	Beneficiary wise
Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)	Ground Water and Minor Irrigation	Beneficiary wise
Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Saamuhik Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)	Ground Water and Minor Irrigation	Beneficiary wise
Varsha Jal Sanchayan/ Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirmaan Yojana [bundelakhand] (SSS)	Ground Water and Minor Irrigation	Beneficiary wise
Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saarvajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Riktiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna (SSS)	Training and Employment	districtwise
Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna (SSS)	Training and Employment	Districtwise
Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana (SSS)	Training and Employment	Districtwise
Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Pension Yojana (SSS)	Women and Child Development	Beneficiary wise
Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)	Women and Child Development	Blockwise

Anganwadi Centres	Women and Child Development	centrewise
Sarva Siksha Abhiyan	Basic Education	Blockwise
Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan,	Secondary Education	Districtwise
Model School	Secondary Education	Districtwise
Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme	Secondary Education	Districtwise
Pramanit Neejo Per Anudaan (SSS)	Agriculture/Horticulture	Beneficiary Level
Sankar Beejo (Hybrid) ke Upyog Ko Badhava Dene Ki Yojana (SSS)	Agriculture/Horticulture	Beneficiary Level
Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako Ko Sahayta (SSS)	Agriculture/Horticulture	Beneficiary Level
(National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS)	Agriculture/Horticulture	Beneficiary Level
1- .(National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture) (CSS)1a- Rashtriya Khaadya Suraksha Mission	Agriculture/Horticulture	Beneficiary Level
/National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology (CSS)	Agriculture/Horticulture	Beneficiary Level
Ekikrit bagwani vikas mission	Agriculture/ <b>Horticulture</b>	Beneficiaries wise
Rashtriya Krishi Vikaas Yojana. [ gautamabuddh nagar, baagapat, haapud, shamli, amaroha, bijanaur, sambhal, pilibhit, eta, shahjahanur, badaun, kaasaganj, aligarh, firozabaad, auraiya, kanpur dehaat, fatehpur, hardoi, lakheemapurkhiri, ambedakar nagar, amethi, gonda, balarampur, baharaich, shraavastee, chandauli, ajamgarh, maoo evam devariya, rampur] (CSS)	Agriculture/Horticulture	Beneficiaries wise
Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation (CSS)	Agriculture/ <b>Horticulture</b>	Beneficiaries wise

Rashtriya Ayush Misson	Agriculture/ <b>Horticulture</b>	Beneficiary Wise
Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers)	Beneficiary Level
Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers)	Beneficiary Level
Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)	Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers)	Beneficiary Level
Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme	Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers)	Beneficiary Level
Daughter Marriage Grant Scheme (SSS)	Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers)	Beneficiary Level
Saur Urja Sahayta Yojana (SSS)	Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers)	Beneficiary Level
Construction Worker Unitary Assistance Scheme (SSS)	Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers)	Beneficiary Level
Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS)	Labour (Building and Other Construction Workers)	Beneficiary Level
National Food Security Mission (CSS)	Food and Civil Supplies	Village Panchayat wise
Identification of remaing priority house holds under NFSA.	Food and Civil Supplies	Village Panchayat wise
Supply Chain Management	Food and Civil Supplies	Village Panchayat wise
Door Step Delivery	Food and Civil Supplies	Village Panchayat wise
Aadhaar Card Seeding	Food and Civil Supplies	Village Panchayat wise
Capacity building for storage at Block and Tehsil level.	Food and Civil Supplies	Village Panchayat wise
Jalplavit Kshetra Mein Matsya Vikas (SSS)	Fisheries	Beneficiary Wise
Taalaabo Ki Matsya Utpadan Kshamta Ka Vikas (sss)	Fisheries	Beneficiary Wise
Macchua Durghatna Bima (CSS)	Fisheries	Beneficiary Wise
Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries- Government of India (CSS)	Fisheries	Beneficiary Wise

Fish seed production and its distribution to Fish Farmers from State Fish Farms.	Fisheries	Beneficiary Wise
Gaay/Bhaison Mein kritrim Garbhaadhaan Evam Praakritik Garbhaadhaan Dwaara Pashu Prajanan ki Suvidhaon Ka Sudhaar Evam Vistaar Karaane ki Yojana (Zila yojana ) (DSS)	Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development	District Level
Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS)	Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development	blockwise
Dugdh Utpadak Sadasyo Ko Sahkaaritaon Ke Antargat Protsahit Karna (Gokul Puruskar) (SSS)	Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development	Beneficiary Wise
Dugdh Vikas Karya hetu Gramin Awasthapana Suvidha (Automatic Milk Collection Unit Va Milk Cooler Ki Sthapna (SSS)	Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development	Beneficiary level data not available as PARAG collects milk through channel of Milk Committees
Dugdh Sandho /Samitiyon ke Sudrdheekaran, Purnagathan Evam Vistaar (Zila Yojana) (DSS)	Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development	Beneficiary Wise
Dugdh Utpadan Vriddhi hetu Dugdh Utpadako Ko Takneeki Nivesh Yojana (Zila Yojana)	Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development	Committeewise Details
Krishak Prashikshan Karyakram (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS)	Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development	District Level
Birth & Death Control Program (SSS)	Medical and Family Welfare	Blockwise
School Health Program (SSS)	Medical and Family Welfare	District Level

State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)	Medical and Family Welfare	Blockwise
Energy Conservation Program	Energy	District Level
Village Electrification Program	Energy	District Level
Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020	Energy	District Level
Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gramin Jyoti Yojna	Energy	District Level
CADA scheme under various irrigation Project	Irrigation and Water Resources	District Wise
Mission Antodaya	Rural Development	Blockwise
Social Forestry (SSS)	Environment, Forest and Climate Change Department	Districtwise
Social forestry in urban areas (SSS)	Environment, Forest and Climate Change Department	Districtwise
Green belt development scheme (SSS)	Environment, Forest and Climate Change Department	Districtwise
PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]	Industry	Beneficiary Wise
MYSY (Mukhyamantri Yojna Swa Rozgar Yojna)	Industry	Beneficiary Wise
Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS)	Panchayati Raaj	Districtwise
Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin)	Panchayati Raaj	Blockwise
Mukhyamantri Panchayat Protsahan Puruskar Yojana	Panchayati Raaj	Districtwise
Block Level Cluster Scheme	Department of Handi Craft	Blockwise

## Annexure 9: SDG Targets with Demarcation

<b>Access to Essential Services</b>
<b>Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.</b>
2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round
2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons
<b>Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well being for all at all ages</b>
3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births
3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being
3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents
3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes
3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all
3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination
<b>Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.</b>
4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and Goal-4 effective learning outcomes
4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and preprimary education so that they are ready for primary education
4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
<b>Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all</b>
6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all

6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations
6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally
6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity
6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate
6.b Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management
<b>Goal 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all.</b>
7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix
7.b By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support
<b>Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation</b>
9.c Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020
<b>Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.</b>
11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums
11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons
11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries
11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations
11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities
<b>Conservation, Environment &amp; Sustainability</b>
<b>Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.</b>

2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality
2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed
<b>Goal 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all</b>
6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes
<b>Goal 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.</b>
11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management
11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning
<b>Goal 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns</b>
12.2-By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources
12.4-By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment
12.5-By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse
12.8-By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature
<b>Goal 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts.</b>
13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries
13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning
<b>Goal 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.</b>
15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements

15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally
15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world
15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species
15.6 Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed
15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products
15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species
15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts
15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems
15.b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation

<b>Equity &amp; Fairness</b>
<b>Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere.</b>
1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance
<b>Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.</b>
2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed
<b>Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.</b>
4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and Goal-4 effective learning outcomes

4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and preprimary education so that they are ready for primary education
4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university
4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship
4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations
4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy
4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development
4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, nonviolent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all
<b>Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls</b>
5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere
5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation
5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation
5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate
5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life
5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences
5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws
5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women

5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels
<b>Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all</b>
8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value
8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms
8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment
<b>Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries.</b>
10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average
10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status
10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality
<b>Goal 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels</b>
16.1-Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere
16.2-End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children
16.4-By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime
16.5-Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms
16.6-Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels
16.7-Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels
16.9-By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration
16.10-Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements
16.b-Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development

<b>Economic and Social wellbeing</b>
<b>Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere.</b>
1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day
1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable
1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters
<b>Goal 2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.</b>
2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment
<b>Goal 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all</b>
8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors
8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services
8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value
8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training
8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products
8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all
<b>Goal 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation</b>
9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and transborder infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all
9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets

9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities

9.b Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities

## Annexure 10. Department Wise SDG Targets and Government Schemes Alignment and Gap Analysis

INDEX			
	Target as per UP document		Schemes not contributing to any targets
	Target added by us		Schemes not working in Pilibhit
	Target deleted by us but given in UP document		Schemes contributing according to UP Govt however we think they are not contributing
	Target as per NITI Aayog Mapping (August 2018)		Schemes listed in the NITI Aayog Mapping (August 2018) Document

Department of Agriculture / Horticulture													
S1 No	Schemes	District	Goal 1: No Poverty		Goal 2: Zero Hunger				Goal 4: Quality Education	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 15: Life on Land	
			Moradabad	1.2	1.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.a	4.4	6.2	6.4	15.1
1	Pramaanit Beejo Per Anudaan (SSS)	√			√								
2	Sankar Beejo (Hybrid) ke Upyog Ko Badhava Dene Ki Yojana (SSS)	√			√								
3	Laghu Evam Seemant Krishako Ko Sahayta (SSS)	√	√	√									
4	(National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission) (CSS)	√				√							
5	1.(National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture) (CSS) 1a- Rashtriya Khaadya Suraksha Mission	√			√							√	

Department of Agriculture / Horticulture													
S1 No	Schemes	District	Goal 1: No Poverty		Goal 2: Zero Hunger				Goal 4: Quality Education	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 15: Life on Land	
			Moradabad	1.2	1.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.a	4.4	6.2	6.4	15.1
6	1- National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture (CSS) 1b- Mrida Swastha Card Yojana	√				√							
7	Mrida Swastha Ka Sudhikaran (CSS)	√											√
8	National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology (CSS)	√						√					
9	Integrated Scheme - On Agriculture Census, Economics and Statistics (CSS)	√			√								
10	Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana/ Punargathit Mausam Aadharit Fasal Bima Yojana (CSS)	√		√									
11	Uttar Pradesh Khadya Prasanskaran Udyog Niti 2017 (SSS)	Not working			√				√				
12	Aaloo Vikas Niti -2014 (SSS)	Not working			√								
13	Ekikrit Bagvani Vikas Mission (M.I.D.H.) – Rashtriya Bagvani Mission (CSS)	√			√								
14	Rashtriya Krishi Vikaas Yojana. [ gautamabuddh nagar, baagapat, haapud, shamli, amaroha, bijanaur, sambhal, pilibhit,	√						√					

Department of Agriculture / Horticulture													
S1 No	Schemes	District	Goal 1: No Poverty		Goal 2: Zero Hunger				Goal 4: Quality Education	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 15: Life on Land	
			Moradabad	1.2	1.3	2.3	2.4	2.5		2.a	4.4	6.2	6.4
	eta, shahjahanur, badaun, kaasaganj, aligarh, firozabaad, auraiya, kanpur dehaat, fatehpur, hardoi, lakheemapurkhiri, ambedkar nagar, amethi, gonda, balarampur, baharaich, shraavastee, chandauli, ajamgarh, maoo evam devariya, rampur]												
15	Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojanna – Per Drop More Crop- Micro Irrigation (CSS)	√			√	√					√		
16	Anusuchit Jati/Janjaati Krishako hetu Audyaaanik Vikas Karyakram (Rajya sector) (SSS)	√					√						
17	National Ayush Mission [Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Moradabad, Bijnor, Sambhal, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Bareilly, Badaun, Shahjahanpur, Lucknow, Sitapur, Hardoi, Faizabad, Barabanki, Ambedkar Nagar, Sultanpur, Basti, Gorakhpur, Maharajganj, Kushinagar, Allahabad, Allahabad Kannauj, Kanpur Dehat, Etawah, Fatehpur, Agra, Mathura, Etah, Aligarh, Hathras, Azamgarh, Varanasi, Ghazipur, Jaunpur, Chandauli, Mirzapur, Sonbhadra, Banda, Chitrakoot, Hamirpur, Mahoba, Jhansa, Jalaun, Lalitpur and Bahraich.] (CSS)	√			√								

Department of Agriculture / Horticulture													
S1 No	Schemes	District	Goal 1: No Poverty		Goal 2: Zero Hunger				Goal 4: Quality Education	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 15: Life on Land	
			Moradabad	1.2	1.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.a	4.4	6.2	6.4	15.1
18	Udaymita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram/Udayamita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram (S.C.P. Yojana)  Udayamita Vikas Prashikshan Karyakram (S.C.P. Yojana Sitapur, Badaun, Bulandsheher, Hapur, Saharanpur, Muzzafarnagar, Bauda, Allahabad, Kanpur Dehat, Auriya, Farrukhabad, Varanasi, Sonbhadra, Baliya, Siddhartha nagar, Mainpuri, Aligarh., (SSS)	Not working							√				
19	Gunvatta Niyantaran Evam Hygiene Sambandhi Jaagrukta Prashikshan Ki Yojana (SSS)	Not working								√			
20	Rashtriya Khadya Pranskaran mission (CSS)	To be checked			√								
21	Maun Palan (Honey Bee) (SSS)	Not working			√								
22	Control of Pest insect through eco friendly mechanism (SSS)	Not working			√			√					
23	Technical input support for Agriculture Extension/Production enhancement through various measures (SSS)	Not working					√						
24	Use of Information Technology for Development of Agriculture (SSS)	Not working					√						
25	Trained Agri Entrepreneur Self Dependence Scheme. (SSS)	Not working					√						

Department of Agriculture / Horticulture													
S1 No	Schemes	District	Goal 1: No Poverty		Goal 2: Zero Hunger				Goal 4: Quality Education	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 15: Life on Land	
			Moradabad	1.2	1.3	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.a	4.4	6.2	6.4	15.1
26	Estimation of Production and Production of different crops at Gram Panchayat level (SSS)	Not working						√					
27	Subsidy on establishment of Solar Photo voltaic Pump (SSS)	Not working						√					
28	Farmers support to enhance oil seed production. (SSS)	Not working						√					
29	Strengthening of Bio-Fertilizers Production Lab. and promotion of Bio-Fertilizer use. (SSS)	Not working						√					
30	Strengthening Soil Health (SSS)	Not working						√					
31	Distribution of Gypsum for removal of micro nutrients deficiency (SSS)	Not working						√					
32	Bhoomi Sena Yojna (SSS)	Not working						√					

As per information provided by officers these schemes are not on going in the district

Pradesh mein Guvattaayukt Paan Utpadan Ko Protsahan Ki Yojana (Unnao, Rai bareli, Lucknow, Jaunpur, Pratapgarh, Allahabad, Kanpur nagar, Azamgarh, Baliya, Barakanki, Mirzapur, Sonbhadra). (SSS)

Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development									
S No	Schemes	District	Goal 2: Zero Hunger					Goal 4: Quality Education	
			Moradabad	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	4.4
1	Gaay/Bhaison Mein kritrim Garbhaadhaan Evam Praakritik Garbhaadhaan Dwaara Pashu Prajanan ki Suvidhaon Ka Sudhaar Evam Vistaar Karaane ki Yojana (Zila Yojana) (DSS)	√			√				

Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development								
S No	Schemes	District	Goal 2: Zero Hunger					Goal 4: Quality Education
		Moradabad	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	4.4
2	Pashu/Bhaison Mein Anurvarata Baanjhapan Nivaaran (Rajya Yojana) (SSS)	√			√			
3	Atihimmikrit Veerya Utpadan Kendra (Rajya Yojana) (SSS)	√						
4	Khurpa, Muhapaka Rog Niyantaran Karyakram (F.M.D.-C.P.) 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (CSS)	√						
5	Rinderpest Eradication Programme 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (CSS)	√						
6	Pashu Rogo Ke Niyantaran hetu Rajyo Ko Sahayta 75 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (JSS)	√						
7	U.P. Veterinary Council Ki Sthapna 50 Pratishat Kendra Poshit (JSS)	√						
8	Pashudhan Utpadan Tatha Prabandh Saankhyakeey Addhyan Tatha Shodh Karya (50 Pratishat Kendra Poshit) (JSS)	√						
9	National Livestock Mission Ke Antargat Rural Backyard Poultry Development Programme (CSS)	√			√		√	
10	Kukkut Palan ki 10000 Kaamshriyal Layers Pakshiyo Ki Yojana (SSS)	√			√	√		√
11	Kukkut Palan Ki 30000 Layers Ki Yojana (SSS)	√			√	√		√
12	Backyard Kukkut Palan Yojana (SSS) Kanmdhenu Yojana Poultry Development Policy.	√					√	
13	Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana Ke Antargat Braaylar Kukkut Palan Ki Yojana (CSS)	√			√	√		√
14	Rural Backyard Poultry Karyakram (JSS)	√			√	√		√
15	20th Pashu Ganna Karyakram ( 100 Pratishat Kendra Poshit)	√			√	√		
16	(National Livestock Mission Under NLM following) Pashu Chikitsa Sevaayein Tatha Pashu Swastha Ke Antargat Sanchaalit Yojnayein	√			√			
17	Sukar Prakshetro ki Sthapna, Vikas, Sudhikaran Tatha Prajnan suvidhayein Uplabdh Karana (G.O.) (Sukar Prajnan Prakshetro Ka Vistaar Evam sudhikaran)	√			√	√		

Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development								
S No	Schemes	District	Goal 2: Zero Hunger					Goal 4: Quality Education
		Moradabad	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	4.4
18	Sukar Prashikshan Kendra Evam Diagnostic Prayogshala Aligarh Sudhikaran (Rajya Yojana) (राज्योयोजना)	√						
19	Pashu Chikitsa Evam Swastha Tatha Rog Nidaan Sevaon Ka Sudhar Evam Vistaaran	√			√			
20	Gaay/Bhaison mein Kritrim Garbhaadaan Dwaara Pashu Prajnan Suvidhayein Evam Vistaar Tatha Baf Ke Madhyam se Prajnan Ki Suvidhayein Uplabdh karana	√			√			
21	Dugdh Utpadak Sadasyo Ko Sahkaaritaon Ke Antargat Protsahit Karna (Gokul Puruskar) (SSS)	√			√			
22	Dugdh Vikas Karya hetu Gramin Awasthapana Suvidha (Automatic Milk Collection Unit Va Milk Cooler Ki Sthapna ) (SSS)	√						
23	E-Governance (Information Technology and Computerisation) (SSS)	Not Working						
24	P.C.D.F (Pradeshik Cooperative Dairy Federation) Ke Sudhdhikaran hetu Rinn (loan) Yojana - (SSS)	Not Working			√			
25	Janpada Kanpur mein Milk Powder Plant Ki Sthapana - (SSS)	Not Working						
26	Janpada Kannauj mein Milk Powder Plant Ki Sthapana hetu P.C.D.F. Ko Rinn (loan) (SSS)	Not Working						
27	Vibhutikhand, Gomatinagar, Lucknow Stith Parag Kendra Ke Aadhunikikaran hetu P.C.D.F. Ko Rinn (loan) (SSS)	Not Working						
28	Dugdh Sandho /Samitiyon ke Sudrdheekaran, Purnagathan Evam Vistaar (Zila Yojana) DSS)	√						
29	Dugdh Utpadan Vriddhi hetu Dugdh Utpadako Ko Takneeki Nivesh Yojana ( Zila Yojana)	√			√			
30	Krishak Prashikshan Karyakram (Samanya/S.C.P.) (DSS)	√			√			√
31	Dugdh Vikas Ki Rashtriy Yojana (CSS)	Not Working					√	

Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairy Development								
S No	Schemes	District	Goal 2: Zero Hunger					Goal 4: Quality Education
		Moradabad	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	4.4
32	Rashtriya kavi Vikas Yojana Antargat Dugdh Shalaaon ka Sudhdhikaran - (CSS)	√						√
33	Mini Kamdhenu	√						
34	Micro Kamdhenu	√						
35	Dairy Scheme	√						

Department of Higher Education		
S.No	Schemes	Districts
		Moradabad
1	1- Rashtriya Uchcharat Shiksha Abhiyan (RUSA) (CSS) 1.a-Institutional Development Plan)	Not Working
2	National Service Scheme (CSS)	Not Working
3	Development grants to Universities	Not Working
4	Establishment of State Universities.	Not Working
5	Establishment of Govt. Degree Colleges	Not Working
6	Establishment of Model Degree Colleges in low GER district.	Not Working
7	Infrastructure grants to Universities	Not Working
8	Infrastructure grants two colleges	Not Working
9	Strengthening of Govt. Degree colleges and inclusion of New subject	Not Working
10	Upgradation of Govt. Degree colleges to modern Degree colleges	Not Working
11	Establishment of Colleges by Private management in undeserved blocks	Not Working
12	Extension of Govt. Degree Colleges building and Electrification	Not Working

Department of Medical Health & Family Welfare													
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being					Goal 5: Gender Equality		Goal 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	
		Moradabad	2.1	2.2	3.1	3.3	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.9	5.1	5.6	16.9
1	National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Program (CSS)	Not working	√	√									
2	National AIDS Control Program (CSS)	√				√							
3	Birth & Death Control Program (SSS)	√											√
4	School Health Program (SSS)	√		√									
5	National Rural Health Mission (CSS)	√			√			√	√				
6	UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS)	√						√	√				
7	State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)	√			√			√				√	
8	UP AIDS	√				√							
9	Prandhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana	√	√	√	√						√		
10	Janani Suraksha Yojana	√			√	√							

Directorate of Training & Employment (Under Deptt. of Labour)				
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 4: Quality Education	Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth
		Moradabad	4.4	8.6
1	Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saarvajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Riktiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna. (SSS)	√		√

2	Vyavasaya Marg Nirdeshan Karyakram Ke Antargat Rojgar Bazaar Mein Uplabdh Prashikshan, Ucchh Shiksha Ke Avasaro Ke Sambandh Mein Berojgar Abhyarthiyo Ko Samyak Va Upyogi jaankari Uplabdh Karana. (SSS)	Not working	√	√
3	Svata: Rojgaar Apnane hetu Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Protsahit Karna (SSS)	√	√	√
4	Rojhar/Berojgar Ke Vibhinna Aayamo Ke Sambandh Mein Soochnaon Ka Ekatrikaran, Sankalan, Prachar Evam Prasar (SSS)	Not working	√	√
5	Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna (SSS)	√	√	√
6	Paatra Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Berojgaari Bhatta Pradaan Karna. M.S.D.P. Yojana (SSS)	Not working	√	√
7	Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojgaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana (SSS)	√	√	√

Department of Cane Development & Sugar Industry											
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 2: Zero Hunger				Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	Goal 15: Life on Land
			Moradabad	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.5	6.4	6.5	9.1	11.a
1	<b>1-Ganna Vikas ki Yojna (District Plan) (SSS)</b>	√		√	√						
2	1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program, Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karykram)	√		√	√						
3	1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program Uttansheel Ganna Beej Utpadan/Vitaran Karykram)	√		√	√						
4	1.c-Breeder Seed Transportation Program ((Jav, Urvarak,Varmi Compost Evam Ganna Beej Yatayat	√									

5	1.d-Foundation seed transportation Program (Jav, Urvark, Varmi Compost Evam Ganna Beej Yatayat)	√									
6	1.e-Seed/Soil treatment Program (Beej Evam Boomi Upchar Karyakram)	√									√
7	1.f-Ratoon Management Program (iSM+h izcU/k dk;Zdze)	√		√	√	√					
8	1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program	√		√	√						
9	1.h- Antar Gramin Sadko Ka Nirman	√							√		
10	<b>2-Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (JSS)</b>	Not working									
11	2.a-Breeder Seed Production and Distribution Program	Not working		√	√	√					
12	2.b-Foundation Nursery Seed Production and Distribution Program	Not working		√	√	√					
13	2.c-Primary Nursery Seed distribution program	Not working		√	√	√					
14	2.d-Field Demonstration Program	Not working			√						
15	2.e-Micronutrient distribution Program	Not working			√	√					
16	2.f-Agricultural Implements distribution Program	Not working				√					
17	2.g-Productivity award Program	Not working		√							
18	2.h-kisan Goshthi/kisan Mela Program	Not working				√					
19	2.i-Training Program	Not working		√		√					
20	2.j-Drip Irrigation Program	Not working		√			√	√			
21	<b>3-National Food Security Mission (JSS)</b>	Not working	√	√							

Department of Energy (+Additional Energy Resources)						
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 7: Affordable and Clean energy			
		Moradabad	7.1	7.2	7.3	7.b
1	Solar Energy Program	√	√	√		
2	Bio Energy Program	Not working	√	√		
3	Micro Hydel	Not working	√	√	√	
4	Wind Energy	Not working	√	√	√	
5	Energy Conservation Program	√	√	√		
6	Village Electrification Program	√	√			
7	Renewable Energy Certificate Mechanism (RECM)	Not working	√	√	√	√
8	Decentralized Distribution Generation (DDG)	Not working	√			√
9	Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020	√	√	√		
10	Mega Power Projects, each 4000MW to be installed	Not working	√			
11	Deen Dayal Upadhyay Gramin Jyoti Yojna	√				

Department of Fisheries											
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty		Goal 2: Zero Hunger			Goal 4: Quality Education	Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production
		Moradabad	1.3	1.4	2.3	2.4	2.5	4.4	8.5	11.1	12.2
1	Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS)	√			√				√		
2	Jalplavit Kshetra Mein Matsya Vikas (SSS)	√			√						

3	Taalaabo Ki Matsya Utpadan Kshamta Ka Vikas (sss)	√			√						
4	Vibhaagiya Matsya Prakshetro Ka Sudhdhikaran (SSS)	Not working			√	√					√
5	Macchua Durghatna Bima (CSS)	√	√								
6	Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries- Government of India (CSS)	√			√						
7	Macchuua Awas Yojana 35- Pujigat Parisampattiyo hetu Anudaan (CSS)	Not working								√	
8	Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries “Blue Revolution” -201- Rashtriya Macchuara Kalyan Yojana ke Antargat Macchua Awas (CSS)	Not working			√						
9	National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology	Not working			√						
10	Establishment of hatcheries and supply of quality inputs under Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana(RKVY) (ACA).	Not working			√						
11	Fresh water Prawn culture.	Not working			√						
12	Fish seed production and its distribution to Fish Farmers from State Fish Farms.	√			√						

Department of Irrigation & Water Resources				
Schemes	Districts	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		
	Moradabad	6.5	6.3	6.a
Development of information Technology in irrigation Department	Not working	☐		
CADA scheme under various irrigation Project	☐	☐		
Project for Conjunction use of surface & Ground water	to be checked	☐		
Capacity Building- WALMI & PACT	to be checked			☐

As per information provided by officers these schemes are not on going in the district

- 1 Uttar Pradesh Water Sector Restructuring Project (ESS)
- 2 National Hydrology Project (NHP) (ESS)

Department of Basic/ Secondary Education											
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: End Poverty	Goal 4: Quality Education							
		Moradabad	1.a	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.a
1	Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan,	√	√	√			√				√
2	Model School	√		√		√					√
3	Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme	√		√		√		√			√
4	Free Laptop Distribution Scheme (SSC)	Not working		√			√				√
5	Kanya Vidhya Dhan Yojna	Not working		√			√				√
6	Total Literacy Campaign-Adult Education (Saskhar Bharat)	Not working		√			√				√
7	Sarva Siksha Abhiyan	√	√	√							

**Department of Rural Development**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No poverty					Goal 2: Zero Hunger	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation						Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth			Goal 9: Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure		Goal 10: Reduce Inequality	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities			Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production		
			Moradabad	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4		1.a	2.1	6.1	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.5	6.6	8.3	8.5	8.6		9.1	9.4	10.3	11.1	11.2	11.7
1	Rural Soft Net	Not working																								
2	Mahatma Gandhi National Employment Guarantee Act (CSS)	√	√	√	√	√	√								√	√	√									
3	Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS)	√																√	√	√			√			
4	Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS)	√	√	√	√																√					
5	Swachh Gram	√									√															
6	District Development Coordination and Monitoring Committee (DISHA) (CSS)	Not working																								
7	National Rural Livelihood Mission	√	√	√		√									√	√	√								√	√
8	National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)	√							√			√	√	√												
9	Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY)	√																						√		
10	Mission Antodaya	√							√															√		

**Department of Social Welfare**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty				Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being		Goal 4: Quality Education								Goal 5: Gender Equality			Goal 10: Reduce Inequality			Goal 11 :	Goal 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	
			Moradabad	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	2.1	2.2	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.a	4.c	5.1	5.3	5.4	10.1	10.2	10.4	11.1
1	Rani Lakshmbai Pension Yojana (SSS)	Not working	√	√	√		√																	√			
2	Chhatravriti Yojana (SSS)	√			√					√		√		√													
3	Vridhdhavaasta/Kisan Pension Yojana (SSS)	√	√	√	√																						
4	Rashtriya Paarivarik Laabh Yojana (JSS)	√	√	√	√																√						
5	Atyachaar Nivaran Adhinyam Ke Antargat Aarthik Sahayata (SSS)	√			√																					√	
6	Anusuchit Jati Evam Samanya Gareeb Parivaro ke vyaktiyo Ki Putriyo Ki shaadi Evam Unke Parijano /ke Ilaaj hetu Anudaan Yojana (SSS)	Not working			√															√			√				√
7	Rajkiya Aashram Paddhati Vidyalaya	√																									
8	Anusuchit Jati Chhatravas Nirman Yojana (CSS)	√								√		√		√	√		√										
9	Rajya Ucchh Stariya Sevaon hetu Pariksha Purva	Not working								√	√	√	√	√	√				√				√				

**Department of Social Welfare**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty				Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being		Goal 4: Quality Education								Goal 5: Gender Equality			Goal 10: Reduce Inequality			Goal 11 :	Goal 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	
			Moradabad	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	2.1	2.2	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	4.a	4.c	5.1	5.3	5.4	10.1	10.2	10.4	11.1
	Coaching Kendra Yojana (CSS)																										
10	Vridha Evam Ashakt Griho Ka Sanchalan (SSS)	√			√																						
11	Rajkiya Bhikshuk Griho ka Sanchalan (SSS)	Not working	√	√	√	√	√	√	√																		
12	Merit Ucchikrit Yojana (CSS)	Not working			√					√	√	√	√	√	√	√							√				
13	Swacchik Sangathano Dwara Shiksha Sambandhi Karya Tatha Unhe Di Jaane Wali Aarthik Suvidhayein (SSS)	Not working								√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√					√				
14	Pradesh ki Anusuchit Jaatiyo Ke Kalyan hetu Vibhag Dwara Rajkiya Audyogik Aasthan Ka Sanchalan	Not working																					√	√			
15	Rajkiya Unnyan Bastiyo Ka Rakhav (SSS)	√																							√		
16	Mukhmantri Samuhik Vivah Yojan	√																									

Department of Food & Civil Supplies						
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty	Goal 2: Zero Hunger		
		Moradabad	1.3	2.1	2.2	
1	National Food Security Mission (CSS)	√	√	√	√	
2	Identification of remaining priority households under NFSA.	All part of the above scheme		√		
3	Supply Chain Management			√		
4	Door Step Delivery			√		
5	Aadhaar Card Seeding			√		
6	Capacity building for storage at Block and Tehsil level.				√	

Department of Forest																
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production		Goal 13: Climate Action		Goal 15: Life on Land						
		Moradabad	6.6	8.4	11.6	12.8	12.b	13.2	13.3	15.1	15.2	15.4	15.5	15.7	15.8	15.9
1	Social Forestry (SSS)	√			√				√		√			√	√	
2	Social forestry in urban areas (SSS)	√						√	√		√			√	√	
3	Green belt development scheme (SSS)	√							√		√			√	√	
4	Building construction (SSS)	Not working														
6	Organizing Forest festivals (Van Mahotsav Yojna) (SSS)	Not working					√				√		√	√	√	

**Department of Forest**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production		Goal 13: Climate Action		Goal 15: Life on Land						
		Moradabad	6.6	8.4	11.6	12.8	12.b	13.2	13.3	15.1	15.2	15.4	15.5	15.7	15.8	15.9
7	Nursery Management Scheme (SSS)	Not working							√		√		√	√	√	
9	Management of wildlife outside the protected area (DSS)	Not working								√				√		
11	Integrated Development of Wildlife Habitats (CSS)	Not working								√	√		√	√		
13	National Plan for conservation of aquatic ecosystems (CSS)	Not working	√							√	√		√	√		
14	Implementation of the recommendations of the 13th Finance Commission (ACA) (CSS)	Not working														
15	National Afforestation Programme (through Forest Development Authority) (CSS)	Not working							√							
16	Intensification of Forest Management (CSS)	Not working												√	√	
18	Forest Cover Enrichment Scheme (Agra, Aligarh, Bareilly, Meerut, Saharanpur, Moradabad, Jhansi, Banda, Kanpur Nagar, Lucknow, Faizabad, Gonda, Varanasi, Mirzapur,	Not working			√				√		√		√		√	

Department of Forest																
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production		Goal 13: Climate Action		Goal 15: Life on Land						
		Moradabad	6.6	8.4	11.6	12.8	12.b	13.2	13.3	15.1	15.2	15.4	15.5	15.7	15.8	15.9
	Allahabad, Gorakhpur, Basti and Azamgarh) (SSS)															
19	Uttar Pradesh Bamboo Mission Yojana (CSS)	Not working						√	√							
20	Saras Conservation Society	Not working								√		√				

As per information provided by officers these schemes are not on going in the district

- 1 Vir Abdul Hameed forest, wild life and environment protection award scheme (SSS)
- 2 Development of eco-tourism (S/DSS)
- 3 Tiger Conservation Society
- 4 Uttar Pradesh Participatory Forest Management and Poverty Alleviation Project (External Aided-Japan International Cooperation Agency[JICA])(SSS)
- 5 Project Tiger (CSS)
- 6 Project Elephant (CSS)

Department of Ground Water / Minor Irrigation							
S.No	Schemes	District	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation				Goal 13: Climate Action
		Moradabad	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.a	13.2
1	Bhujal Aankalan Ka Vikas Evam Bhujal Sarvekshan Ka Sudhdhikaran (SSS)	√	√				
2	Bhujal Stroto Ka Maanchitrikaran (Aquifer Mapping) Evam Bhujal Stroto Ka Parameter Test (SSS)	√	√				

Department of Ground Water / Minor Irrigation							
S.No	Schemes	District	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation				Goal 13: Climate Action
		Moradabad	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.a	13.2
2a	Aquifer Mapping Evam Management Ki rashtriya Pariyojana (CSS)	Not working	√				
3	G.I.S. Aadharit Maanchitra (SSS)	Not working	√				
4	Rain Water Harvesting/Recharging (SSS)	√				√	
5	Shaskeeya Bhavano Per Roof Top Rain Water Harvesting Pranali (SSS)	√				√	
6	Bhujal Sansadhano Ki Gunvatta Ka Anusharavan Evam Mapping (SSS)	√	√				
7	Bhujal Jan Jaagrukta Evam Prachar- Prasaar (SSS)	√	√				
8	Kshetriya Bhujal Hub Ki Sthapna (SSS)	Not working		√			
9	Atidohit Evam Critical Vikaskhand Mein Varsha Jal Sanchyan Evam Bhujal Recharge Ki Akikrut Yojana (SSS)	Not working				√	
10	Uttar Pradesh Jal Kshetra Pariyojana Charaan- II (UPWSRP-2) Ka Punargathan (ESS)	Not working	√				
11	Rashtriya Jal Vigyan Pariyojana (NHP) ) (ESS)	Not working					√
12	Nishulk Boring Yojana (SSS)	√	√				
13	Madhyam Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)	√	√				
14	Gehre Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)	√	√				
15	Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Saamuhik Nalkoop Yojana (SSS)	√	√				

Department of Ground Water / Minor Irrigation							
S.No	Schemes	District	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation				Goal 13: Climate Action
		Moradabad	6.4	6.5	6.6	6.a	13.2
17	Satahi Pumpset Se Sinchai Yojana ' (SSS)	Not working				√	
18	Varsha Jal Sanchayan/Upyog Evam Bhujal Recharge hetu Checkdam Nirman Yojana (SSS)	√			√	√	
19	Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana (CSS)	Not working				√	

Department of Infrastructure & Industrial Development													
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: End Poverty	Goal 4: Quality Education	Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth				Goal 9: Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure				Goal 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development
			1.1	4.4	8.2	8.3	8.5	8.6	9.2	9.3	9.4	9.b	17.10
1	Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS)	√	√		√					√	√		
2	PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]	√	√	√		√	√	√					
3	Fiscal Incentives(SSS)	Not working			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	
4	Technology Up gradation Scheme for Uttar Pradesh Small & Medium Scale Industries	√			√								
5	Accelerated Export Promotion Scheme-Air Freight Subsidy Scheme	Not Working											√
6	One District One Product	√				√							

7	Mukhmantri Swarozgar Yojna	√																				
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Department of Labour (The Building and Other Construction Workers, Labour Department)																						
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty	Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being			Goal 4: Quality Education							Goal 5: Gender Equality		Goal 7: Affordable and Clean energy		Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 10: Reduce Inequality	Goal 11
			1.3	2.1	2.2	3.1	3.2	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	5.1	5.3	7.1	7.2	8.6	10.2	11.1
1	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)	√		√	√		√			√												
2	Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)	√		√		√		√														
3	Girl Help Scheme (SSS)	√																				
4	Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)	√							√		√		√									
5	Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)	√							√		√		√	√								
6	Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme	√																				√
	Medical Facility Scheme	√						√														
7	Residential School Plan (SSS)	√									√			√								
8	Daughter Marriage Grant Scheme (SSS)	√																				

**Department of Labour (The Building and Other Construction Workers, Labour Department)**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty	Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being			Goal 4: Quality Education							Goal 5: Gender Equality		Goal 7: Affordable and Clean energy		Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 10: Reduce Inequality	Goal 11
		Moradabad	1.3	2.1	2.2	3.1	3.2	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	5.1	5.3	7.1	7.2	8.6	10.2	11.1
10	Saur Urja Sahayata Yojana (SSS)	√															√	√				
12	Pension Scheme (SSS)	√	√																		√	
13	Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS)	√	√					√														
14	Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)	√	√					√													√	
15	Construction Worker Unitary Assistance Scheme (SSS)	√	√																			
16	Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS)	√	√					√														
17	National Health Insurance Scheme (CSS)	Not Working	√					√														
18	National Child Labour Project	Not Working	√																			
19	Rehabilitation and survey of bonded Labour	Not Working	√																			

Department of Labour (The Building and Other Construction Workers, Labour Department)																						
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty	Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being			Goal 4: Quality Education							Goal 5: Gender Equality		Goal 7: Affordable and Clean energy		Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 10: Reduce Inequality	Goal 11
		Moradabad	1.3	2.1	2.2	3.1	3.2	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.7	5.1	5.3	7.1	7.2	8.6	10.2	11.1
20	Registration of unorganized Workers and provide the social security	Not Working	√																			

As per information provided by officers these schemes are not on going in the district

- 1 Skill Development Technical Upgradation and Certification Scheme (SSS)
- 2 Construction Workers Food Assistance Scheme (SSS)

Moradabad Development Authority (MDA)				
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities
		Moradabad	6.a	11.1
1	Master Plan (SSS) (Policy)	Not working		√
2	Rain Water Harvesting (SSS) (Policy)	√	√	
3	Disaster Management (SSS) (Policy)	Not working		
4	State Urban Housing & Habitat Policy (2013) (SSS)	√		√
5	Integrated Township Policy (SSS) (Policy)	Not working		√
6	Naya Moradabad- (1-16+ Other)	√		√

Department of Town & Country Planning					
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities		
		Moradabad	11.1	11.3	11.a
1	1-Master Plan 1-a. Regulated Areas	Not Working	√	√	√
2	1-Master Plan 1-b. Development Areas	Not Working	√	√	√
3	1-Master Plan 1-c. Special Development Areas	Not Working	√	√	√

Department of Panchayati Raj																				
S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty	Goal 3: Good Health and Well being	Goal 4: Quality Education				Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth					Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities				Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production
					4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5	6.1	6.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.7	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.6	
1	Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan (NBA) (CSS)	Not working							√	√										
2	Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) / Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan (RGSA) (CSS)	√						√			√								√	

**Department of Panchayati Raj**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty	Goal 3: Good Health and Well being	Goal 4: Quality Education				Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth					Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities				Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production	
					4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5	6.1	6.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.7	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.6	12.7	
		Moradabad	1.4	3.3	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5	6.1	6.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.7	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.6	12.7	
3	Backward Region Grant Fund (BRGF) / (BRGF) (CSS)	Not working			√	√		√	√	√	√		√		√	√					
4	State Finance Commission (SFC) (SSS)	Not working																√			
5	Central Finance Commission (CFC) (CSS)	Not working																√			
6	Development Of Antyesti Sthals (Cremation Grounds) (SSS)	Not working							√	√											
7	Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin)	√		√						√		√						√			
8	Mukhya Mantri Panchayat Protsahan Puruskar Yojana	√																			
9	Panchayati Raj Prashikshan Sansthan Prit (PRIT)	√																			

**Department of Panchayati Raj**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty	Goal 3: Good Health and Well being	Goal 4: Quality Education				Goal 6: Clean Water and Sanitation		Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth					Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities				Goal 12: Responsible Consumption and Production
					4.1	4.2	4.4	4.5	6.1	6.2	8.3	8.4	8.5	8.6	8.7	11.1	11.2	11.3	11.6	12.7
10	Panchayat Sashaktikaran Puruskar (PSP)	√									√									
11	Gram Panchayat Vikaas Yojana (G.P.D.P.)	√								√				√						
12	Sanitary Napkin	√								√				√						
13	Panchayat Udyog	Not working					√	√									√	√	√	
14	Bahudesheeya Panchayat Bhavan	Not working																		
15	Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Panchayat Sashaktikaran Yojana	Not working	√																	
16	Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Samagra Gram Vikas Yojana	Not working							√	√										√

**Department of Women & Child Development**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty			Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being				Goal 4: Quality Education			Goal 5: Gender Equality					Goal 16: Peace and Justice	
			Moradabad	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	2.2	3.1	3.2	3.7	3.8	4.2	4.4	4.5	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.a	5.c
1	Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Pension Yojana (SSS)	√	√												√		√				
2	Pati ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Se Vivah Karne Per Dampatti Ko Puruskar (SSS)	√		√																	
3	Pati Ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Ki Putri Se Vivah hetu Anudaan Yojana (SSS)	√																			
4	Dahej Se Peedit Mahila Ko Aarthik Sahayta Yojana (SSS)	√													√	√					
6	Swadhaar Yojana (SSS)	Not working													√	√	√	√	√	√	
7	Step Yojana (SSS)	Not working												√	√						
8	Ujjwala Yojana (CSS)												√								
9	Beti Bachao Beti Padhao (CSS)	Not working																			
10	181 Mahila Help-line (CSS)	√													√	√	√				
11	Mahila Samaakhya Kaaryakram Mahila Sangh, Naari Adalat, Naari Shiksha, Sanjeevani Kendra, Mahila Swayam Sahayta Samooh (SSS)	Not working												√	√	√	√				
12	Rajkiya Mahila Sharnalaya (Varanasi, Agra, Meerut, Moradabad, Gorakhpur,	Not working													√	√	√		√	√	

**Department of Women & Child Development**

S.No	Schemes	Districts	Goal 1: No Poverty			Goal 2: Zero Hunger		Goal 3: Good Health and Well-Being				Goal 4: Quality Education			Goal 5: Gender Equality					Goal 16: Peace and Justice	
			Moradabad	1.1	1.3	1.5	2.1	2.2	3.1	3.2	3.7	3.8	4.2	4.4	4.5	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.5	5.a	5.c
	Allahabad, Kanpur nagar, Mathura, Etawa, Faizabad, Lucknow, Bareilly																				
13	35 Varsh Se Kam Ki Aayu Eim Pati Ki Mrityuparant Nirashrit Mahila Se Yunarvivah Karne Per Dampatti Ko Puruskar : (SSS)	Not working		√											√				√	√	
14	Rani Lakshmibai Mahila Evam Baal Samman Kosh Ki Sthapna -(SSS)														√	√			√	√	
15	Aapki Sakhi-Rani Lakshmibai Asha Jyoti Kendra (Agra, Bareilly, Allahabad, Meerut, Ghaziabad, Varanasi, Kanpur nagar, Kannauj, Lucknow, Gorakhpur, Ghazipur, Pilibhit, Jhansi, Muzzafarnagar, Mirzapur, Shahjahanpur, Banda (SSS)	Not working																		√	
16	Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)	√				√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√	√	√				√
17	Anganwadi Centres																				
18	Kamkaji Mahila Yojana																				
19	Child Helpline																				
20	Gharelu Hinsa se Mahilaon ka Sanrakshan																				

Department of Disability							
S.no	Schemes	District	Goal 2: Zero Hunger	Goal 3: Good Health	Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 10: Reduce Inequality	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities
		Moradabad	2.1	3.8	8.5	10.2	11.2
1.	Deen Dayal Rehabilitation Scheme (DDRS)	Not Working					
2.	District Disability Rehabilitation Centre (D.D.R.C)	√		√			
3.	U.D.I.D Scheme	√				√	
4.	S.I.P.D.A Scheme	√				√	
5.	Accessible India (Sugamya Bharat )	√				√	√
6.	Swavalamban Health Insurance Scheme	Not Working					
7.	A.D.I.P Scheme	Not Working				√	
8.	Nourishment Grant (Pension) Scheme for PWDs.	√	√				
9.	Disability (due to) Leprosy Nutrition Grant Scheme	√	√				
10.	Artificial Limbs/Assistive Equipment Scheme	√		√			
11.	Incentive on marrying PWDs Scheme	Not Working					
12.	Shop Construction/Shop-Operation Scheme	√			√		
13.	Corrective Surgery treatment grant for PWDs	√		√			

Department of Disability							
S.no	Schemes	District	Goal 2: Zero Hunger	Goal 3: Good Health	Goal 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	Goal 10: Reduce Inequality	Goal 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities
		<b>Moradabad</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>8.5</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>11.2</b>
14.	Free bus transportation for PWDs by Uttar Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation (UPSRTC)	√					√
15.	State Level Awards for Empowerment of Persons with Disabilities	√				√	
16.	Training of teachers for identifying children affected with Dyslexia, Attention Deficit and Hyper Activity Syndrome.	√					
17.	Aid to Voluntary Organizations for operation of Shelter-Houses Cum Training Centres for Shelter-less Mentally Retarded and Mentally Challenged Persons With Disabilities	Not Working					
18.	Aid to Voluntary Organizations/ Institutions	Not Working					
19.	Operation of Braille Press	Not Working					

Department of Minority Welfare							
S.no	Schemes	District	Goal 1 : No Poverty	Goal 4: Quality Education			Goal 10: Reduce Inequality
		Moradabad	1.3	4.3	4.4	4.5	10.2
1.	Multi-sectoral Development Programme(MsDP)- Online Monitoring System	√	√				√
2.	Central Govt. Pre matric/Post matric/merit-cum-means online scholarship NSP	√		√	√	√	
3.	Pre-matric Scheme for Minority Community	√		√			
4.	Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme & Fees Reimbursement Scheme for Minority Community	√			√	√	
5.	Daughter marriage Scheme for Minority Community						
6.	Coaching Scheme for Minority Community	Not working					

Department of Public Works			
S.no	Schemes	District	Goal 9 : Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure
		Moradabad	9.1
1.	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Kendriya Sadak Nidhi ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran		√

Department of Public Works			
S.no	Schemes	District	Goal 9 : Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure
		Moradabad	9.1
2.	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3054 ke Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran	√	√
3.	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 3034 ke Antargat Vishesh Marammat Sweekrit Kaaryon ka Vivaran	√	√
4.	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Nirvatran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran	√	√
5.	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag Mein Nivatran Antargat Navinikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran	√	√
6.	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag hetu Rajya Sadak Nidhi 5054 ke Antargat Chaudikaran Evam Sudhikaran ke Kaaryon ka Vivaran	√	√
7.	Lok Nirmaan Vibhaag Mein Nadi Setu Ke Chaloo Kaaryo/Sweekrit Kaaryo Par Aavantit Dhanrashi Ka Lok Sabhaavaar Vivaran	√	√

Department of Small Scale Industries & Export Promotion					
S. NO	Schemes	District	Goal 1 : No Poverty		Goal 9 : Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure
			1.1	1.3	9.3
1	Hastashilpiyo Ke Kaushal Vikas Ki Prashikshan Yojana	√			√
2	Niryaat Bazaar hetu Design Workshop	√			√
3	Hastashilpi Pehchaan Patra Yojana	Not Working			
4	Akhil Bhartiya Hastashilp Saptah Ka Manaya Jaana	√			
5	Alpasankhaya Samudaya Ke Dastakaaro Ko Sahayata Karne Tatha Hastakala Ke Unnnyan Se Sambandhit Aligarh Muslim Vishwa Vidyalaya Ko Pariyojana Antargat Sahayata Yojana	Not Working			
6	Pradesh Ke Vishisht Shilpakaaro Ke Liye Pension Yojana	√	√	√	
7	Rajiv Gandhi Shilpi Swastha Bima Yojana	Not Working			
8	Hastashilpi Credit Card Yojana	Not Working			
9	Hastashilp Kshetra Mein Utkrisht Yogdaan Ke Liye Hastashilpiyo Ko Rashtriya Puruskar Yojana	√			
10	Pradesh Ke Vishisht Hastashilpiyo Ko Rajya Puruskar Pradan Karne Ki Yojana	√			
11	Baba Saheb Dr. Bhim rao Ambedkar Laghu Udyog Pradeshik Puruskar Yojana	Not Working			

Department of Khadi and Village Industries				
Schemes	District	Goal 8 : Decent Work & Economic Growth		Goal 9 : Industry, Innovation & Infrastructure
		8.3	8.6	9.3
	<b>Moradabad</b>			
Khadi Development Scheme	Not Working			
Gramodayogi Yojna	Not Working			
Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna	√	√	√	√
PM Employment Generation Program Rural	√	√	√	√
Training Scheme	Not Working			

Annexure 11. Target wise Indicator

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes		
				Social Welfare	Rural Development	Women & Child Development
SDG 1: No Poverty	1.1: By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day	1.1.1: Proportion of population living below the national poverty line. 1.1.2 : Poverty Gap Ratio	%age of households covered under SHG  % age of HH with access to bank credit  %age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS  %age of AAY and Priority HH covered under TPDS	Old Age Pension  National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)  National Rural Livelihood Mission	Widow Pension (SSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes		
				Social Welfare	Rural Development	Agriculture and Horticulture
SDG 1: No Poverty	1.2 : By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	National Indicator not yet evolved		Old Age Pension (SSS)  National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)  National Rural Livelihood Mission	Assistance to Small and Marginal Farmers

S.no.	Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes					
					Social Welfare	Rural Developemnt	Agriculture and Horticulture	Fisheries	Labour	Women & Child Development
3	SDG 1: No Poverty	1.3 : Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1 : Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance 1.3.2 : Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated Child Development Scheme(ICDS) 1.3.3 : Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection	%age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS %age of SC/ST/women getting wage employment %age of farmers covered under PMFBY % age of population covered under the Yojana %age of old people getting pension	Scholarship Scheme (SSS) Old Age Pension (SSS) National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS) Financial Assistance for the Prevention of Atrocities (SSS) Operation of old age homes (SSS)	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)	Prime Minsters Crop Insurance Scheme Assistance to Small and Marginal Farmers	Fisherman Accidental Insurance (CSS)	Construction Worker Death and Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS) Pension Scheme (SSS) Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS) Disability Pension Scheme (SSS) Construction Worker Death and	Widow Pension

			benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS)	% age of widows getting pension  %age of disabled getting pension					Disability Assistance Scheme (SSS)	
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S.no.	Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
					Rural Development
4	SDG 1: No Poverty	1.4 : By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	1.4.1 : Proportion of population (Rural) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets) 1.4.2 : Proportion of population (Urban) living in households with access to Safe drinking water & Sanitation (Toilets) 1.4.3 : Proportion of population (Urban/Rural) living in households with access to electricity 1.4.4 : Proportion of homeless population to total population 1.4.5 : Proportion of population having bank accounts 1.4.6 : Number of mobile telephones as percentage of total population	%age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS  %age of SC/ST/women getting wage employment	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes			
				Labour	Rural Development	Food and Civil Supplies	Women and Child Development
SDG 2: Zero Hunger	2.1 : By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations , including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round	2.1.1 : Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight . 2.1.2 : Proportion of population (marginalized and vulnerable) with access to food grains at subsidized prices	%age of BPL HH covered under TPDS	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)  Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)	Mission Antodaya	National Food Security Mission (CSS)	ICDS (CSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes			
				Labour	Health & Family Welfare	Food and Civil Supplies	Women and Child Development
SDG 2: Zero Hunger	2.2 : By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	2.2.2: Percentage of children under age 5 years who are wasted  2.2.3: Percentage of women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal (BMI<18.5 kg/m2)  2.2.5 : Percentage of Children	%age of children aged 0-6 years given supplementary nutrition  %age of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition  %age of children aged 0-3 years given supplementary nutrition  Percentage of Children under age 5 years who are wasted	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)  Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)	School Health Program (SSS)  National Rural Health Mission (CSS) Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS)	National Food Security Mission (CSS)	ICDS (CSS)

		age 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0g/dl)	%age of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition				
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes			
				Agricultural & Horticulture	Animal Husbandry & Dairy Development	Cane Development	Fisheries
SDG 2: Zero Hunger	2.3 : By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through	2.3.1 : Agriculture productivity of Wheat and Rice (Yield per hectare) 2.3.2 Gross Value Added in Agriculture per worker 2.3.3 : Ratio of institutional credit to agriculture to the	%age increase in productivity of wheat, rice, pulses  %age of farmers availing crop loans	Grant on Certified Seeds (SSS)  Scheme for Promoting the use of hybrid seeds (SSS)  National Mission on oil seeds and oil palm  Agri Junction	Scheme for improvement of animal breeding facilities by artificial insemination and natural conception in cow / buffalo (DSS)  Prevention of infertility in animals / buffaloes (SSS)  Schemes operated under Veterinary	1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program  1.b-Primary nursery seed distribution Program  1.f-Ratoon Management Program  1.g-Use of Biofertilizer/Vermi Compost Program	Fisheries Development in Jalplavit Areas(SSS)  Increase of fisheries production in Ponds (sss)  Blue Revolution: Integrated Development and Management of Fisheries. Pond

	secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment	agriculture output. 2.3.3 : Ratio of institutional credit to agriculture to the agriculture output.		Agri Mechanisation  National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture  National Horticulture Mission  National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology (CSS)  National Ayush Mission  National Food Processing Mission(CSS)  Per drop more crop – Micro Irrigation	Services and Animal Health  Technical Investment schemes for milk producers to increase milk production (DSS) Agricultural Training Programmes (General /SSP) (DSS)  National Livestock Mission – Rural Backyard Poultry Development(CSS)  Scheme for establishment of one unit of commercial layer farm having 10,000 birds(SSS)  Scheme for establishment of one unit of commercial layer farm having 30,000 birds (SSS)		Redevelopment and Development of Pond (CSS)  Mobile Fish Parlour (SSS)
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					<p>Broiler poultry scheme under National Agriculture Development Scheme (CSS)</p> <p>Rural Backyard Poultry (JSS)</p> <p>Establishment, development, reinforcement and breeding facilities (DSS)</p> <p>Schemes from improvement of Veterinary Services and Animal Health</p>		
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes		
				Agricultural & Horticulture	Cane Development	Animal Husbandry & Dairy Development
SDG 2: Zero Hunger	2.4: By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality	2.4.1 : Proportion of degraded land to net sown area 2.4.2 : Percentage of farmers issued Soil Health Card 2.4.3 : Percentage of net area under organic farming		National Oil Seed and Oil Palm Mission (CSS)	1.a-Foundation nursery seed distribution Program,	Scheme for establishment of one unit of commercial layer farm having 10,000 birds(SSS)
				Per drop more crop – Micro Irrigation	1.f-Ratoon Management Program (	Broiler poultry scheme under National Agriculture Development Scheme (CSS)
						Establishment, development, reinforcement and breeding facilities (DSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Agricultural & Horticulture	Cane Development
SDG 2: Zero Hunger	2.5 : By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed	2.5.1: Number of accessions conserved in the base collection (-18 degree Celsius) at National Gene Bank  2.5.2: Conservation of germplasm (in number)  2.5.3: Conservation of fish genetic resource (in number)		Industrial development program for SC / ST farmers  National Agricultural Development Scheme  National Mission on Agriculture Extension and Technology	1.f-Ratoon Management Program

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes		
				Health & Family Welfare	Labour	Women & Child Development
SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being	3.1 : By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	<p>3.1.1 : Maternal Mortality Ratio</p> <p>3.1.2 : Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel(Period 5 years)</p> <p>3.1.3 : Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel(Period 1 year)</p> <p>3.1.4 : Percentage of women aged 15–49 years with a live birth, for last birth ,who received antenatal care, four times or more(Period 5 years/1 year)</p>	<p>%age of pregnant women with full antenatal care (with three ante natal care)</p> <p>%age of pregnant women who consumed (given) iron folic acid for 100 days or more,</p> <p>%age of pregnant and lactating mothers given supplementary nutrition</p> <p>%age of pregnant women vaccinated</p> <p>%age of village Panchayat covered by Anganwadi services</p> <p>%age of (safe deliveries) delivery attended by skilled health professional</p> <p>%age of pregnant women getting cash incentives under MSY (Rs. 5000)</p>	<p>National Rural Health Mission (CSS)</p> <p>Janani Suraksha Yojana (CSS)</p> <p>Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana(CSS)</p> <p>State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)</p>	<p>Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)</p>	<p>Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) &amp; ICDS (CSS)</p>

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	Women & Child Development
				Labour	
SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being	3.2: By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	3.2.1 : Under-five mortality rate 3.2.2 : Neonatal mortality rate 3.2.3 : Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine)	%age of children in grade 3 malnutrition  Under five mortality rate  Neo Natal mortality rate  %age of children fully immunized (9-11 months)  %age of children partially immunized	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)	ICDS (CSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Health & Family Welfare
SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being	3.3 : By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	3.3.1 : Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population 3.3.2 : Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000 population 3.3.3 : Malaria incidence per 1,000 population 3.3.4 : Viral Hepatitis (including A & B) incidence per 100,000 population 3.3.5 : Dengue: Case Fatality Ratio (CFR) 3.3.6 : Number of Chikungunya cases. 3.3.7 : Number of new cases of Kalaazar/ V Leishmaniasis	No. of HIV infections per 1000 uninfected population  No. of incidence and No. of notified cases	National AIDS Control Program (CSS)  UP AIDS (SSS)  RI Vaccination (SSS)

		3.3.8 : Number of new cases of Lymphatic Filariasis (LF) 3.3.9 : The proportion of grade-2 cases amongst new cases of Leprosy 3.3.10 : HIV Prevalence Rate		
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Health & Family Welfare
SDG 3: Good Health and Well Being	3.7 : By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes	3.7.1 : Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods 3.7.2 : Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant. 3.7.3 : Percentage of Institutional Births.(5 years/1 years).		National Rural Health Mission (CSS)  State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)  UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Health & Family Welfare	Labour
SDG 3: Good Health	3.8 : Achieve universal health coverage, including financial	3.8.1 : Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who	% of Out of Pocket Expenditure under insurance schemes  Total no. of registered practitioners	National Rural Health Mission (CSS)  UP Health System Strengthening Project (SSS)	Maternity Benefit Scheme (SSS)

and Well Being	risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all	use any modern family planning methods 3.8.2 : Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period	%age of women using modern method of planning		Medical Facility Scheme  Critical Illness Assistance Scheme (SSS)  Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes			
				Social Welfare	Labour	Secondary Education	Basic Education
SDG 4: Quality Education	4.1 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and	4.1.1 : Net Enrolment Ratio in primary and upper primary education 4.1.2 : Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education 4.1.3 : Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher secondary education 4.1.4 : Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at	NER in Primary (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority)  NER in upper primary (General/SC/ST/ Girls/Minority)  Proficiency in Math & language at class 5 and 8 (National Achievement Survey NCERT)	Scholarship Scheme (SSS)  Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS)	Girl Help Scheme (SSS)  Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)  Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)	Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan,  Model School  Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan

	effective learning outcomes	<p>least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the end of each of above grades</p> <p>4.1.5 : Gross intake ratio to the last grade (primary, upper primary and secondary)</p> <p>4.1.6 : Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reaches last grade or primary/upper primary/secondary levels</p> <p>4.1.7 : Out of school ratio (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary)</p> <p>4.1.8 : Number of years (i) free and (ii) compulsory education guaranteed in legal frameworks</p>	<p>%age of children (SC/ST/Minorities) covered by scholarships pre matric</p> <p>Density of primary schools per ten square km</p> <p>density of upper primary schools per ten square km</p> <p>Student Teacher Ratio</p> <p>%age of children in the primary and upper primary covered under MDM</p> <p>Drop out ratio at Upper-primary level (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)</p> <p>Drop out ratio at elementary level (Boys/girls/SCs/STs/Minorities)</p> <p>Average Annual Drop-out rate</p>				
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Women & Child Development	Labour
SDG 4: Quality Education	4.2 : By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education	4.2.1 : Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry 4.2.2 : Gross early childhood education enrolment ratio		ICDS	Child Benefit Scheme (SSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh state Indicators	Department Wise Schemes		
				Social Welfare	Labour	Secondary Education
SDG 4: Quality Education	4.3 : By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education,	4.3.1 : Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months 4.3.2 : Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education 4.3.3 : Gross enrolment		Scholarship Scheme (SSS)  Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS)	Girl Help Scheme (SSS)  Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)  Sant Ravidas Education Support	Model School

	including university	ratio for tertiary education			Scheme (SSS)	
					Residential School Plan (SSS)	Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes			
				Social Welfare	Labour	Training & Employment	Industry
SDG 4: Quality Education	4.4 : By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship	4.4.1 : Proportion of computer literate adults		Scheme for 10,000 Commercial Layers of Poultry (SSS)	Skill Development Technical Upgradation and Certification Scheme (SSS)	Inviting private sector employers to organize employment fairs in the office. (SSS)	PMEGP SCHEME Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme
				Scheme for 30,000 layers of poultry		Encourage unemployed candidates for self employment (SSS)	
				Agricultural training program		Increase employability and skills of the candidates of the weaker sections of the society. (SSS)	
				Broiler poultry scheme under National Agriculture Development Scheme (CSS)			
				Rural Backyard Poultry (JSS)			

				Strengthening of Dairy under the National Agriculture Development Plan			
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes				
				Social Welfare	Labour	Basic Education	Secondary Education	Panchayati Raj
SDG 4: Quality Education	4.5 : By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous	4.5.1: Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities  4.5.2 : Gender Parity indices for Primary/Secondary/Higher Secondary/Tertiary education.	%age of SC/ST/OBC/minorities students covered by scholarships pre and post matric  %age of schools which are disabled friendly	Scholarship Scheme (SSS)  Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS)	Meritorious Student Scheme (SSS)  Sant Ravidas Education Support Scheme (SSS)	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan	Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme	Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA) /

	peoples and children in vulnerable situations							
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Social Welfare	
SDG 4: Quality Education	4.6 : By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy	4.6.1 : Literacy rate of youth in the age group of 15-24 years.		Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS)	

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes		
				Social Welfare	Secondary Education	Basic Education
SDG 4: Quality Education	4.a : Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all	4.a.1 : Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) computers for pedagogical purposes; (c) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/ disabled friendly ramp and toilets; (d) basic drinking water; (e) single-sex		Scheme for Construction of hostels for SCs (CSS)	Rastriya Madhyamik Siksha Abhiyan, Model School Kasturba Girls Hostel Scheme	Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Women & Child Development
SDG 5: Gender Equality	5.1 : End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	5.1.1 : Rate of crimes against women per every 1,00,000 female population 5.1.2 : Proportion of women subjected to dowry related offences to total crime against women 5.1.3 : Sex Ratio at Birth 5.1.4 : Whether or not legal framework are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex.	Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years)  No. of gender based violence cases reported (Cases under-Dowry Prohibition Act Domestic Abuse Act Immoral Traffic Prevention Act Indian Penal Code)  Gender Wage Gap	Widow Pension (SSS)  Establishment of Rani Lakshmbai Women and Child Resource Fund- (SSS)  Financial aid scheme for women suffering from dowry

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Women & Child Development
SDG 5: Gender Equality	5.2 : Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	5.2.1 : Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported in the country during the calendar year 5.2.2 : Proportion of sexual crimes against women to total crime against women during the calendar year		Establishment of Rani Lakshmbai Women and Child Resource Fund- (SSS) Financial aid scheme for women suffering from dowry (SSS)  181 Women Helpline (CSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Social Welfare
SDG 5: Gender Equality	5.3 : Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	5.3.1 : Proportion of cases reported under the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (early marriage of children below 18 years of age) to total crime against children. 5.3.2 : Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 18		181 Women Helpline (CSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh state Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Social Welfare
SDG 5: Gender Equality	5.4 : Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	5.4.1 : Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work.		National Family Benefit Scheme (JSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Health & Family Welfare
SDG 5: Gender Equality	5.6 : Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences	5.6.1 : Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods 5.6.2 : Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years 5.6.3 : Proportion of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV / AIDS	%age of women using modern method of planning	State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA) (CSS+ESS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Rural Development
SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	6.1 : By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all	6.1.1 : Percentage of population having safe and adequate drinking water within their premises. 6.1.2 : Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source(Rural)	Prop. of rural habitations fully covered with drinking water supply	National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Panchayati Raj	
SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	6.2 : By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	6.2.1 : Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural) 6.2.2 : Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target 6.2.3 : Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls	%of workforce in manual scavenging  %age of households covered by IHHL (rural)	Swachh Bharat Mission  Gram Panchayat Development Programme (G.P.D.P)  Sanitary Napkin  Swachh Gram	

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Ground Water & Minor Irrigation	Rural Development
SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	6.4 : By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of	6.4.1 : Percentage ground water withdrawal against availability 6.4.2 : Per capita storage of water(m3/person) 6.4.3 : Per capita availability of water (m3/person)		Development of Ground Water Estimation and Strengthening of Groundwater Survey (SSS)  Aquaifer mapping and parameter test on groundwater sources (SSS)  Monitoring and Mapping of Quality of Groundwater Resources(SSS)	National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP)

	freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity			Ground water awareness and publicity(SSS) Nishluk Boring Scheme (SSS) Medium Deep Tubewell Scheme (SSS) Deep Tubewell Scheme (SSS) Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia Group Tubewell Scheme (SSS) Establishment of Regional Ground Water Hub (SSS)	
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Ground Water & Minor Irrigation
SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	6.6 : By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes	6.6.1 : Area under over-exploited blocks 6.6.2 : Percentage sewage load treated in major rivers 6.6.3 : Biological assessment information of surface water bodies.		Check dam construction plans for rainwater harvesting / use and ground water recharge (SSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Drinking Water & Sanitation
SDG 6: Clean Water and Sanitation	6.b : Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management	6.b.1 : Proportion of villages with village water and sanitation committee		Swachh Bharat Mission

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Labour	Energy and Additional Energy
SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy	7.1 : By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	7.1.1 : Percentage of households electrified 7.1.2 : Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	% of HH electrified  Total LED distributed  No. of villages electrified	Solar energy assistance scheme (SSS)	Solar Energy Program  Energy Conservation Program  Village Electrification Program  Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Labour	Energy and Additional Energy
SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy	7.2 : By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the	7.2.1 : Renewable energy share in the total final energy mix	Renewable energy-share in the total final energy mix  Circuit km of transmission line constructed	Solar energy assistance scheme (SSS)	Solar Energy Program Energy Conservation Program  Village Electrification Program

	global energy mix				Power (2015) Electrification of the remaining 20,000 Villages including off grid solar power by 2020
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Industry	
SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.2 : Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors	8.2.1 : Annual growth rate of GDP per employed person 8.2.2 : Total number of patents issued 8.2.3 : Annual growth in manufacturing sector 8.2.4 : Annual growth in agriculture sector	Annual growth in manufacturing sector	Industrial Investment Promotion Scheme (SSS)	Technology Upgradation Scheme for Uttar Pradesh Small & Medium Scale Industries

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes		
				Industry	Rural Development	Panchayati Raj
SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.3 : Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and	8.3.1 : Proportion of unorganized employment in non-agricultural sectors 8.3.2 : Coverage under ESI and EPS 8.3.3 : Coverage of NPS 8.3.4 : No. of MSME units registered under the online Udyog Aadhaar registration. 8.3.5 : Number of start-ups recognized under Start-up India	%age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGA  %age employment in MSME; No. of Labour Identification nos. allotted	PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]  One District-One Product (SSS)	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)	Rajeev Gandhi Panchayat Sashktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA)

	growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	8.3.6 : Total number of patents issued. 8.3.7 : Growth of Registered Micro, Small and Medium Size Enterprises 8.3.8 : Total loans outstanding to micro, small and medium enterprises 8.3.9 : Outstanding Credit to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises				
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Industry
SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.5 : By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	8.5.1 : Unemployment rate	No. of Employment generated  No. of employers (including MSME) given incentive for promoting employment under this scheme  No. of MSME unit set up	Industry Infrastructure Development Promotion Scheme (SSS)(Workshop)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes				
				Industry	Rural Development	Khaadi & Village	Panchayati Raj	Training & Employment
SDG 8: Decent Work and Economic Growth	8.6 : By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	8.6.1 : Unemployment Rate (15-24 years) 8.6.2 : Proportion of youth (15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET)	No. of employment generated  No. of people skilled under the programme  %age of HH getting wage employment under MGNREGS	PMEGP SCHEME (Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme) [CSS]	Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (CSS)	Chief Minister Gramodayvar Yojna  PM Employment Generation Program Rural	Sanitary Napkin  Gram Panchayat Vikas Yojana (G.P.D.P.)	Berojagaar Abhyarthiyon ko Rojgar hetu Panjiyan tatha Unhe Saarvajanik Evam Niji Kshetra Mein Vaitanik Rojagaar ke Avasar Upalabdh Karaane hetu Adhisoochit Riktiyon ki Poorti hetu Sampreshit Karna (SSS)  Svata: Rojgaar Apnane hetu Berojgaar Abhyarthiyo Ko Protsahit Karna  Samaj Ke Nirbal Varg Ke Abhiyarthiyo Ki Rojgaarparakta Tatha Kaushal mein Vriddhi Karna  Nijee Kshetra Ke Niyojakon Ko Aamantrit

									Kar Kaaryalaya Mein Rojagaar Melon Ka Aayojan Karana (SSS)
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Rural Development	Cane Development
SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	9.1 : Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all	9.1.1 : Proportion of the rural population who live within 2 km of an all-season road 9.1.2 : Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport 9.1.3 : Gross Capital Formation by industry of use.	Km. Constructed  No. of villages connected by all- weather roads	Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS)	Inter Village Road Development

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Industry
SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	9.3 : Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets	9.3.1 : Share of Household sector in total industry value added 9.3.2 : Percentage/ Proportion of Credit Flow to MSMEs (as a Percentage of Total Adjusted Net Bank Credit)		Industry Infrastructure Development Promotion Scheme (SSS)(Workshop)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Industry
SDG 9: Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	9.4 : By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities	9.4.1 : CO2 equivalent emission per unit of value added 9.4.2 : Energy use intensity of manufacturing value added.		Industry Infrastructure Development Promotion Scheme (SSS)(Workshop)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Industry
SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities	10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	10.1.1 : Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population	Household Income, Household Expenditure(NSSO)	Mahatama Gandhi National Rural Employment Gaurantee Scheme (CSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Labour
SDG 10: Reduced Inequalities	10.2 : By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	10.2.1 : Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median household expenditure 10.2.2 : Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government 10.2.3 : Proportion of persons from vulnerable groups in elected bodies.		Pension Scheme (SSS)  Disability Pension Scheme (SSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes				
				Fisheries	Rural Development	Labour	MDA	Social Welfare
SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.1 : By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate,	11.1.1 : Percentage of Slums/Economically Weaker Sections (EWS) households covered through formal/affordable	% age HH covered in urban areas  %age of slum areas covered	Fishermen Housing Scheme (CSS)	Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana [Gramin] (CSS)	Construction Workers Housing Assistance Scheme	State Urban Housing & Habitat Policy (2013) (SSS)	Maintenance of urban shantis

	safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums	housing. 11.1.2 : Percentage of Slum Area Covered with basic Services 11.1.3 : Proportion of Urban Population Living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing						Naya Moradabad- (1-16+ Other)	
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Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Rural Development
SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.2 : By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons	11.2.1 : Proportion of cities with efficient urban mobility and public transport		Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (CSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Panchayati Raaj
SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.3 : By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries	11.3.1 : Proportion of cities with integrated development plans. 11.3.2 : Share of Mixed Land Use Area in overall city land use 11.3.3 : Net Density		Rajiv Gandhi Panchayat Sashaktikaran Abhiyan (RGPSA)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Rural Development
SDG 11: Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.7 : By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities	11.7.1 : Per Capita Availability of Green Spaces		Pradhan Mantri Adarsh Gram Yojana (PMAGY)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Forest
SDG 15: Life on Land	15.2 : By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally	15.2.1 : Percentage change in Forest Area coverage 15.2.2 : Total area covered under different afforestation schemes 15.2.3 : Total tree cover achieved outside forest area 15.2.4 : Number of Nagarvans and School Nurseries created.	Total area covered under afforestation  Total tree cover achieved outside forest area	Social Forestry (SSS)  Social forestry in urban areas (SSS)  Green belt development scheme (SSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes	
				Agriculture & Horticulture	Cane Development
SDG 15: Life on Land	15.3 : By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world	15.3.1 : Percentage of degraded area restored. 15.3.2 : Increasing Tree / forest cover in degraded area 15.3.3 : Percentage increase in net sown area	Increasing Tree / forest cover in degraded area  No. of soil health card tested	Strengthening Soil Health	Seed/Soil treatment Program

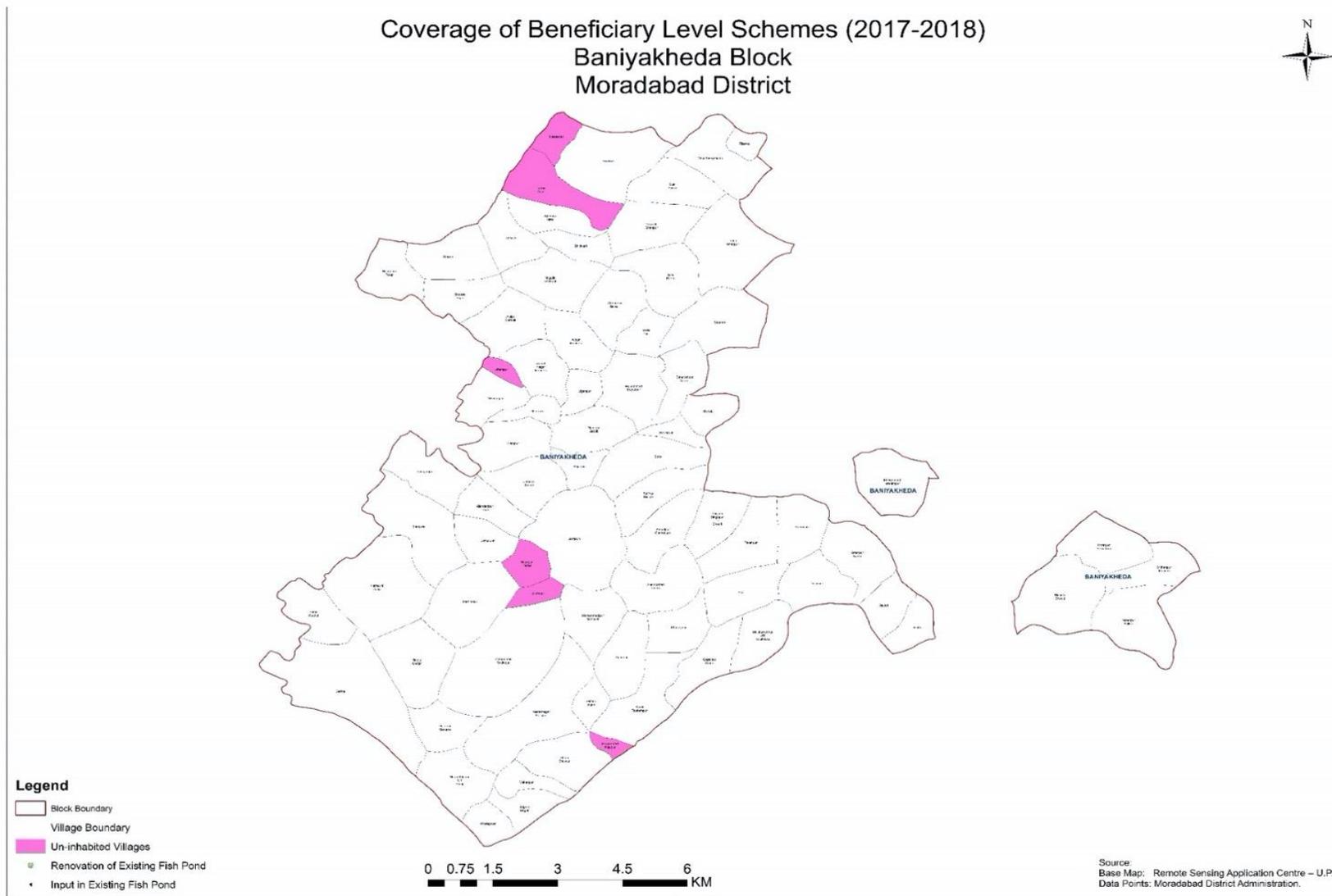
Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Forest
SDG 15: Life on Land	15.8 : By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species	15.8.1 : Percentage change in prevention and control of invasive alien species		1. Social Forestry (SSS)  Social forestry in urban areas (SSS)  Green belt development scheme (SSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Women & Child Development
SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	16.2 : End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children	16.2.1 : Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation 16.2.2 : Proportion of Crime Committed against Children during the year(Per lakh children) 16.2.3 : Number of Missing Children		Integrated Child Protection Scheme (ICPS) & ICDS (CSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Health & Family Welfare
SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	16.9 : By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	16.9.1 :Percentage of births registered 16.9.2 : Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar		Birth & Death Control Program (SSS)

Goals	Target	National Indicators	Uttar Pradesh State Indicators	Department Wise Schemes
				Social Welfare
SDG 16: Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	16.b : Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development	National Indicator not yet evolved		Financial Assistance for the Prevention of Atrocities (SSS)

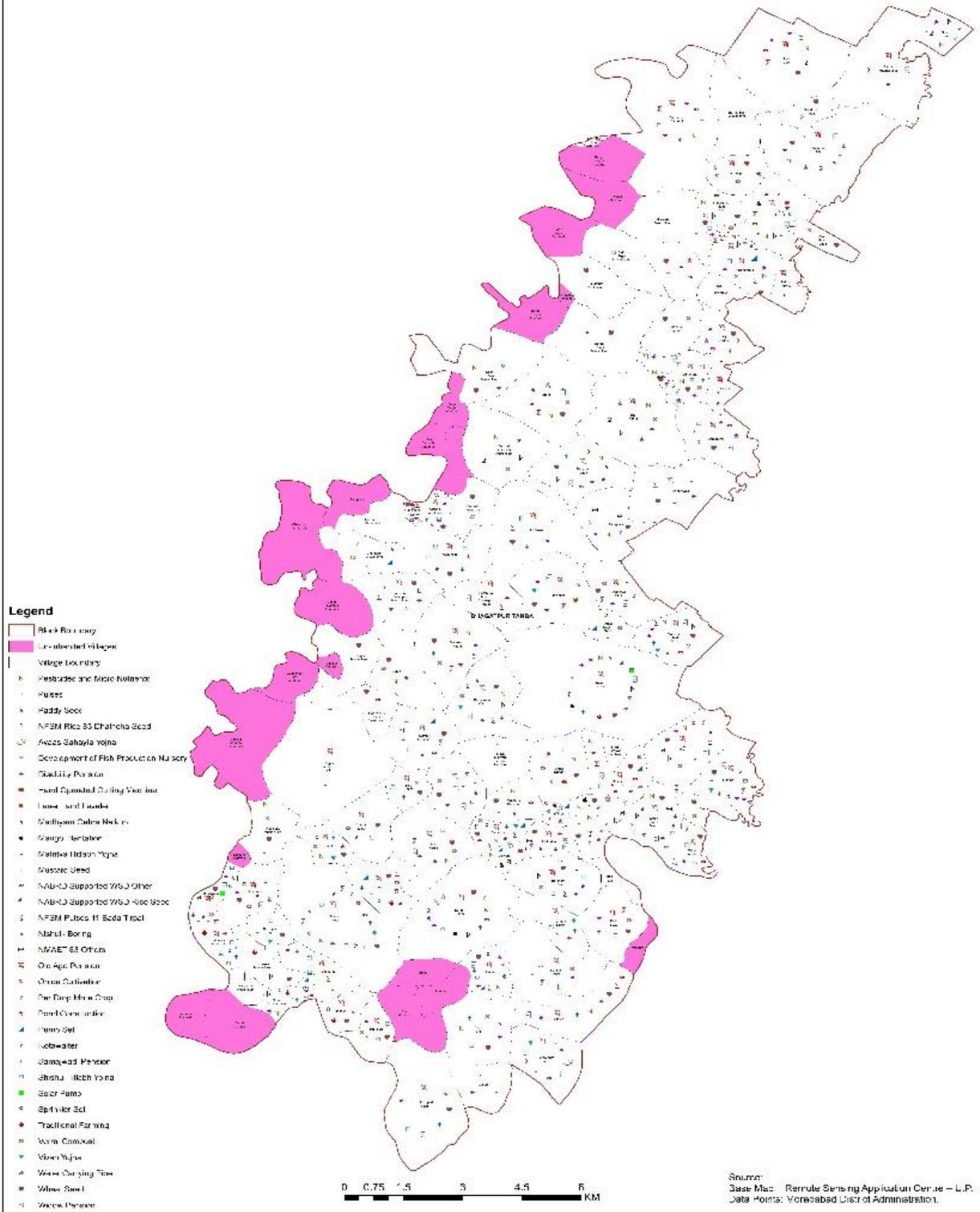
Annexure 11- Block maps of beneficiary scheme coverage



# Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018)

## Bhagatpur Tanda Block

### Moradabad District

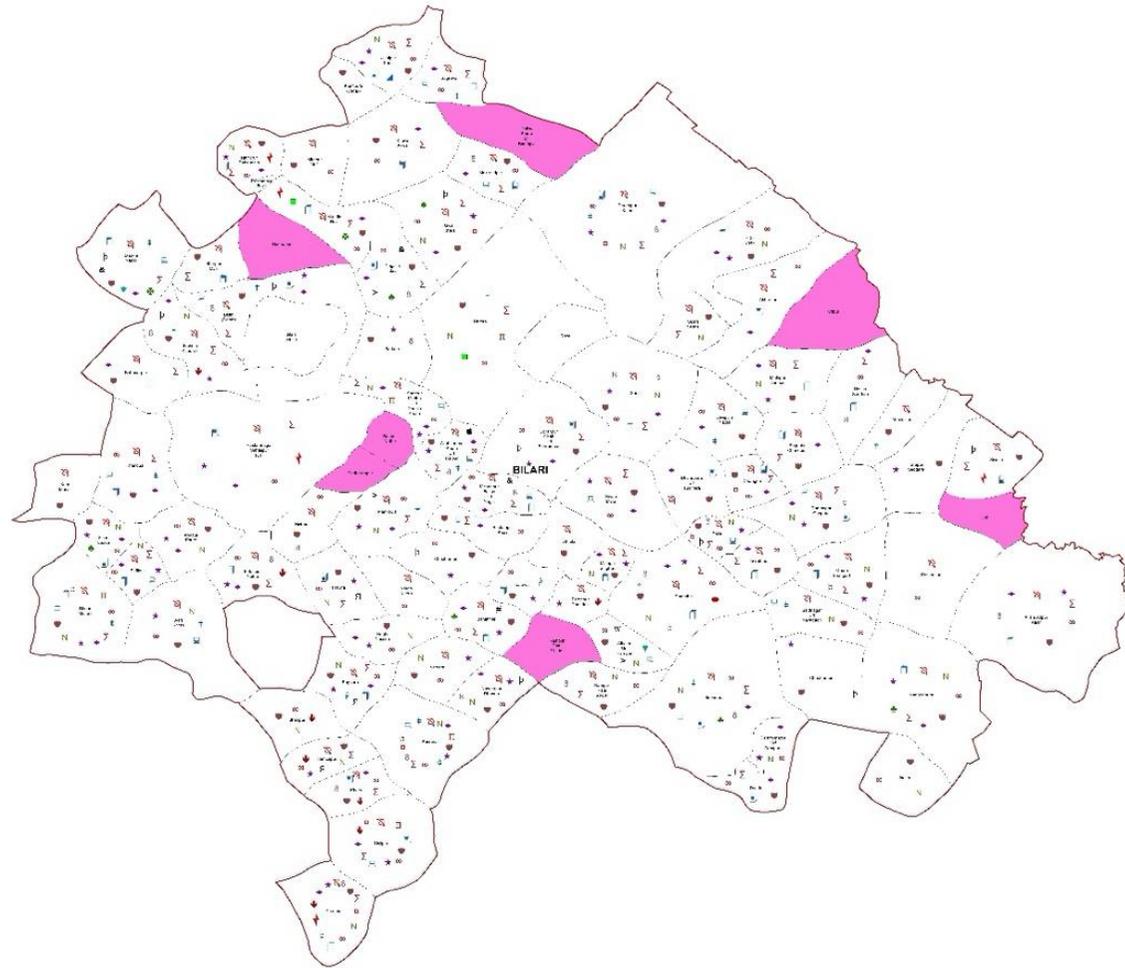


Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018)  
 Bilari Block  
 Moradabad District



**Legend**

- Block Boundary
- Un-inhabited Villages
- Village Boundary
- Widow Pension
- Disability Pension
- Farm Machinery Bank
- Fisherman Accidental Insurance
- Garlic Cultivation
- Guava Plantation
- Mango Plantation
- Mariva Hiltabh Yojna
- Madhavi Chitra Virti Yojna
- Mustard Seed
- NABRD Supported WSD Other
- Pesticides, Micro Nutrients and Aird Weed
- NMAET 83 Hand Operated Fodder Cut Machine
- NMAET 83 SAME
- Old Age Pension
- Onion Cultivation
- Paddy Seed
- Per Drop More Crop
- Pulses
- Puma Set
- Rotawater
- Samajwadi Pension
- Shishu Hiltabh Yojna
- Solar Pump
- Sprinkler Set
- Traditional Farming
- Vermi Compost
- Vivah Yojna
- Water Carrying Pipe
- Wheat Seed
- Banana Cultivation



Source:  
 Base Map: Remote Sensing Application Centre – U.P.  
 Data Points: Moradabad District Administration.

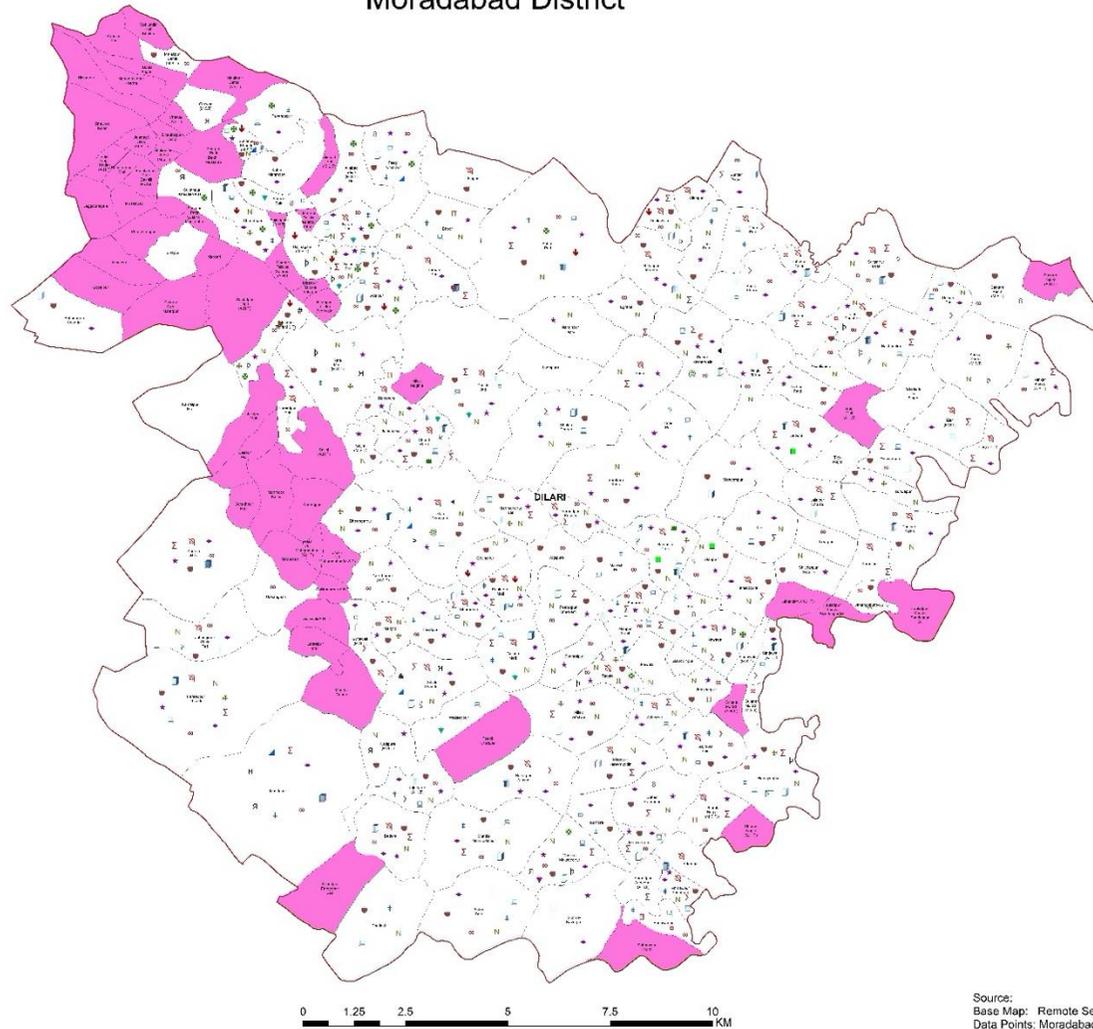
# Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018)

## Dilari Block Moradabad District



### Legend

- Block Boundary
- Un-inhabited Villages
- Village Boundary
- + Disability Pension
- @ Farm Machinery Bank
- @ Garlic Cultivation
- > Guava Plantation
- H Harrow
- + Input in Existing Pond
- + Laser Land Leveler
- v Marigold Cultivation
- + Mahila Hitlabh Yojna
- @ Medhavi Chakra Vrtti Yojna
- o Mustard Seed
- E NFSM Rice 11 Bada Tripal
- + NFSM Rice 11 Line Sowing
- H NMAET 83 SMAE Other
- N Pesticides & Micro Nutrients
- @ Old Age Pension
- o Onion Cultivation
- + Paddy Seed
- C Pond Construction
- + Power Sprayer
- @ Per Drop More Crop
- h Pulses
- + Pump Set
- + Reaper Cum Binder
- + Reaper Self Propelled
- + Reaper
- @ Renovation Existing Pond
- + Rotawalker
- E Samaywadi Panson
- @ Shikhu Hitlabh Yojna
- + Solar Pump
- H Sprinkler Set
- + Traditional Farming
- o Vermi Compost
- + Vivah Yojana
- + Water Carrying Pipe
- + Wheat Seed
- + Widow Pension



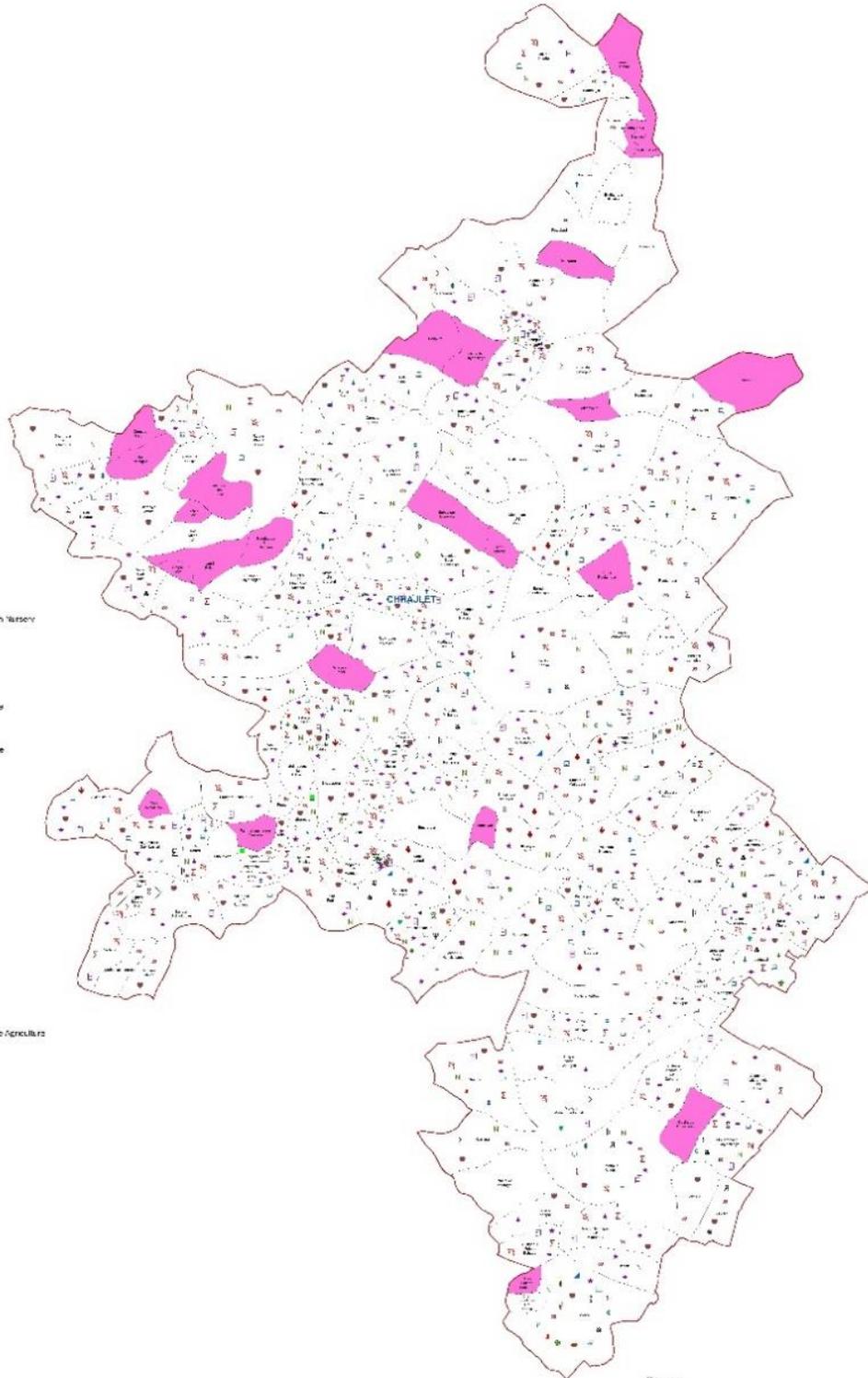
Source:  
Base Map: Remote Sensing Application Centre – U.P.  
Data Points: Moradabad District Administration.

# Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018) Chhajlet Block Moradabad District



## Legend

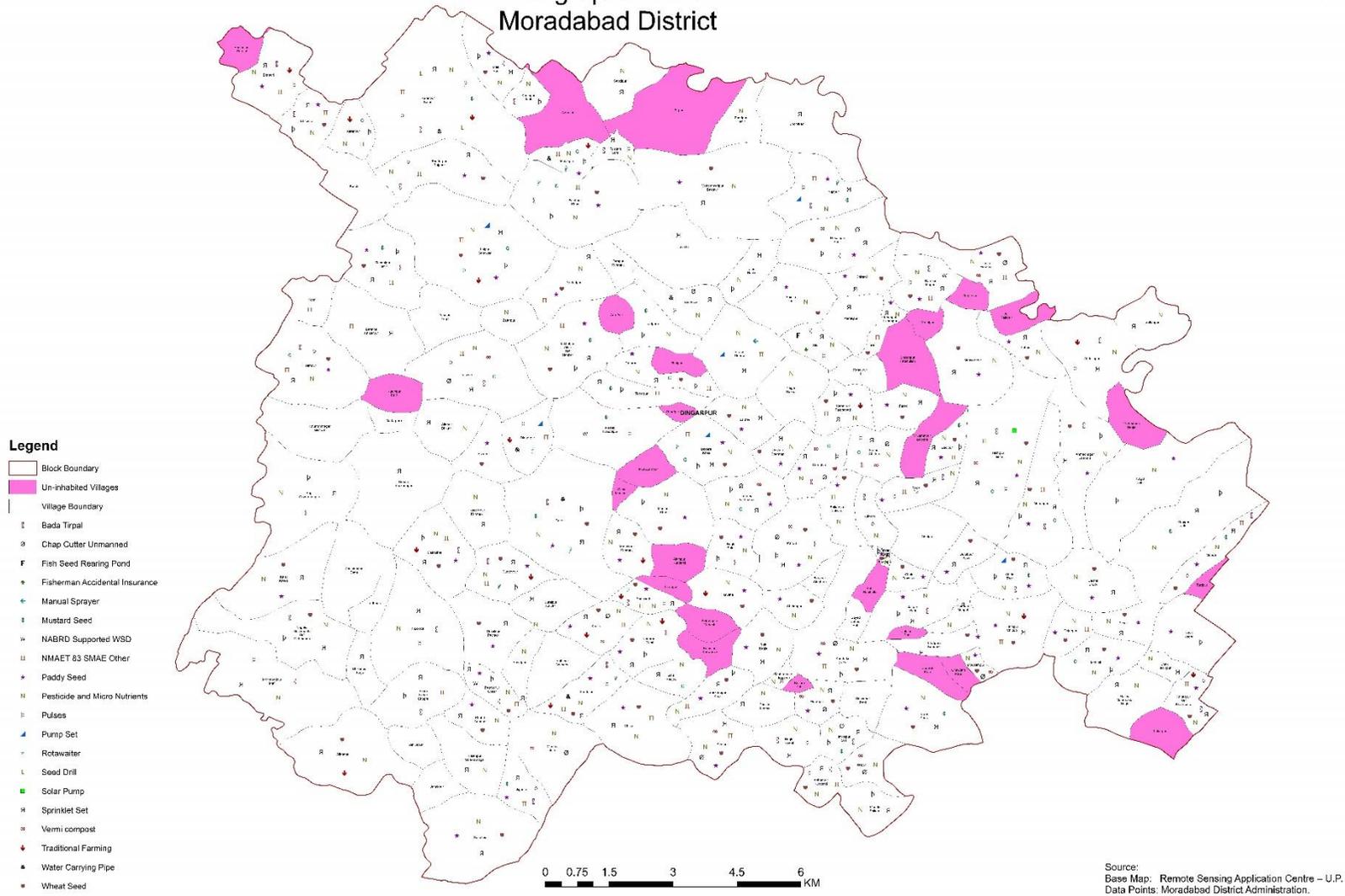
- Block Boundary
- Unimproved Village
- Village Boundary
- Field Type
- Deepening
- Development of Hort Production Nursery
- Jhum Seeder
- Muzak Seed
- Farm Machinery Reviv
- Fertiliser/Agrochemical Insurance
- Glauca Plantation
- Joint Operated Culting Machine
- Joint in existing Post Pond
- Laser Land Leveller
- Mango Plantation
- Mahila Panchayat
- Medical Check Visit Yojna
- NISAR (New 11 Jhum Seeder)
- Green Cultivator
- Paddy Seed
- New Drop-Mix Crop
- Nucleus and Micro Nucleus
- Pond Constructors
- Power Sprayer
- National Mission on Sustainable Agriculture
- Pests
- Puro Kati
- Renovation of Felling Pond
- Tobaccoer
- Ghata / Hathi Yojna
- Solar Pump
- Sprinkler Set
- Tractor
- Traditional Farming
- Vertical Cow shed
- Visit Yojna
- Water Conveyance Pipe
- Wheat Seed
- Village Panchayat
- Old Age Pension
- Disability Pension
- Sanitation Pension



0 1 2 4 6 8 KM

Source:  
Base Map: Remote Sensing Application Centre – U.P.  
Data Points: Moradabad District Administration.

## Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018) Dingarpur Block Moradabad District



# Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018)

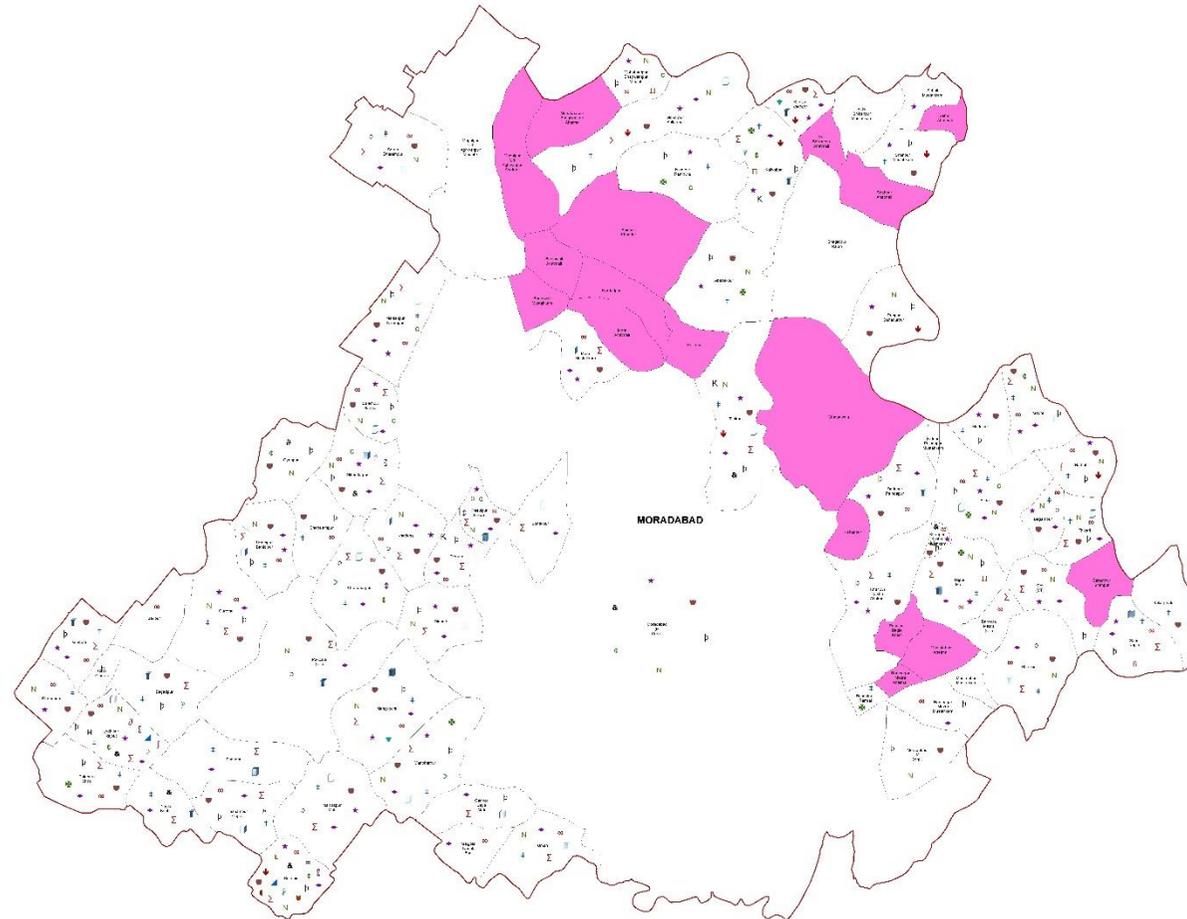
## Moradabad Block

### Moradabad District



#### Legend

- Block Boundary
- Un-inhabited Villages
- Village Boundary
- > National Ayush Mission Medicinal Plants
- ⊠ Bada Tirpal
- ⊠ Disability Pension
- ⊠ Drum Soodor
- ⊠ Farm Machinery Bank
- H Harrow
- ⊠ Industrial Development for ST/SC Farmer
- ⊠ Water Carrying Pipe
- ⊠ Laser Land Leveller
- ⊠ Madhyam Gekra Naikup
- ⊠ Matriva Hitabh Yojna
- ⊠ Medhavi Chatraviri Yojna
- ⊠ Mustard Seed
- ⊠ Dhaincha Seed
- K Nahuk Boring
- ⊠ NVAET SNANSB SVAE Ors
- ⊠ Paddy
- ⊠ Paddy Multicrop Thresher
- N Pesticide and Micro Nutrients
- ⊠ Per Drop More Crop
- ⊠ Power Sprayer
- b Pulses
- ⊠ Pump Set
- ⊠ Rotawalter
- ⊠ Samajwadi pension
- ⊠ Seed Drill
- ⊠ Thresher
- ⊠ Traditional Farming
- ⊠ Vermi Compost
- ⊠ Vivah Yojna
- ⊠ Wheat Seed
- ⊠ Widow Pension



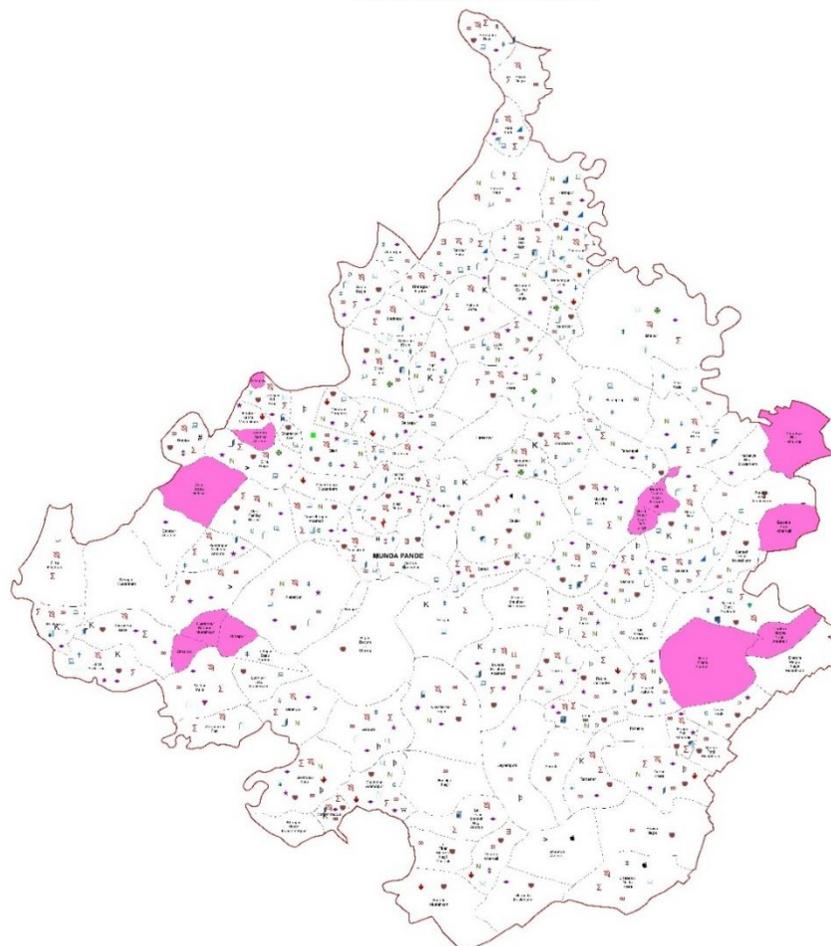
Source:  
Base Map: Remote Sensing Application Centre – U.P.  
Data Points: Moradabad District Administration.

# Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018) Mundapandey Block Moradabad District



## Legend

- Block Boundary
- Un-inhabited Villages
- Village Boundary
- W Widow Pension
- W Wheat Seed
- V Vivah Yojna
- V Vermi Compost
- T Traditional Farming
- M National Ayush Mission Medicinal Plants
- S Solar Pump
- S Shahu Hitabh Yojna
- S Seed Drill
- S Samajee Pension
- R Rotawater
- R Renovation of Existing Fish Pond
- R Renovation Input
- P Pump Set
- P Poles
- P Power Sprayer
- P Pesticides and Micro Nutrients
- P Per Drop More Crop
- P Paddy Seed
- O Onion Cultivation
- O Old Age Pension
- O NMAET 83 SMAE Other
- N Nishuk Boring
- N NABARD WSD Other
- M Mustard Seed
- M Mangold Cultivation
- M Medhavi Chitra Virsi Yojna
- M Mathira Hitabh Yojna
- M Mango Plantation
- M Madhyam Gaha Nakup
- L Lesser Land Leveler
- I Input in Existing Fish Pond
- I Industrial Development for ST/SC Farmer
- H Harrow
- Q Quavea Plantation
- C Garlic Cultivation
- F Farm Machinery Bank
- D Disability Pension
- B Banana Cultivation
- B BadaTirpal



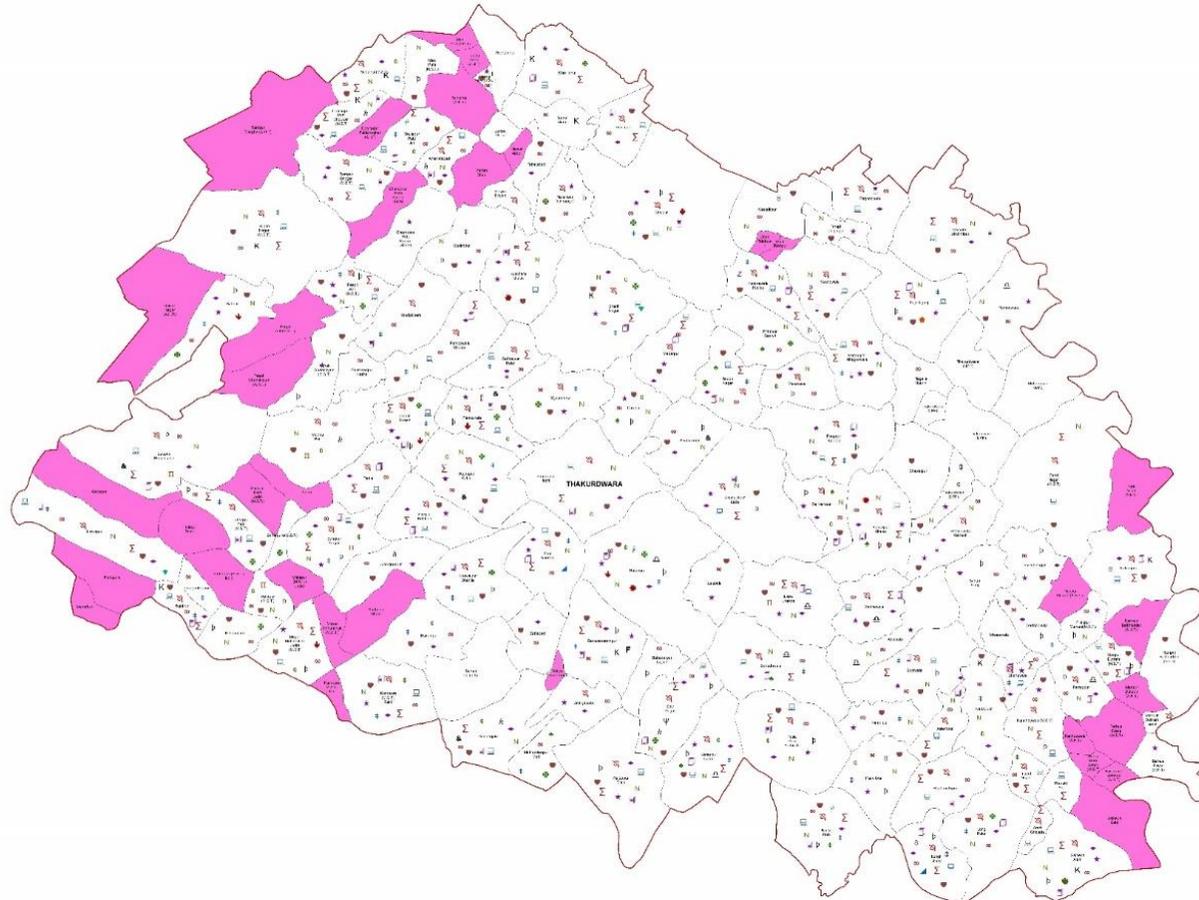
Source:  
Base Map: Remote Sensing Application Centre – U.P.  
Data Points: Moradabad District Administration.

## Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018) Thakurdwara Block Moradabad District



### Legend

- Block Boundary
- Un-inhabited Villages
- Village Boundary
- Blue Revolution
- Development of Fish Nursery
- Disability Pension
- Fish Seed Production & Distribution
- Fish Seed Rearing Pond
- Fisherman Accidental Insurance
- Gehra Nakup
- Industrial Development for SC/ST Farmers
- Laser Land Leveller
- Madhyam Gehra Nakup
- Matriva Hilsah Yojna
- Medhavi Chatra Vitti Yojna
- Mobile Fish Parlour
- Widow Pension
- Mustard Seed
- Nishulk Boring
- Wheat Seed
- NMAET 83 SMAE Other
- Water Caring Pipe
- Vivah Yojna
- NSFM Rice 83 Bada Tirpal
- Old Age Pension
- Paddy Seed
- Per Drop More Crop
- Pesticides and Micro Nutrients
- Pond Construction
- Ponds & Checkdam
- Pulses
- Pump Set
- RML Nakup
- Rotawater
- Samajwadi Pension
- Shishu Hilsah Yojna
- Traditional Farming
- Vermi Compost



Source:  
Base Map: Remote Sensing Application Centre – U.P.  
Data Points: Moradabad District Administration.

# Coverage of Beneficiary Level Schemes (2017-2018)

## Moradabad District

