

# Goal 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries



The SDG 10 aims to reduce inequality which persists in income as well as that based on age, sex, disability, religion or economic or other status within a country as well as among countries. This Goal has 10 targets to reduce the inequality mainly by regulating and monitoring the financial markets and institutions, encouraging development assistance and foreign direct investment to regions where required. A total of 8 indicators have been identified at national level to measure and monitor the progress of these targets and all the 8 indicators have data.

Number of indicators in NIF (Original)	Number of indicators in NIF (Revised)	Values available at National level	State value is available
7	8	8	3

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR	VALUE OF THE INDICATOR				
		India		Uttar Pradesh		
Target 10.1: By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average						
1	10.1.1: Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population, 2011-12 (in percentage) <i>Source: National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	a) 13.61 (rural) b) 13.35 (urban)		a) 6.37 (Rural) b) 8.12 (Urban)		
2	10.1.2: Gini Coefficient of household expenditure, 2011-12 (in ratio) <i>Source: National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	a) 0.283 (rural) b) 0.363 (urban)		a) 0.247 (Rural) b) 0.312 (Urban)		
Target 10.2: By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status						
1	10.2.1: Percentage of people living below 50 per cent of median per capita household expenditure, 2011-12 <i>Source: National Sample Survey, NSO, Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation / Periodicity: 5 Years</i>	a) 4.28 (rural) b) 10.89 (urban)		a) 0.64 b) 8.99		
2	10.2.2: Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government, (in percentage) (similar to Indicators 5.5.1 and 16.7.1) <i>Source: (1) Election Commission of India (2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj / Periodicity: 5 year</i>	Year	2014	2019	2014	2019
		Lok Sabha	11.42	14.36		
		Rajya Sabha	12.80	10.46		
		PRIs	46.14	44.37		
3	10.2.3: Proportion of SC/ST persons in Elected bodies, (in percentage in Lok Sabha) (similar to 16.7.2)	Year	2014	2019	2014	2019
		SCs	15.50	15.50		
		STs	8.70	8.67		

SL	NATIONAL INDICATOR		VALUE OF THE INDICATOR			
			India		Uttar Pradesh	
	Source: Election Commission of India / Periodicity: 5 year					
Target 10.3: Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard						
	National Indicator is under development					
Target 10.4: Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality						
1	10.4.1: Percentage of budget allocated to North Eastern States Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value			
		2015-16	1.64			
		2016-17	1.47			
		2017-18	1.71			
		2018-19	1.64			
		2019-20	1.71			
2	10.4.2: Percentage of budget allocated for welfare of SCs and STs Source: Ministry of Finance / Periodicity: Annual	Year	Value			
		2015-16	2.47			
		2016-17	2.43			
		2017-18	2.96			
Target 10.5: Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations						
	National Indicator is under development					
Target 10.6: Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions						
	National Indicator is under development					
Target 10.7: Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies						
	National Indicator is under development					
Target 10.a: Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements						
	National Indicator is under development					
Target 10.b: Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to states where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes						
	National Indicator is under development					
Target 10.c: By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent						
1	10.c.1: Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted, (in percentage), 2015-16, (cost of Sending/Receiving US\$ 200 in Public Sector Banks) Source: RBI / Periodicity: Annual	Bank Type /Mode	Sending	Receiving	Sending	Receiving
		Direct Transfer to Bank Account/ Electronic Wire	0-6.7	0-1.5		
		SWIFT	0-21.3	0.5-4.4		